B.S.A.
Prices GREATLY
REDUCED
Wellington Cycle & Motor
Co. Hornby Rd., Fort, B'bay.

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

VOL XIII NO. 263— BOMBAY SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1925 ONE ANNA

B.S.A.
PRICES
Greatly Reduced
Wellington Cycle & Motor Co.
Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

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New Charney Road.

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1. Rangoon, Bombay, Karachi, via Malabar.
2. Rangoon, Madras, Colombo.
3. Calcutta and Karachi via Coast Ports
4. Rangoon, Calcutta, according in demand.

For freights and other particulars apply to:—

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Agents.
Ballard Estate, BOMBAY.

BANKING.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LIMITED.

(REGISTERED IN LONDON.)
(ESTABLISHED 1880.)

	Yen.
Subscribed Capital	100,000,000
Paid-up Capital	100,000,000
Reserved Fund	83,500,000

HEAD OFFICE—YOKOHAMA.
BRANCHES:

Batavia
Bombay
Buenos Aires
Calcutta
Canton
Changchun
Darien
Fengtien
Hamburg
Hankow
Harbin
Hongkong
Honolulu
Kai Yuan
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London
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Manila
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San Francisco
Samarang
Shanghai
Singapore
Shimonosaki
Sourabaya
Sydney
Tientsin
Tokyo
Tsinan
Tsingtau.
Vladivostock

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and interest is allowed at the rate of two per cent. per annum on daily balances of not less than Rs. 1,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

I. WASHIO,
Manager,
Hornby Road, Bombay.

Post Box No. 187.

THE UNION BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AND REDUCED.

Subscribed Capital ...	Rs. 1,19,70,000
Paid-up Capital ...	Rs. 59,85,000

CURRENT ACCOUNTS.—Interest allowed at 3 per cent. per annum from January to June, 2½ per cent. per annum from July to December.

FIXED AND SHORT DEPOSITS received. Rates to be ascertained on application.

SAVING BANK.

Interest allowed at 4½ per cent. Withdrawals twice a week.

Every description of Banking Business transacted.

Managing Agents,

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA LIMITED,

BANKING.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA,

BOMBAY LOCAL HEAD OFFICE.
APOLLO STREET,

BRANCHES:
Byculla—Opposite Parsi Statue.
Mandvi—Abdul Rehman Street.
Sandhurst Road—Junction of Sandhurst and Charni Roads.

SAVINGS BANK.

DEPOSITS—Sums not exceeding Rs. 5,000, in the aggregate may be deposited in any one year from 1st January to 31st December. Accounts may be opened in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them, or to the survivor or survivors.

WITHDRAWALS may be made at any time but not oftener than once in a week. Deposits and withdrawals may be made by post by depositors not residing in the town where the account is kept. Accounts may be transferred to any other Office of the Bank free of charge.

SPECIAL DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

When the balance of an account reaches Rs. 10,000, the depositor may transfer the whole or any portion in multiples of Rs. 2,000 to a Special Savings Bank Deposit Account subject to three months' notice of withdrawal.

INTEREST is allowed at the rate of four per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balances not exceeding Rs. 10,000 of ordinary Savings Bank accounts and at the rate of four per cent. per annum on the daily balances of the Special Savings Bank Deposit Accounts.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application at the Bank.

J. G. RIDLAND,
Offg. Secretary & Treasurer.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1895.

	Rs.
Capital Authorised	1,00,00,000
Capital Issued	50,00,000
Capital Subscribed	50,00,000
Capital Paid upto 30-6-25	30,80,306
Reserve Fund	25,60,000

HEAD OFFICE: LAHORE.

Aborar
Allahabad
Amritsar
Amballa City
Amballa Cant.
Bombay
Cawnpore
Calcutta
Delhi
D. I. Khan
Ferozepore
Gujranwalla
Gojra
Hafizabad
Hoshiarpur
Hyderabad (Sind)
Jullundur
Jammu
Jhelum City
Karachi
Kasur
Lahore City
Jhang Maghiana.
Lyallpur
Ludhiana
Meerut City
Multan City
Montgomery
Okara (Dist. Montgomery)
Peshawar City
Peshawar Cant
Patiala
Quetta
Rawalpindi
Sargodha
Sialkot
Simla
Srinagar

London Agents:
THE MIDLAND BANK, LTD.
AMERICAN AGENTS:—
THE AMERICAN EXCHANGE PACIFIC NATIONAL BANK, LD.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at 3 per cent. from January to June and 2½ per cent. from July to December, at Bombay on a minimum daily balance of Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.—Sums as low as Rs. 10 received and interest allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS.—The Bank grants accommodation terms to be arranged against approved securities.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought, collected and discounted.

For other particulars and rules of business apply to—

R. J. KHANNA,
Manager.

Akber Building.,
Hornby Road, Bombay.

BANKING.

THE SHILOTRI BANK, LTD.,

Shilotri Bank Buildings, Tamarind Lane .. .. .. FORT, BOMBAY
Branches :—GIRGAUM MANDVI and POONA CITY.

Assets exceed Rs. 50,00,000/-

SAVINGS BANK 5% p. a.

ON DAILY BALANCES

INVESTMENTS mainly in or against Gold & Government of India Securities.
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA SECURITIES Bought and Sold promptly.
ADVANCES GRANTED against Gold and Government of India Securities.
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DR. PRABHAKAR S. SHILOTRI, M A., PH. D.
Managing Director

ALLAHABAD BANK LTD.

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Affiliated to the P. and O. Banking Corporation, Limited.

	Rs.
Authorised and Subscribed Capital	40,00,000
Capital Called Up	35,50,000
Reserve Fund	44,50,000

Head Office: CALCUTTA.
Branches and Sub-Agencies:

Allahabad
Allahabad City
Amritsar
Bareilly
Benares
Bombay
Cawnpore
Cawnpore City
Chandausi
Dehra Dun
Delhi
Etawah
Fyzabad
Gorakhpur
Hapur
Hathras
Jhansi
Jubbulpore
Lahore
Aminabad Park
Lucknow
Lucknow City
Lyallpur
Meerut
Moradabad
Mussoorie
Muttra
Nagpur
Naini Tal
Patna
Rae Bareli
Raipur
Rangoon
Shahjahanpur
Sitapur

CORRESPONDENTS.

In all the principal towns throughout India.

LONDON BANKERS:
The P. and O. Banking Corporation, Ltd.
The National Provincial Bank Ltd.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS.

Opened free of charge.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Received for long or short periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.

Small sums received. Copy of rules can be obtained on application.

Government Paper and other securities purchased and sold, the custody thereof undertaken and interest and dividends realized.

Loans and Cash Credits granted.

Currency Notes of any circle, Cheques and Hundies are received for credit in Fixed Deposit Account free of charge.

Banking business of every description transacted.

Copy of rules may be had on application at Head Office and at any of the Branches.

Passenger Letters of Credit are issued available for use on board P. and O. British India Steam Navigation Company (Home Line), and Orient Steamers, at Ports of call at the Offices of the Agents of the P. and O. Steam Navigation Company and British India Steam Navigation Company and at any Office of the P. and O. Banking Corporation, Ltd.

T. L. FOREMAN,
Agent, Bombay Branch.

Allahabad Bank Building,
Apollo Street, Bombay.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LD.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.
(Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VII of 1882).
HEAD OFFICE.
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY
BRANCHES: Calcutta & Ahmedabad.
LONDON AGENTS:
THE WESTMINSTER BANK, LTD.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED...	Rs. 2,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP	Rs. 1,00,00,000
RESERVED FUND	Rs. 74,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2 1/2 per cent. per annum from January to June and at 2 per cent per annum from July to December. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter period at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened on favourable terms. Rules on application.

A. G. GRAY,
Manager.

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LIFE INSURANCE IS A NECESSITY.

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A PURELY INDIAN CONCERN MANAGED BY INDIANS.

Apply for particulars to:—

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Secretaries and Managers,
Telephone No. 1220.

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Statutory Statement of Account prepared
Audit of Books of Firms UNDERTAKEN

B. L. THOSAR,
Public Accountant.
BOMBAY COMMERCIAL COLLEGE
Kalbadevi Road. BOMBAY.

THE ONLY INVESTMENT WHICH DOES NOT DEPRECIATE IN VALUE

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Life Assurance Policy

INSURE WITH

THE BOMBAY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

87, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay,

INSURANCE.

THE

Guaranteed Option Policy

ISSUED BY THE

EMPIRE OF INDIA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

(Established 1897)

IS THE LATEST AND BEST SCHEME
FOR MAKING PROVISION FOR ONE'S OLD AGE & FAMILY

PROSPECTUS ON APPLICATION

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Allum, Bharucha & Co.,
Managers.

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THE EASTERN BANK, LTD.

(Incorporated in England).
HEAD OFFICE:
4, CROSBY SQUARE, LONDON, E.C. 3
BRANCHES:

Amara
Baghdad
Bahrein
Basrah
Bombay
Calcutta
Colombo
Hillah
Karachi
Madras
Mosul

Authorised Capital	£2,000,000
Paid-up Capital	£1,900,000
Reserved Fund	£ 300,000
Reserved Liability of Shareholders	£1,000,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
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Sir Percy Wilson Newson, Bart.
J. H. Batty, Esq.
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Emile Francqui, Esq.
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Sir Dinshaw Maneckjee Petit, Bart.
Narottam Morarji, Esq.

BOMBAY BRANCH:
Corner of Hornby Road and Churchgate Street.

INTEREST will be allowed on Fixed Deposits for one or two years at rates to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and Fixed Deposits received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

INTEREST allowed on Savings Deposit Accounts at 4 per cent. per annum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased. Loans and Credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange Business undertaken. Purchases and Sales of British and Foreign Securities effected on usual terms.

L. F. TUCKER,
Manager.

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of any kind—Iritis, Stye, Watery Eye, Cornea Ulcer, redness etc. Even Cataract Glaucoma Granular lid cured without knife by our Cocoanut Brand "Lotus Honey"—genuine and purest in market. Cure guaranteed. Trial Solicited. Dram Rs. 2-8, 2 Drams Rs. 4-0 Ask free particulars to—NEW FORMULA Co., B. and O. OFFICE
Kandi, Bengal, India.
Tel. "Ulcer," Kandi.

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that

There is a great deal of misapprehension about Physiognomy, Palmistry and Astrology

But

This is every-day practical result

that

The events predicted by

The Representative

in his short stay
in Bombay
of

The Universal Astrological & Statistical Bureau Indore City, C. I.

Are found very correct of the past, present and future to amazing accuracy in every event.

Charges Suitable all pockets.

Bureaucratic tactics, Mahatma Gandhi's affair, Mumtaz Muddle, Deshabandhu Das, Gwalior Maharaja's Longevity, Hindenburg Presidentship, recent Japan, American earthquakes—all these events predicted years before turned very exact.

Consult:—

2nd floor
SHILOTRI BANK BUILDING
Tamarind Lane, Bombay
Phone: 21228
12 to 5
Room: 111, Watson Hotel, Bombay.
8 to 10 a. m.
8 to 10 p. m

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CLASSIFIED SHORT

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Minimum Twelve Words.

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Readers' Private Short Advertisements are inserted in these columns at the following rates:—

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CASH MUST ACCOMPANY ORDER

The full name and address of the advertiser is required, not necessarily for publication.

Advertisers who do not wish their names and addresses published will be given a Box number. The words: Apply Box No.—— Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle," to be paid for.

Replies to advertisements cannot be forwarded, but can be obtained at the office on production of the voucher.

Answers to advertisements should be addressed as follows:—Box Number— Advertisement Department "Bombay Chronicle" office, Bombay.

Unclaimed replies to advertisements are destroyed after one month,

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—A 1st Cook and a good Butler in an Indian State. Apply with copy of testimonials to Box No. 1057, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A R2090

WANTED—An efficient CARDER and SPINNING MASTER for a Mill in Bombay. One with knowledge of Condensers preferred. Apply Box No. 1050, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A R24358.

WANTED—One HINDU for Gujarathi Accountant and English Correspondence and type-knowing, preference Motor linesman. Apply C. N. GAJJAR & CO., Lamington Road, Girgaon, Bombay
A R2080

WANTED — Experienced SECOND CLASS MECHANICAL ENGINEER, pay according to qualifications. Apply stating experience, age, salary expected with copies of testimonials to WHITTLE ANDERSON, LTD., and the Vepar Uttejak Joint Ginning Co., Viramgam.
A R2098

WANTED—RESPECTABLE and INFLUENTIAL GENTLEMEN to represent as Life Chief Agents for The East and West Insurance Company, Ltd., for unrepresented districts. For terms etc., apply to THE SECRETARIES, at 65, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.
A

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED.—A TEACHER for Night School for 2 hours, seven to nine p.m. to teach English and Gujrati. Apply Box No. 1057, Advt Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A R2111

WANTED—AGENTS. Salary Rs. 50 Terms one anna. UNIVERSAL SHORTHAND CO., Naiwara, Delhi.
A R2115

WANTED.—A SHORTHAND TYPIST for temporary period. Salary Rs. 120 per month. Apply Box No. 1065, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."
A 24399

WANTED—DISTRIBUTORS, of medecine for all fevers and Drugless healing system. DARUSSHAFAI SIDDIQUI, 422, Memonwada, Ummarkhadi.
A R2107

WANTED—A 'PLUMBER,' competent in Modern Sanitary Fittings, preparing Estimates and Drawings. Pay according to qualification. Apply Post Box No. 1039, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle"
A R2116

WANTED—CANDIDATES, searching employment. Apply with one ann stamp. EMPLOYMENT SECURIN AGENCY, Ambala. (European management).
A R2071

WANTED—A CLERK, knowing accountancy and typewriting. Salary according to qualifications. Apply Box No. 1054, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A R2084

WANTED.—An ENGINEERING GRADUATE with journalistic tendencies to edit a magazine for construction Contractors. Those with contracting experience in Bombay Presidency with Marathi or Gujarathi knowledge preferred. Apply to Box No. 1064, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."
A R24398

WANTED.—A competent CARDING and SPINNING MASTER for a First Class Mill in Central India. Men with long experience only need apply. Handsome salary to a really good man. Apply with certificates to Box No. 1066, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A 24400

WANTED — Competent TEACHER. GRADUATE or UNDERGRADUATE able to organise and conduct English-Gujarati School at Kampala (Uganda) Apply in writing with expected salary and qualifications to "K" c/o Mafatlal Gagalbhai and Co., Ld., 265, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.
A R2082.

WANTED EXPERIENCED GRADUATE TEACHERS, ONE FOR SCIENCE, ONE FOR ENGLISH AND ONE FOR HISTORY FOR THE D. N. HIGH SCHOOL. APPLY STATING TERMS TO THE SECRETARY, CHAROTAR EDUCATION SOCIETY, ANAND.
A R2113

WANTED—A MANAGER (Gujarati Hindu) for Ghatkopar Sarvajanik Jivadaya Khata (Association for Saving Milch Cattle from going to Bombay Slaughter Houses). Apply stating fully qualifications and experience also salary required to NAGINDAS and MANEKLAL. 6, Sukhadvala Building, Ravelin Street, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.
A R2103

SITUATIONS WANTED.

YOUNG M. B. B. S. wants to work as an Assistant to Well established Medical Practitioners with or without remuneration. Apply Box 1058, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle".
B R2096

A MERCHANT with a few Canvassers is going to Africa. Manufactures and firms desiring to have them represented in Africa or get orders for their goods are requested to correspond through Box No. 1070, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
N R2117

HOUSES & FLATS TO LET.

TO LET.—APARTMENTS, small, large facing Road, Yacht Club, and Garages whole or part in Watson's Annexe, Apollo Bunder. For particulars, terms, apply WITHIN.
C R2075.

OFFICES—IN NANJEE BUILDING 17, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, Central Situation, First Floor, Lift, Electric fittings, Airy, clean, commanding excellent view and overlooking Elphinstone Circle Gardens. Suitable for large and small commercial firms. Rent Rs. 60 to Rs. 600. Apply DEVKARAN NANJEE.
C R2093

IN ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, a separate pucca build ground floor, structure with attic as GODOWN, STOCK-ROOM, PRESS, WORKSHOP or for storing machinery, etc. from 1st December. Area about 3,400 sq. ft. Two entrances, Plinth 3 feet high. Clean and in clean locality. Can be used for OFFICE also. Electric fittings, sanitary arrangements. Terms moderate. Apply DEVKARAN NANJEE, 17, Elphinstone Circle.
C R2091

HOUSES & FLATS TO LET.

TO LET—Big SHOPS in Rawal Buildings, Lamington Road, opposite N. Powell and Co.
C R2027

TO LET—Small OFFICES at moderate rents in the Shilotri Bank Buildings. Fort, Bombay.
C 24366

TO LET—Commodious, airy spacious GROUND FLOOR of Bungalow Khar; sea-view; Bathroom Kitchen fitted. Appsy Mr. KORA LAXMINAGAR, Khar-Road.
C R2101

OFFICE—Small but clean in NANJEE BUILDING, 17, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE. 2nd floor, lift, electric lights. Rent Rs. 55. Apply DEVKARAN NANJEE.
C R2094

OFFICES—In NANJEE BUILDING, 17 ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE. Third floor. Lift. Electric fittings. Airy, clean, commanding excellent view, Central Situation. Block of large room, Verandah room and a mezannine floor. Rent Rs. 105. Apply DEVKARAN NANJEE.
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L R1955

FINANCIAL.

WANTED—YOUNG PARTNER with Rs. 12,000. Profits expected Rs. 45,000 yearly. Apply Box No. 1061, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
R R2105

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FINEST KULU PEARS and APPLES, Fresh WALNUTS, Rs. 5/2 for an 11 lbs. basket exclusive of packing and postage. V.P.P. to all parts of India THE AGENT, ARAMGARH AND RAISEN ORCHARDS, Kulu, Punjab.
F R2109

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FOR SALE—Two HAND CARTS for immediate sale. Apply personally MANAGER, "Bombay Chronicle."

FOR SALE—Appliances for making Leaded-lights. Inspection can be had in the office of MR. D. E. MISTRY, Architect, opposite General Post Office.
N R2100

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE.—New Yost No. 20, Foolscap or Brief Size, Rs. 200; Oliver 3, Rs. 60, Brief 70, Empire 1, Rs. 75. Remington 10, Rs. 125 to 200, Brief Rs. 140 to 200; Gujerati Rem. 120, Mahrati 125, Visible. Rs. 190; Corona 3, Rs. 85 to 125. Rem. Portable, Rs. 145; Corona, Improved, New, 195. Corona Four, Rs. 225; NICOLLS & COMPANY, Typeriter Experts, opposite Petit Institute, Hornby Road, Bombay, Telephone No. 21223.
N WS

TYPEWRITER PRICES EXCEPTIONALLY REDUCED—Write or call for Price List. Oliver No. 5, Rs. 80; 9, Rs. 125. Remingtons 10 and 11, Rs. 110 upwards. Also Corona 3, Latest Improved Model, and Corona 4 (Four Bank Keyboard). American Factory Rebuilt as New Remington Visible Typewriters at Secondhand Prices. Do investigate. STANDARD TYPEWRITER CO., 319, Hornby Road, opposite Petit Institute, Fort, Bombay.
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GLOBE'S TYPEWRITER BARGAINS:-

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Corona latest Improved Model, New	195
Corona Four (Four-bank Keyboard), New	225
Remington Portable, New	234
Fox Portable (Shop-soiled)	125
Senta Portable (German), New	150
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M

THE KALKADEVI SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION—Established 1898—The most successful and therefore the best. Testimonials from Members of Parliament and other Europeans, etc., etc. Subjects:—Book-keeping and Accountancy, Typewriting, Shorthand and Shorthand speed classes and all other commercial subjects. Excellent results every year. Special arrangements for Ladies. Managing Proprietor, GOPALDAS LALDAS, Princess Street Corner, Kalkadevi Road, Bombay.

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M.

FOR MATRIC STUDENTS—B. R. LELE'S COACHING CLASS in Science and Mathematics RE-OPENED at the Marwadi Vidyalaya, Sandhurst Road.
M R2088

DESAI'S TUTORIAL CLASSES. revise Matric Mathematics in December vacation. For particulars apply PRINCIPAL, Holichakla, Fort.
M ... R2104

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P R1977

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P R2070

FREE TREATMENT FOR LEPROSY.
(Under Special Diet.)

FREE SAMPLE PACKETS OF THE Infallible remedy for Leucoderma or White Leprosy to prove its efficacy and to show that the disease is not incurable as supposed. It never fails. The sample packet will be enough to produce wonders in only one inch spot. Write for it at once, per V.P.P. for As. 6 to meet the cost of its transmission. Details of infallible remedies for Constipation, Dyspepsia, etc., etc. PANDIT KRIPARAM (Specialist in Leprosy). 8, Nandibagan Lane, Salkhia (Howrah)

N.B.—"Leprosy and its Treatment," A guide to cure Leprosy, Price Rs. 2, postage As. 5 extra.

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P R2043

PHOTOGRAPHY

PHOTOGRAPHS.

Photographs of general interest are invited from readers from all parts of India for publication in "The Chronicle." Preference will be given to topical photographs on subjects of political, general, engineering, scientific or other interest. Accepted photographs will be paid for on publication, at usual rates.

The Editor undertakes on responsibility for the return of unaccepted photographs, but every endeavour will be made to return rejected photographs, accompanied by stamped addressed envelops.

All photographs must be sent to the

EDITOR,
"Bombay Chronicle"
Medows St., Fort, Bombay

PUBLIC NOTICES.

GOVERNMENT ANNOUNCEMENTS, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates :—

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NOTICE.

THE NATIONAL MEDICAL COLLEGE OPENED on the 2nd instant and has started its regular work.
24402

VICTORIA JUBILEE TECHNICAL INSTITUTE MATUNGA BOMBAY.

ENGINEERING APPRENTICE CLASSES

CLASSES for Engineering apprentices are held at this Institute on Saturday mornings between 8-30 a.m. on 1-30 p.m. and are open to all Engineering apprentices.

The new term commences on Saturday, 28th November, 1925. Fees Rs. 20 per term.

Candidates desirous of joining should submit their applications to the undersigned together with a certificate from their employer immediately.

A. J. TURNER,
Principal and Secretary.
C24396

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
Suit No. 3500 of 1924.

PRAGJI DAYAL HARIANI and another. .... Plaintiffs.

Vs.

ESMAILBHOY VIRJI MADHANI and another. ...... Defendants

PURSUANT to the Decree Absolute for Sale made in the above Suit and bearing date the 16th day of February, 1925, the following immoveable property will be sold by Public Auction under the directions of the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at the premises on SATURDAY, the 7th day of November, 1925, at the hour of 4-30 O'clock in the afternoon (Standard Time).

PARTICULARS.

All that piece or parcel of leasehold land or ground together with the messuage tenements or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at Mount Road Mazagaon, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 484 square yards or thereabouts and Registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under part of Old No. 10, New No. B 16233, and Old Survey No. 23 and New Survey No. 1B1/3697 and Cadastral Survey No. 1/464, Mazagaon Division and in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Assessment under E. Ward No. 4842(2) and Street No. 2a and bounded as follows:—that is to say, on or towards the East by the property of the deceased Mortgagor, on or towards the West by the said Mount Road, on or towards the North by a passage and beyond that by the property of Mrs. D. Lima and on or towards the South by the property of Sorabji Warden.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. Tyabji Dayabhai & Co., Attorneys for the Plaintiff abovenamed at Ismail Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 7th day of September, 1925.

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL,
Ag. Commissioner.
C24265

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE.

TO LET—LAND, suitable for factory, motor workshop, garage, victoria stables on short or long lease, land measuring 1,000 ft. by 150 ft., situated near Byculla Railway Station. For particulars write to Box No. 1068, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
R2112

GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY.

DEVELOPMENT DIRECTORATE.

THE PUBLIC ARE HEREBY INFORMED that the right to occupy the undermentioned site on short term lease will be sold by Public Auction to be held by the undersigned on SATURDAY, the 14th of November, 1925, at 9 a.m. (S. T.).

SCHEDULE OF LAND.

An excellent building site, known as the Old Male Work House Site, admeasuring about 4,119 square yards with frontage of about 340 feet to Clare Road and about 186 feet to Shepherd Road.

For forms of conditions and agreement for tenancy apply to

THE LAND MANAGER,
Development Directorate,
Old Custom House Yard, Fort.

C24341

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

IN INSOLVENCY.
No. 1528 of 1925.

Re: (1) DEVJI JETHMUL, (2) AMRATLAL LARCHAND, (3) NARSIH DEVJI and (4) CHUNILAL MANEKCHAND, all carrying on business at 70, Khand Bazar, Mandvi, outside the Fort of Bombay, under the style or firm of Messrs. Devji Jethmul: .... adjudged Insolvents.

Ex parte: Messrs. E. D. SASSOON & CO., Ltd. Petitioning Creditors.

WHEREAS the abovenamed (1) DEVJI JETHMUL, (2) AMRATLAL LARCHAND, (3) NARSIH DEVJI and (4) CHUNILAL MANEKCHAND have been this day duly adjudged to have committed an act of Insolvency under section IX of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909). It is ordered that all the estate and effects of the said Insolvents do vest in the Official Assignee of this Honourable Court, and it is further ordered that the said Insolvents do, immediately after the service of the order of adjudication upon them, attend the Office of the said Official Assignee.

Dated this 5th day of November, 1925.

M. M. KOTHARE.
For Chief Clerk.
24401

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the Public that the partnership subsisting between Mr. KESHAV DHONDO BHAGWAT, Mr. NARAYAN DHONDO BHAGWAT and Mr. CHUNILAL RAICHAND MEHTA, doing business in the name of the Petrol and General Stores Supplying Company in Bombay, in partnership with Mr. A. G. Bavdekar in the name of the Auto-Engineering Co., at Poona in the name of the Nasik Motor Works, at Nasik and in the name of Bhagwat and Co., at Sangli, has been DISSOLVED as from the 1st day of May. 1925. The Public is hereby further informed that by a Consent Order passed on the 5th day of October, 1925, in Suit being Suit No. 2684 of 1925 filed by Chunilal Raichand against the said K. D. Bhagwat and another, Messrs. K. D. Bhagwat and N. D. Bhagwat have been authorised to recover all outstandings of the said partnership firms. The Public is hereby further informed that the said Mr. Chunilal Raichand Mehta is in no way liable for the debts and liabilities incurred by the said Mr. Keshav Dhondo Bhagwat and Mr. Narayan Dhondo Bhagwat from 1st May 1925. in the names of the said firms.

Dated this 5th day of November, 1925.

MOHILE PAREKH AND GANATRA.
Attorneys for Mr. Keshav Dhondo Bhagwat and Mr. Narayan Dhondo Bhagwat.
C24387

DISTRIBUTED GRATIS and POST FREE
BOYHOOD'S PERILS AND MANHOOD'S CURSE.

An invaluable guide and companion for the young and the old, man and woman, married and unmarried to attain health, pleasures of youth and long life. Must be read and re-read by everybody. Apply BEHAR CHEMICAL WORKS, BHAGALPUR.

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PUBLIC NOTICES.

GOVERNMENT of INDIA

POST OFFICE

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Rs. 10 for Rs. 7-8-0

AFTER FIVE YEARS

A RETURN OF 6 PER CENT COMPOUND INTEREST

FREE of INCOME-TAX

REPAYABLE IN CASH WHEN DESIRED WITH INTEREST AFTER ONE YEAR

At gradually increasing rates from 4½ per cent.

Maximum holding 10,000 Rupees.

GET the CASH CERTIFICATE HABIT

and set aside a regular sum every month.

Particulars obtainable at any Post Office.

AUCTION SALES.

BENNETT & CO.

120, Apollo Street, Fort.

FURNITURE SALE

THIS DAY, SATURDAY the 7th November 1925, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT & CO., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at "Beryl House," Wodehouse Road, opp. Roman Catholic Church, valuable and handsome household furniture of the latest design, by Roberts, Dewjee Canjee etc., large and small dining table, arm and without arm chairs, fancy sideboards and dinner wagons, carpets, ice boxes, glass, crockery and rich platedware, drawing room Chesterfield suites drawing room suites of sofas and chairs, old blackwood carved furniture fancy cabinets, ornaments, revolving top writing tables book and silver show cases small and large writing tables, revolving book stands, one English Zoondah cupboard, phonographs, hat stands, table fans, China vases; Chinaware, reclining sofas, easy chairs, corner cabinets, single and double bedsteads, mirror almyrahs, dressing chest of drawers, cloth and gown presses teapoys; easy chairs, etc., etc.

The property of J. C. Purcell Esqr. Assistant Traffic Manager (G. I. P. Railway) and others.

One "Douglas" motor cycle with side car.

One "Brisco" motor car in perfect running order.

Catalogues are published and the property on view.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 7th instant at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction at their rooms a quantity of grey and coloured piecegoods etc.

By order of N. H. Moos, Esqr., Official Liquidator of the Wadia Woollen Mills Ltd. (in Liquidation):—

One large lot of sample piece goods consisting of coloured and plain cloth, twills, Dhotees, Kosumba, Chadders, Fents, checks, sarees, etc., etc.

By order of N. H. Moos, Esqr., Receiver in Suit No. 2371 of 1925 (Bhogilal vs. Vanmalidas):—

Arm chairs, deck chair, glass door cupboard, letter racks etc.

AT 2-30 P.M. (S.T.)

- 1 second-hand rubber-tyred victoria.
- 1 second-hand rubber-tyred vis-a-vis.
- 1 second-hand rubber-tyred brougham.
- 1 second-hand rubber-tyred office shigram
- 1 Bay Arab horse in harness.
- 1 Waler horse in harness.

By order of the concerned:—

AUCTION SALES.

1 handsome strong Bay Arab Horse originally a race horse, going in harness.

1 English strong rubber tyred C. spring canoe victoria with spring hood by Morgan

1 set of plated mounted Harness.

1 "Fiat" motor car 15/20 H.P. 4 cylinders 5 seater thoroughly overhauled in perfect running order.

BENNETT & CO.,

GANDHI & CO.

Auctioneers and Commission Agents.
No. 72, Medows Street, Fort,
Telephone No. 24927.

SALE THIS DAY AT 4-30 P.M. (S.T.) AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY SITUATE AT STREET BETWEEN TEMKAR STREET AND HUZRIA STREET, WITHOUT THE FORT.

Messrs. GANDHI and Co., Auctioneers will under instructions from Sheth Narsi Ajoo the, Mortgagee and Abdula Moosa Khatki and Isa Moosa Khatki, the Mortgagors in pursuance of the power of sale contained in the deed of Mortgage dated 11th July, 1923, made between the Mortgagors of the one part and the Mortgagee of the other part sell by Public Auction the undermentioned Immoveable Property on SATURDAY, the 7th November, 1925, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises.

PARTICULARS OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate at street between Temkar Street and Huzria Street in the registration Sub-District of Bombay in the Island of Bombay containing by admeasurement 96 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 465-466, New Nos. 7731-7733, Old Survey No. 2497-2498, New Survey No. 3966, Cadastral Survey No. 1183, Byculla Division and in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under E Ward No. 662 Street Nos. 16-20 and bounded on the East by Sweeper's passage and beyond that by the property of Shaik Mahomed bin Shaik Ebrahim, on the North by the public Street aforesaid and on the South by the property of Shaik Adam Sahib bin Abdul Kader.

For further particulars and conditions of sale please apply to Messrs. Sabnis, Goregaoker and Senjit, Attorneys for the Mortgagee at their Office at Tamarind Lane, Fort or to the undersigned.

GANDHI & CO.,
Auctioneers.

SHIPPING.

P. & O. BRITISH INDIA

(Incorporated in England.)

MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE.

P. & O. SAILINGS TO PLYMOUTH AND LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

All Passengers are required to be in possession of passports.

Date.	Steamers.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
7th Nov.	RANCHI		16,650
14th „	RAZMAK	MALOJA x	20,837
21st „	KAISAR-I-HIND		11,430
28th „	RAZMAK	MANTUA *	10.902
5th Dec.	RANPURA		16,100
12th „	CHINA	NALDERA x	15,953
19th „	DEVANHA		8,161
26th „	RAZMAK	MOREA *	10,919
1926.			
2nd Jan.	RAWALPINDI		16,100
9th „	RAZMAK	NARKUNDA x	16,227
16th „	RANCHI		16,650
23rd „	RAZMAK	MACEDONIA*	11,089
30th „	KAISAR-I-HIND.		11,430
6th Feb.	RAZMAK	MOOLTAN x	20,847
13th „	RANPURA		16,585
20th „	RAZMAK	MALWA *	10,941
27th „	RAJPUTANA		16,100
6th March	RAZMAK	MALOJA x	20,837
13th „	RAWALPINDI		16,100
20th „	RAZMAK	MANTUA*	10,902
27th „	RANCHI		16,650
31st „	CHINA†		7,952
3rd April	RAZMAK	NALDERA x	15,993
10th „	KAISAR-I-HIND		11,430
17th „	RAZMAK	MOREA*	10,919
24th „	RANPURA		16,585
1st May	RAZMAK	NARKUNDA x	16,227
8th „	RAJPUTANA		16,100
15th „	RAZMAK	MACEDONIA.	11,089
22nd „	RAWALPINDI		16,100
29th „	RAZMAK	MOOLTAN	20,847

x Through steamers from Australia, have limited accommodation for passengers from India.

*Through steamers from China, have limited accommodation for passengers from India.

† S. S. "China", 31st March, extra Steamer at following reduced rates:—

1st Saloon to London £ 80, £ 70, & £ 60.
„ „ „ Marseilles „ 72, „ 62, & „ 56.
2nd Saloon to London £ 54, and £ 52.
„ „ „ Marseilles „ 50, „ „ 48.

The difference in passage rates is according to the position of the cabins.

Very Special berthing arrangements have been made to increase the comfort of passengers proceeding by the 'China.' on the 31st March 1926

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.
Bombay to Port Said and Plymouth.

Date about	Steamers.	Tons.
12th Nov.	MERKARA	8,285
26th „	MADURA	8,975
10th Dec.	MARGHA	8,278
1926		
14th Jan.	WARFIELD*	6,069
4th Feb.	GHARINDA*	5,306
18th „	GOLCONDA*	5,316
18th March	DOMALA	8,441
8th April	MARGHA	8,278
29th „	DUMANA	8,427
20th May	WARFIELD*	6,060
10th June	Cargo Steamer	

* Cargo Vessels only; will not convey passengers

P & O SAILING TO COLOMBO, STRAITS CHINA, JAPAN AND AUSTRALIA.

10th Nov.	SOUDAN connecting at Colombo with NARKUNDA	Straits, China, Japan Australia
Early December	SICILA*	Straits, China, Japan
22nd Dec.	DELTA connecting at Colombo with MONGOLIA	Straits, China, Japan Australia
1626 19th Jany.	KASHMIR connecting at Colombo with CATHAY	Straits, Cnina, Japan. Australia.

*Will not convey passengers.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.
TO AFRICA, KARACHI, PERSIAN GULF, TUTICORIN, COLOMBO, MADRAS, CALCUTTA AND RANGOON.

7th Nov.	CHAKLA	Karachi & Kathiawar Coast ports.
9th „	VITA	Karachi & Kathiawar Coast ports.
11th „	BARODA	Busreh via Karachi & P. Gulf ports.
11th „	KAROA	East & S. Africa.
*13th „	MADURA	Karachi direct.
13th „	VASNA	Bureh via Karachi.

*The "MADURA" (8975 Tons) is sailing as an extra steamer for Karachi direct on Friday, the 13th November and has ample accommodation for local Passengers.

There will be sailings for Karachi on Mondays, Wednesdays, Fridays and Saturdays every weeks. Local passengers for Karachi can only proceed by the Friday sailings when accommodation is not required for passengers ex the P. and O. Mail steamer or through passengers to Busreh.

Terms and Rates of Freights and Passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.
Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay.

FREE. FREE.

"Way to Health and Happiness."

If you wish to regain your health lost by any cause, please apply for our free literature.

THE KRISHNA CHEMICAL WORKS,
Post Box 11435, CALCUTTA.

AMUSEMENTS.

WEST-END

TO-NIGHT—THIS WEEK

Splendid Selznick Comedy Drama

"CHIVALROUS CHARLIE"

5 parts—featuring the handsome star

EUGENE O'BRIEN

There are 1000 ways of getting into trouble and 999 of them are woman.

A Roaring Hilarious Comedy farce with a fast moving Melodrama of an exciting motor race.

AN HOUR'S CONTINUOUS LAUGH!

The Programme includes a 2-Reel Century Comedy: "Just in Time" featuring the pet idol

WANDA WILEY

and the Latest International News.

Suspended high in the air, with wheels upwards and the body below, the overhead tramways of New York are a wonder—see them running.

TO-NIGHT: 3-30; 5-30; 7; 8-45 and 10-30 p. m. (S. T.)

WEST-END

CINEMA—NEW CHURNEY ROAD.

WELLINGTON

TO-NIGHT—THIS WEEK

SUPERB SELZNICK DRAMA

"MAROONED HEARTS"

5 Parts—featuring the popular Stars

CONWAY TEARLE
ZENA KEEFF

A Romance which evolved from the Inevitable Result which Love is Sacrified for Duty.

A Lover's Quarrel with a Brand New Ending.

A STORY OF LIFE'S GREATEST PROBLEM

The Programme includes the International News and a 2-Reel Century Comedy, "Rough Carpy" featuring At Alt.

To-Night: 3-30, 5-15, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 p. m. (S. T.)

WELLINGTON

CINEMA—DHOBI TALAO.

An Historical Picture

Showing the Bravery of

AN INDIAN QUEEN

Royal Art Studio's Master-piece

Indore's Queen

DEVI AHILYABAI.

Everything Best

Commencing To-day Saturday 7th

AT

CINEMA MAJESTIC

GIRGAUM.

TIME AND RATES AS USUAL.

AMUSEMENTS.

Pathe Cinema

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

Time: 6, 8 & 10 p. m.

Elinor Glyn's

"HOW TO EDUCATE A WIFE"

Featuring

MARIE PREVOST
MONTE BLUE

PATHE GAZETTE.
PATHE PICTORIAL No. 15.
MATINEE TO-DAY and TO-MORROW AT 4 P. M.

WARNER BROS

FROM TO-DAY! FROM TO-DAY!!

The Gorgeous-Splendour Film

DREAM'S DAMSEL

OR

"Queen of Women's Land"

To be Screened

AT

KRISHNA CINEMA

DUBASH THEATRE,
New Charney Road.

Usual Time and Moderate Rates

GLOBE CINEMA SANDHURST ROAD.

Last Week—Final Episodes

"Adventures of Tarzan"

with ELMO LINCOLN.

It will hold you enthralled with its Spine-Tingling Thrills. Also 2-reels Comedy

"WHERE S MY WIFE?"

with Monty Bank.

Next Week Saturday 14th November

Ruth Roland

IN ADVENTURES OF RUTH.

Pathe Serial in 15 Episodes.

BALWANT SANGIT MANDALI

will stage at

GRANT ROAD

New Elphinstone Theatre

ON

SATURDAY, 7th NOV. at 8-30 p.m.

Ugra-Mangal

Sunday, 8th November at 3 p.m,

Bhava-Bandhan

AND ON

WEDNESDAY, 11th NOV. at 8-30 p.m,

Veer-Vidamban

B. L. PETHE
Manager,

COMING SHORTLY! COMING SHORTLY!!

AT THE CINEMA MAJESTIC

THE SPLENDID HISTORICAL FILM

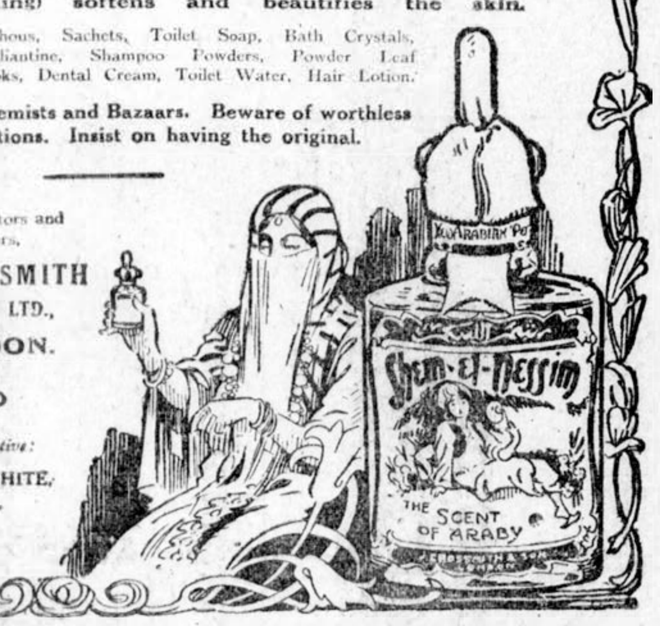
CHATHRAPATHI--SAMBAJI

THE SUPER-PRODUCTION OF THE UNITED PICTURES SYNDICATE.

WATCH FOR THE DATE.

BOOK THE FILM AT UNITED PICTURES SYNDICATE

DADARKAR BUILDING, ... GIRGAUM BACK ROAD, BOMBAY.



GROSSMITH'S

Shem-el-Nessim Regd

PERFUME

The Scent of Araby.

AN Inspiration in perfume, exquisitely suggestive of Oriental luxury.

SHEM-EL-NESSIM FACE POWDER is adherent and unobtrusive, and delightfully fragrant.

SHEM-EL-NESSIM TOILET CREAM (vanishing) softens and beautifies the skin.

Cachous, Sachets, Toilet Soap, Bath Crystals, Brilliantine, Shampoo Powders, Powder Leaf Books, Dental Cream, Toilet Water, Hair Lotion.

Of all Chemists and Bazaars. Beware of worthless imitations. Insist on having the original.

Sole Proprietors and Inventors,

J. GROSSMITH & SON, LTD., LONDON.

Representative: WALTER WHITE, Bombay.

The Gordian Knot of Tropical Debility.

The Gordian Knot was one of the problems of Classical Times. The most famous men could not undo it. And then, Alexander the Great found the easy solution—overlooked by thousands—with a single stroke of his sword *he cut the knot in twain.*

How many thousands are baffled by the Gordian Knot of hot climates — Debility? They unravel one knot, only to find another; they fall from one sickness into another; each complaint rendering them more liable to the next.

And an easy and quick solution of this problem is at hand: go to the core of well-being, *viz,* the cells. Remove the cause of all those different complaints by strengthening the worn out cells of body and nerves with SANATOGEN.

Sanatogen infuses into the blood the very elements—phosphorus and albumin—which are necessary to re-build every cell of your body and so restores normal digestion, enriches the blood and reinforces the entire system.

Sanatogen will solve the knotty problem of Health in the tropics. It will give you new strength and energy and thus enable you to enjoy life to the full.

SANATOGEN

The True Tonic-Food

Start taking it to-day. Obtainable at all Chemists and Bazar dealers.

BOMBAY AMUSEMENTS.

PATHE.

The picture showing this week at the Pathe Cinema, from Elinor Gly's story "How to Educate a Wife" lends itself well to screen adaptation. It does not solve any of the perplexing problems that continually rise in every married home. It provides a merry, mirthful evening's entertainment interspersed with the sound philosophy from the authoress whose name is well-known in every household. Her pungent satire and shrewd discernment have been visualised in this photoplay in such a manner that will appeal to man and women of all ages and stations. The story deals with the doings of an insurance agent struggling to get to the top of the ladder by the aid of his wife. Her task is to interest diplomaticaly prospective male clients in herself first, then in her husband's business. Her flirtations are carried on to such an extent that the couple separate and are latter drawn together after the muddled situation is cleared. A very fine cast has been selected, comprising Monte Blue, Marie Frevost, Cloude Gillingwater and Creighton Hale.

KRISHNA.

Krishna Cinema, will screen from to-day "Dream's Damsel," a production of the Krishna Films Co. The story is about a Brahmin youth, who dreamt of a damsel and tried to find her out from corner to corner and pole to pole, but failed in his attempts. He determined to commit suicide. When he was about to do so King, Vikrama of Ujjain prevented him, promising him to find out the dream girl for him. King Vikrama with Vir Vaitala, started in search of the damsel. After an encounter with the demon Agorghant, they came across a Sadhoo, who told them that the damsel would be found in Sinhaldwipa, "land of women." When they arrived at the island they were both made prisoners and taken to the Queen "Ratna Prabha," who instead of punishing the King and his companion, fell in love with the former. Ratna returned with the King. But he, true his word, gave away the damsel to the Brahmin youth, who with his "Dream's Damsel" lived happily ever after.

WEST-END.

A fine Selznick Comedy Drama is the feature at the West-End Cinema (New Charney Road) to-night and this week. It is entitled "Chivalrous Charlie" and is in five parts featuring Eugene O'Brien is the farcical tale of a young man, noted for his chivalry to the fair sex, who, not minding his own business, finds himself in very serious escapades by trying to befriend distressed damsels.

WELLINGTON.

A popular star makes his stellar debut in "Marooned Hearts," the new picture which opens a week's engagement at the Wellington Cinema (Dhobi Talao) to-night. Mr. Tearle who has long been considered an attraction by the ardent screen patrons appears in a most sympathetic role, that of Paul Carrington, a young doctor, whose entire career, it appears; is to be sacrificed to satisfy a capricious woman's whim. The production as a whole has been elaborately staged and without apparent regard to expense.

EXCELSIOR.

"A Rough Riding Romance," which is the big picture at the Excelsior this week, needs no other recommendation than the knowledge that Tom Mix, the super-horseman, is featured in it. It is a gripping story of a hard-riding cow puncher who becomes enthralled with the romance of middle ages, when valiant knights rescued their "fayre ladyes" from all sorts of perils. With this fever inhis blood, the once prosaic Dobbs, of the one horse town of Cow Hallow, meets a dazzling creature whom he thinks of as his princess. How he rescues her from dire peril and flattens out a few rogues in the process is shown in this great film.

EMPIRE.

The film commencing at the Empire to-night has its beginning in a remote part of Africa. There is an orphan child victimised by an unscrupulous adventuress and taken to America. Then there is "One Exciting Night" which is the title of the film. A foul murder takes place then another, and the wrong people are blamed. Finally the adventuress and her perfidious partner are caught and punished, the orphan grown to beautiful maidenhood is loved by a handsome young man, and everything ends as it should.

"Little Old New York" commencing at the Empress Cinema to-night, tells of the day when the great city was young, when people travelled in stage coaches. The brave old days live gloriously again. Marion Davies, the star, is even more fascinating in the role of an Irish colleen disguised as a boy than in some of her purely feminine roles and she has delighted audiences the world over with her quaint whimsicalities.

"PUPPETS OF 1925-6."

Those who have not already seen the company and its entirely new programmes will be well advised not to miss this opportunity. Leonard Neville, an old favourite, Olla Bradle, and the four extra special "peaches" contribute to as entertaining a performance as has been seen in Bombay for some time. To-day No. 2 Edition will be repeated at a special reduced price matinee and the third complete change of programme on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday. The final programme commences at the end of next week, after which the company proceeds to Calcutta.

BALWANT SANGIT MANDALI.

This company is visiting Bombay after two years. To-night it will stage "Uugra-Mangal" by Khare Shastri and to-morrow (Sunday) afternoon Mr. Gadkari's masterpiece "Bhava-Bandhan."

HEALTH OF CHILDREN.

HOUSE-TO-HOUSE VISITS OF INSPECTION.

Lieut. R. U. Hingorani, I.M.S., of the Indian Station Hospital, Bombay, has been working and lecturing honorarily in the National Baby Week from its commencement in 1923 in Bombay, Karachi, and Hyderabad with the object of acquiring practical knowledge of the health of children. Till now, he has examined about 6,000 children. He proposes to examine at least 6 lakhs of children up to 3 years of age, both healthy and sick, rich and poor, by having their body measurements and weight. Now that he is posted at Bombay, he intends going to every house in every quarter to examine the children and advise the parents accordingly.

Lieut. Hingorani's programme of inspection of children in Bombay during the next two months is as follows:—

Girgaum—5th November 3 p.m. and 15th November 7-30 p.m.

Kalbadevi—15th November 3 p.m. and 1st December 7-30 p.m.

Byculla—1st December 3 p.m. and 15th December 7 30 p.m.

Parel—15th December 3 p.m. and 25th December 7-30 p.m.

The Rajah as well as his subjects, find in Horlick's Malted Milk an ideal Food-drink, for not only is it delicious in flavour, but it helps Nature to brace up the flagging energy and tones the system completely.

HORLICK'S MALTED MILK

is packed in Glass Bottles, made in 3 sizes.

Can be obtained of all Stores and Bazaars in the East. No cooking, add water only.
HORLICK'S MALTED MILK

40 million prescribed portions of VIROL were given in 3,000 Hospitals and Clinics last year

For over 20 years Virol has been prescribed by doctors and used in Hospitals. During all this time doctors have been carefully observing the effects of Virol, and proving its *permanent* good results over long periods of time.

School Children Need VIROL

The result is that they have enormously increased their use of Virol, until the prescribed portions in Hospitals and Clinics alone last year reached the colossal figure of 40 million.

The prescribing of Virol by Doctors is based on their knowledge that Virol not only contains those vital principles, including the three Vitamins, so often lacking in ordinary diet, but also supplies "every class of building material" in just that form required to create living tissue. Virol fortifies the whole system, strengthens the "weak spots," and builds up in convalescence.

VIROL—the Food for Growth and Development.

VIROL LTD., HANGER LANE, EALING, LONDON, W.5, ENGLAND.

MELLIN'S FOOD

is adapted for use

FROM BIRTH.

Of all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout INDIA.

BOMBAY COTTON MARKET.

BOMBAY MARKET.

◆

COTTON.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

Bombay, Nov. 6.

A further advance of 48 to 35 points in New York futures has been reported to-day. Early the market declined, but at the close advanced on considerable short covering. Liverpool has been reported 4 to 1 points up. The market improved early but at the close eased on local traders selling.

Messrs. M. and B. Stern's cables:—They cabled their Liverpol House on the 5th instant as follows:—

"Will the freeze reduce crop estimates materially."

This morning they have received their reply reading:—

"We do not think it probable freeze will reduce crop, but (probably) prevents additional growth."

Note:—For the information of our friends the average date of killing frost is from 26th October to 10th November according to area.

Note:—The market may advance a shade higher but we advise realizing all longs.

Messrs. Umrigar and Vesugar's New York friends Messrs. A. Nerden and Co., cable under date 5th inst. as under:—

"Market continues to act oversold."

Owing to continued higher advices reported in New York futures the Marwari Bazar opened Rs. 4 higher with Broach April/May at Rs. 395 1/2 and eased to Rs. 394 on scattered selling. Around this level Commission Houses and one Japanese firm bought causing values to advance to Rs. 396 and the market closed at Rs. 395 1/4. Exporters and Brokers were moderate sellers. At Cotton Green the market opened at Rs. Rs. 395 1/2 and going down by half a rupee closed steady at Rs. 395 3/4 at 6 p.m. Exporters were buyers for Oomra and Broach.

Oomra January opened at Rs. 371 and going down by half a rupee steadily advanced to Rs. 374 on buying by Commission Houses and a prominent Japanese firm and closed at Rs. 372 1/2. Whilst Oomra March opened at Rs. 374 and improved to Rs. 377 on one Japanese firm and general buying and the market closed at Rs. 375 3/4. Bengal January and March were respectively quoted Rs. 325 and Rs. 327.

Our market for ready cotton was quiet but steady yesterday with a moderate demand and about 2,000 bales were reported to have been sold.

COTTON GREEN CLOSING QUOTATIONS.—6 P.M.

Bombay, November 6.

Fully Good Broach April/May	395 3/4
Fully Good Bengal Dec/Jan.	326 1/2
Fully Good Bengal March	329
Fine Oomra Dec/Jan.	374
Fine Oomra March	375 1/2

EAST INDIAN COTTON ASSOCIATION.

Bombay, Nov. 6.

Fully Good Broach April/May	395
Fully Good Bengal Dec/Jan.	325
Fully Good Bengal March	327
Fine Oomra Dec/Jan.	373
Fine Oomra March	376

READY APPROXIMATE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Nov. 6.

	Ready.	December.
Bengal Fine M. G.	335	335
Bengal F.G.M.G.	325/27	228
Sindh-Punjab Fine M.G.	335	......
Sindh-Punjab F.G.M.G.	325/27	......
Punjab-Americans M. G.	......	415
Wardha-Hinght. Fine M.G.	370	392
Nagpur Fine M.G.	370	39:
Yeotmal Fine N.G.	......	385
Pulgaon Fine M.G.	350	385
Dhamangaon Fine M.G.	......	......
Amraoti Fine M.G.	340	380
Khamgaon-Akola Fine M.G.	340	380
Mulkapur Fine M.G.	......	......
Khandesh Fine M.G.	......	372
Khandesh F.G.M.G.	310	.....
Broach Fine M.G.	420	415
Broach Fully Good M.G.	410	.....
Muthia Fine M.G.	......	370
Muthia F.G. M.G.	...	355
Dharwar S.G.	400	......
Coompta M.G.	390/400	......
Westerns M.G.	370	......
Westerns H.G.	......	......
Miraj M.G.	400	......
Cambodia	420/450	......

RECEIPTS.

Bombay, Nov. 6.

The following are the receipts of cotton produce etc., for the 24 hours ending 6 p.m. on 5th November 1925.

Cotton	4013 Bales.
Wheat	6029 Cwts.
Linseed	1716 Cwts.
Rape, etc.,	131 Cwts.
Gingellyseed	1770 Cwts.
Poppyseed	Nil.
Groundnuts	13745 Cwts.
Castorseed	4056 Cwts.
Rice	2746 Cwts.
Myrabollams	2419 Cwts.
Cottonseed	3364 Cwts.
Mowraseed	Nil.
Gram	2785 Cwts.
Juwar	189 Cwts.
Masur	Nil.
Barley	Nil.
Bajri	2451 Cwts.
Coal	952 Tons.

FREIGHT OF COAL.

London, Nov. 5.

Cardiff to Bombay 12/6.

BREUL & CO.'S MARKET REPORT.

◆

EAST INDIAN COTTON.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

In full-pressed Bales	Yesterday	Since 1st September, This year	Last year
Khandesh	35	11,015	2,5 3
Central India	–	9 265	283
Barsi and Nagar	193	1,583	2,979
Hyderabad-Gaorani	–	251	584
Berar	2 3	6,010	4,1 7
Central Provinces	6	2,059	1,809
Total Oomras	4 7	29,1·3	12 255
Dholera	806	9,054	1,527
N.-W. Provinces	422	16,39	3,377
Rajputana	97	2,164	111
Sind-Punjab	1,004	9,887	7,540
Broach	..	1	704
Coompta & Dharwar	–	11,675	5,159
Westerns-Northerns	–	5.207	4,52
Cocoanada	1 1	1,409	760
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	–	6,214	3,66
Persian	–	1,040	548
American	–	138	1,005
Egyptian and African	1 296	20,224	14,50
Comilla, Burma & other sorts	10	–	2,047
Total	4,0 3	1,12,656	57,758

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

In full-pressed bales.	Yesterday	1st Sept. to 29th Oct. This year.	Last year
Europe	519	10,514	20,148
Japan & China	3,903	43,441	1,02,484
Coast Ports	210	8,·45	4,652
Upcountry by Rail	–	1,198	2,902
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan	–	8,745	4 581
Total	4,622	1,17,743	1,34,737

COTTON.

Liverpool, Nov. 5.

Total Day's Sales at Liverpool 7000 Bales

Total Day's Sales on Spec. & for Exp. 300 Bales.

Total Day's Sales of East Indian 400 Bales

Mid. Americans Spot Universal Standard Good inquiry 10.44

Egyptian F G F Sakellaridis 21.90

New York 11 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time.)—

January	19.31
March	19.54
May	19.65

New York Noon Call—

January	19.26
March	19.46
May	19.58

New Orleans 10 a.m.—

January	19.21
March	19.15

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

Liverpool, Nov. 5.

Future Delivery Prices:—

December	10.23	+.15
January	10.27	+.13
March	10.38	+.13
May	10.46	+.11
July	10.46	+.10
October	10.40	+.11
EGYPTIANS—		
November	19.80	+.35
January	18.70	+.40
March	18.45	+.35
May	18.45	+.40

EGYPTIAN COTTON. CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, Nov. 5.

November	19.75	+.30
December	18.85	+.25
January	18.55	+.25
February	18.45	+.25
March	18.35	+.25
April	18.30	+.20
May	18.25	+.20
June	18.25	+.20
July	18.20	+.15
August	18.20	+.15
September	18.20	+.15
October	18.35	+.20
November	18.60	+.30

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, Nov. 5.

Cotton Delivery Mid. Uplands G O C Liverpool.—

November	10.09	+.02
December	10.12	+.04
January	10.18	+.04
February	10.20	+.04
March	10.28	+..03
April	10.30	+.03
May	10.37	+.02
June	10.35	+.02
July	10.37	+.01
August	10.35 unchanged.	
September	10.33 unchanged.	
October	10.29 unchanged	
November	10.26	—.01

Tone:—Easy

Liverpool closes at 4.45 p.m. Monday 9th November.

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, Nov. 5.

Scinde Good	8.05
—Do—Fully Good	8.45
—Do—Fine	8.85
Bengal Good	8.00
—Do—Fully Good	8.40
—Do—Fine	8.80
Oomra Good	8.60
—Do—Fully Good	9.00
—Do—Fine	9.40
Broach Good	9.00
—Do—Fully Good	9.40
...—Do—Fine	9.80

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, Nov. 5.

COTTON:—

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports 58,000

Day's Exports to continent 4,000

Futures at New York—

January	19.83	+.48
March	20.04	+.46
May	20.13	+.43
July	19.55	+.35
Spot Cotton at New York	21.00	+.55
Spot Cotton at New Orleans	19.82	+.48

Futures at New Orleans—

January	19.73	+.47
March	19.60	+.42

Fair Rio Coffee (No 7 quality) 19 1/8

Demand Bills 4.84.50

Silver Commercial Bars Foreign Mined 69 1/8

CLOSING PRICES.

◆

AMERICAN COTTON MARKET.

New York, Nov. 5.

Futures at New York.—

January	19.83	+.48
March	20.04	+.46
May	20.13	+.63
July	19.55	+.35

Liverpool, Nov. 5.

Cotton Delivery Mid. Uplands G O C. Liverpool.—

January	10.18	+.04
March	10.28	+.03
May	10.37	+.02
July	10.37	+.01

London, Nov. 5.

...Tele. Transfers 1/6 3/16 steady.

Bar Gold £4/4/11½ steady.

Bar Silver Spot 32 1/8 steady.

WHEAT.

London, Nov. 5.

Barletta Russo—63½ lbs. 49/- J.-F. sellers.

Rozario Santa Fe—62½ lbs. 51/- J.-F. sellers.

Aone:—Dull lower on large Russian shipments.

Australian 52/6 D.-J. buyers firmer sellers.

Choice White Karachi 53/- O.-N. nominal.

Tone:—Firm quiet trade.

SEEDS.

London, Nov. 5.

Linseed Argentine (La Plata):—

Nov/Dec sellers £18.

Nov. paid £18 3/8.

Jan/Feb paid £17 5/16.

Feb/March sellers £17 7/16.

Quiet easier, closed steadier on short covering.

Cottonseed Bombay Nov/Dec sellers £7 3/4.

Castorseed Bombay Nov/Dec sellers £17 3/4—slow.

Linseed Bombay Oct/Nov nominal £21. Firmly held.

Rapeseed, Ferozepore. Usual Bold, per ton £19 7/8 Nov/Dec nominal.

Rapeseed Toria, per ton £20 1/8 Nov/Dec. sellers.

Rapeseed Yellow Guzerat per ton £20 3/8 Nov/Dec nominal.

Rapeseed Brown Cawnpore per ton £19 5/8 Nov/Dec. nominal.

Tone of Rapeseed:—Quiet. Sellers at rather less money.

Yellow Cawnpore Nov/Dec £23 1/4.

LINSEED.

London, Nov. 5.

Linseed Calcutta Pure Basis Bags:—Nov/Dec done £20 1/8.

April/May sellers £19 1/4.

Raw Linseed Tone:—Demand small prices easier.

Raw Linseed Oil Naked Spot Net:—December buyers 37.

Jan/April done and sellers 36/10½.

JAVA SUGAR.

London, Nov. 5.

Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta 14/6 Jan.-Mar. sellers.

Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta 14/- July-Sept. sellers.

Fine White Java C. & F.. Bombay 14/8½ Jan.-Mar. sellers.

Fine White Java C. & F. Karachi 14/2 1/4 Jan.-Mar. sellers.

Tone:—Rather easier.

London, Nov. 3.

Belgium	106.90
Athens	363.50

Cuban Sugar Oct/Nov value 10/3

London, Nov. 4.

Belgium	106.95
Athens	345.50

Cuban Sugar Oct/Nov value 10/6

METALS.

London, Nov. 5.

	£
English best Selected Copper	65 5/8
Standard Copper G.M.B.	62 1/4
Copper Braziers	79 1/2
Yellow Metal	70 3/4
Hard Spelter	33 1/2
Corrugated Sheets	16 1/2

Tin Block £283 :/4.

RUBBER.

London, Nov. 5.

Para Up River Fine Spot Dec/Jan sellers 45/.

Tone:—Steady.

Plantation First Latex Crepe, Spot Nov. buyers 46 1/4.

Tone:—Dull, rather easier.

Ribbed Smoked Sheets 46 1/4, paid buyers.

THE METAL MERCHANTS' CO.

Issued Rates for Brass and Copper Daily Quotations.

BRASS

Bombay, Nov. 6.

	Per md.	Rs.	a.	p.
Brass, English	3/4	57	8	0
Brass, English	1	57	8	0
Brass, English	1¼	58	0	0
Brass, English	-5	58	0	0
Brass, English	1¾	58	0	0
Brass, English	2	58	0	0
German Brass ¾ to 2.		57	8	0

COPPER.

Bombay, Nov. 6.

	Per md.	Rs.	a.	p.
Copper, German	¾	62	8	0
Copper, German	1	62	8	0
Copper, German	1¼	62	8	0
Copper, American	1½	62	10	0
Copper American	1¾	62	10	0
Copper, American	2	62	10	0
Japanese Copper Bars		61	8	0
Panchteka joint		26	12	0
Copper, English Bars		61	0	0
Brass Bars		40	8	0
Pat Klai		74	0	0
Lead Country		26	4	0
Koger Brass, Metal ¾ to 1		56	0	0
,, ,, 1¼ to 1½, 1¾ to 2		56	0	0
German Copper 1½ to 1¾ to 2		62	8	0
French Copper ¾ to 2		62	6	0
American Copper ¾ to 1, 1¼		62	10	0
English Copper ¾ to 2		62	8	0

BOMBAY-CHINA YARN MARKETS.

Daily Quotations.

Bombay, Nov. 6.

	Per md.	Rs.	a.	p.
Kilachand	No. 14½	0	11	6
Do.	No. 20¼	0	13	3
Currimbhai	No. 12½	0	11	6
Elphinstone	No.12½	0	11	3
David	No. 10½	0	11	0
Shapurji	No. 10½	0	11	0
Trikamdas	No. 10½	0	10	9
Sattara	No. 10¼	0	10	9
Shapurji	No. 6½	0	9	6
Lighthouse	No. 6½	0	9	6
Japan	No.40-1	1	4	0
Do.	No. 42-2	1	5	6
Do.	No. 20	0	15	9
Do.	No. 32	1	2	0

LOCAL MILL CLOTH.

(Issued by the Hindustani Native Merchants' Association).

Bombay, Nov. 6.

		Rs.	a.	p.
Khadi.				
Textile	Per lb.	1	1	0
Century	,,	1	0	0
Jacob	,,	1	0	0
E. D. Sassoon	,,	1	0	0
Elphinstone	,,	1	0	0
Bombay Cotton	,,	0	14	6
Jamshed	,,	0	14	6
Long Cloth (Full weight) 34/40 Inch.:—				
Standard	Per lb.	1	3	9
Century	,,	1	3	9
Hindustan	,,	1	4	9
Fazal (Mahal)	,,	1	4	9
Phoenix	,,	1	3	9
Pabaney (Phoolmala)	,,	1	3	9
Manekji (Patangia)	,,	1	3	0
Kaliamardan	,,	1	4	0
Daud Sahib	,,	1	3	0
Long Cloth (Light weight) No. 5202/5302.—				
Rachael Mill	Per lb.	1	4	3
Hindustan	Per lb.	1	4	3
David Mill	,,	1	3	9
Apollo	per lb.	1	3	9
E. D. Sassoon	,,	1	3	6
Long Cloth x Quality:—				
Kohinoor Mill	,,	1	3	6
Swan Finlay	,,	1	3	3
Gold Mohor	,,	1	2	3
Long Cloth Satin Calendar 34-42 inch.				
Textile (Hand)	Per lb.	1	3	0
Spring (Merchant)	,,	1	3	0
Century (Bugle)	,,	1	2	6
Apollo (Pyala)	,,	1	2	0
Tata Mill (Darji)	,,	1	2	6
Sakuntala	,,	1	2	6
Sundari Brand	,,	1	2	3
Dhooties 7, 8 9 Yards.				
Spring (balance)	Per lb.	1	6	0
Jacob E. D.	,,	1	3	0
Century	,,	1	6	6
Dhooties 10 Yards.				
Spring (Balance)	,,	1	5	0
Century	,,	1	4	6
Jacob E. D.	,,	1	2	0
1386 Tata	,,	3	11	0
Check Grey Drill x lb. 5				
Bombay Cotton	Per Piece	5	8	0
Jamshed	,,	5	8	0
Century	,,	5	10	0
Pearl Pebaney £5	,,	5	12	0
Hindustan No. 902	,,	5	12	0
Bleached Check:				
Kasturchand Mill	,,	6	10	0
Bombay United	,,	6	4	0
Black Check.				
5800 Sholapur	,,	13	2	0
Textile Mill £3½	,,	5	6	0
Gabrun No. 5124:—				
Hindustan	,,	10	2	0
Salita:—				
Century	Per lb.	1	3	6
Textile	,,	1	3	6
Spring (Merchant)	,,	1	3	6
Stripped Sadis Yards 12				
777 Kohinoor Per Piece	,,	3	0	0
777 Crescent	,,	2	15	0
Dukdi Yards 12-13-14—				
Kanta	Per lb.	1	7	0
Great	,,	1	6	0
Phoenix	,,	1	6	0
Kohinoor	,,	1	6	0
Chadar Kori Calender.—				
Hindustan	Per Piece	1	[illegible]	6
David	,,	1	[illegible]	0

SHARE MARKET.

Bombay Nov. 6

Mill shares remained steady. Fazul declined to 816/4 but closed at 818/12; Dyeing 807/8; Century 390; Nagpore at 446/4 and Swadeshi 437/8; Simplex at 118/12.

There was good demand in Fazul while it is said that a good party sold. Dyeing on A/C of a failure party. Simplex was steadied by fresh purchase of a speculator.

Mill shares are not likely to depress.

Tata Hydro was practically unchanged at Rs. 837/8.

In cash shares Burmah Trading was in request at 395; Imperial Bank placed at 1432/8 and partly-paid at 370.

Mining shares were firm. Shivrajpur at 51 and C. Mining at 31/4.

LOCAL BANKS.	Paid up Rs.	Last Divid.	Quotation Rs	a.	
Bank of India	50	3	69	4	
Baroda	50	4	73	4	
Central Co-operative ..	50	7 ⅜	50		
Central	25	1½	22	2	
Eastern	£ 5	9 p.c.	77		
Imperial	500	40	1432	8	
Imperial Contributory	⅞125	10	365	0	
Union	7⅜	..	3	1	
CEMENTS AND MANGANESE					
Bundi.	10	..	7	12	
Central India Mining ..	10	4-8y	31	4	
Indian Cement O. ..	350	..	28	0	
Katni Cement O. ..	100	..	30	4	
Katni Cement D. ..	40	..	97	8	
Punjab Cement O. ..	10	..	1	14	
Shivrajpure	10	8—0	50	8	
RAILWAY COMPANIES.					
Ahmedabad Prantej ..	500	11 p.c.	810		
Amritsar Pattis ..	100	10 p.c.	142		
Central Provinces ..	100	7⅜ p.c.	111		
Dhond Baramati ..	100	6 p.c.	84		
Guzerat	100	5 p.c.	78		
Hoshiarpur Doab ..	100	5 p.c.	80		
Larkana	100	5 p.c.	71		
Mandra Bhon	90	5 p.c.	70		
Pachora Jammer ..	100	5 p.c.	74		
Sara Sirajgunj ..	100	5 p.c.	76		
Sialkot Narowal ..	100	5 p.c.	92		
Sind iLnght	100	6 p.c.	152	8	
Tapti Valley	500	8 p.c.	6278		+D
Upper Sind Light ..	100	4 p.c.	69		
STEAMER COMPANIES.					
Bombay Steam Navigation O.	250	..	52	8	
Bombay Steam Navigation P.	250	..	205		
Scindia Steam	30		6	13	
ELECTRIC UNDERTAKINGS.					
Ahmedabad Electricity	100	5 p.c.	80	8	
Andhra Valley O. ..	1,000		485		
Andhra Valley P. ..	1·000	..	800		
Bombay Tramways O.	50	4	93	12	
Bombay Tramways P.	50	7 p.c.	59		
Tata Hydro-Elec. O. ..	1,000	30	842	8	
Tata HydroElec. P. ..	1,000	7 p.c.	890		
Karachi Electricity ..	100	6	74		
Surat Electricity ..	100	..	57	8	
Tata Power O. ..	1,000	..	310		
Tata Power P. ..	1,000	..	480		
PRESS COMPANIES.					
Akbar	500	..	475		
Fort	475	..	200		
Harvey & Sabapathy	500	90-35	975		
Indian Cotton	125	20	200		
Manmad Manufacturing	250	..	215		xD
New Berar	500	80	875		
New East India ..	1,000	..	2500		
New Mofussil P. ..	400	40	625		
New Prince of Wales ..	500	61	800		
Volkart U. P.	500	40	675		
MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES.					
Alcock Ashdown ..	100	..	102	8	
Belapur Co. Ltd. ..	75	..	10		
B. Burma T. Corporation Old.	125	7-8	390		
B Burma T. Corporation New .. Æ ..	50	5	97	8	
Burma Corporation ..%	10	0-6	12	2	
Bombay Uganda ..	80	4-12	40		
British Burma Petroleum .. .. ..Sh.	100 8	..	5	8	
Indo-Burma Petroleum.	100		23	5	
Jost Engineering ..	50	7-8	75		+ D
Mckenzie	100	30 p.c.	295		
New Union Flour Mills	100	..	30		
Port Canning	1,000	50	625		
Sardar Carbonic Gas ..	100	..	45		
Tata Iron Pref. 1st ..	150	..	86		
Tata Iron Pref. ..	100	..	20	8	
Tata Iron Defd. ..	30	..	41	4	
Tata Iron and Steel Co. O.	75	..	11	2	
Thacker	50	..	150		
Telephone	50	1	16		
INSURANCE COMPANIES.					
Empire of India Life ..	50	22-8	500		
Jupiter	15	..	4	4	
New India	25	1-0	11	4	
Oriental Life	50	30 p.c.	760		
Vulcan	10	..	2	4	
MILLS.					
Ahmedabad Advance	100	12	360		
Alliance..	100	..	40		
Apollo	50	..	6	4	
Assur Virjee	100	..	4		
Berar Manfg.	200	30	858		
Bombay Cotton O. ..	500	15	315		
Bombay Cotton P. ..	10	5 p.c.	5		
Bombay Dyeing etc. ..	250	50	806	4	
Bombay Industrial ..	100	..	11		
Bombay Woollen ..	100	..	70		
Bradbury	250	10	335		
Bradbury P.	250	7 p.c.	200		
Broach Fine Counts ..	250	..	20		
Century..	100	20	387	8	
Central India O. ..	100	16	445		+D
Centrl India P. ..	500	5 p.c.	39		
Ceylon	100	..	45		
Colaba Land & Mill ..	100	7-8	100		
Coorla	100	7	140		
Crescent	100	6	191	4	
Currimbhoy	250	..	320		
David	500	..	350		
Dawn	250	40	565		
Diamond O.	100	..	11		
E. D. Sassoon United O.	10	.. 0	14	0	
Ebrahimbhoy Pabaney	250	15y	241	4	
Edward Sassoon ..	200	..	120		
Elphinstone O. ..	100	..	21		
Emperor Edward ..	500	..	275		
Fazulbhoy	250	25	818	12	
Finlay	100	20	130		
Framjee Pwetit ..	1·000	..	550		
Globe	100	..	42	8	
Gokak	100	7	105		
Gold Mohur	100	..	14		
Hindoostan	1,000	100	1070		
Indian Bleaching, etc.	100	10	196	4	
Indian Manufacturing	1,000	200	88		
Indore-Malwa United	100	10	365		
Indian Woollen ..	50	..	2		
Jamshed O.	250	..	70		
Kastoorchand	500	..	67	8	
Khandesh	1,000	200	2300		
Khatau Makanjee ..	100	6	81	4	
Kilachand	25	..	3	12	
Kohinoor	500	..	900		
Lakshmi Cotton ..	1,000	150	4700		+D
Madhorao Scindia ..	100	..	20		
Madhowji Dharamsi ..	100	..	95		
Madras United.. ..	250	15	425		
Maneckjee Petit ..	1,000	100	2240		
Mathradas	100	..	90		
Meyer Sassoon ..	500	..	95		
Morarjee Goculdas ..	..,000	60	220	0	+D
Model Mills, Nagpur ..	250	..	130		
Mysore	50	5	110		
New City of Bombay	100	10	215		
New Great Eastern ..	200	10y	270		
Osmanshahi (100) ..	75	..	75		
Pearl	250	12	426	4	
Pheonix	100	15	410		
Planet	100	–	11		
Premier	100	–	48	12	
Sassoon Cotton ..	100	–	22	8	
Sassoon Silk	500	..	460		
Sholapur	1,000	1200	9100		
Simplex..	250	–	118	12	
Sir Shapurji Broacha ..	100	..	52		
Standard	500	100	1225		
Swadeshi	100	18	437	8	
Swan	100	50	160		
Tata Mill O.	500	..	57	8	
Vishnu Cotton O ..	500	90	1700		
Vishnu P.	500	35	525		
Western India Spng. ..	1,000	100	560		

SHARE-MARKET FLUCTUATIONS.

Bombay, Nov, 6.

Ahmedabad ..	..	..	..	360 X.
Bombay Cotton	..	..	..	315
Bombay Dyeing	808-12	808-12	803-12	806-4
Century	393-12	393-12	387-8	387-8
Central India	..	..	..	446-7
Colaba Land	..	..	..	100
Crescent	..	..	..	191-4
Edward Sassoon	..	..	..	120
Fazulbhoy	817-8	821-4	816-4	818-12
Finlay	..	..	..	127-8
Globe	..	..	..	42-8
Gokak	..	..	..	106
Indian Bleaching	..	..	..	196-4
Indore Malwa	..	..	..	365
Kohinoor	..	..	..	875
Madhowjee	..	..	..	95
Mathuradas	..	..	..	90
Meyer Sassoon	..	..	..	95
Mysore	..	..	..	110
New Great	..	..	..	270
Pabaney	..	..	..	241-4
Pearl	..	..	..	426-4
Phoenix	..	..	..	410
Simplex	117-8	121-4	112-8	118-12
Swadeshi	..	445	445 437-8	437-8
Swan Mills	..	..	..	160
Tata Mill	..	..	..	60
MISCELLANEOUS				
Alcock	..	..	..	102-8
Bombay Steam	..	..	..	30
,, Tram Co., Ord	..	..	..	93-12
Bundi Cement	..	..	..	7-12
Indian Cement	..	..	..	28
Central India Mining	..	..	..	31-4
Katni Cement Ord.	..	..	..	30
Shivrajpur	..	..	..	50 8
Tata Hydro ..	836-4	840	833-12	833-12
Tata Iron & Steel, Ord.	..	..	..	11-2
Tata Iron & Steel, Def.	..	..	..	41-4

SHARES.

London, Nov. 5.

Hongkong Bank	£131 1/2
Chartered Bank	£ 19 3/4
National Bank	£ 46 1/2
P. & O. Bank	£ 9 11/16
Eastern Bank	£ 6

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BOMBAY MARKETS

WEEKLY REVIEW.

COTTON.

WEEKLY REVIEW.

FOREIGN MARKETS

Bombay, Nov. 6.

During the week under review, Home markets have been fluctuating, but on the whole show a sharp advance in New York and a small decline in Liverpool as compared with a week ago. Early the market declined on long liquidation and considerable hedge selling, but later improved on short covering and trade buying. At the close the market was firm.

The downward movement, which was in force when writing our last circular, was fully maintained until last Monday, when the selling pressure had apparently spent itself for the time being, and the natural reaction which was certain to come after the extensive short selling and liquidation of old "Bull" accounts, has occurred during the latter part of the week. It cannot be said that any definite change in the situation has taken place to account for this movement, beyond the fact that the recent decline had been so drastic that certain interests have come to the conclusion that it would be wise to secure their profits. The position, however, is rendered all the steadier and sounder for this, as values have quickly appreciated by more than 150 points in New York since their lowest point, and it looks as though this reaction is likely to bring about a good deal of profit-taking and that prices may for the time being again rule over 20 cents.

The weekly Government weather report indicates that the weather during the week was unfavourable, and this leads us to believe that the next Government report which will be out in America on Monday next is likely to show some reduction in the crop estimate than their last report. Already one of the well-posted authorities, viz., the National Ginners' Association, have based their ideas on a crop of not more than 15 million bales with ginners at 11,090.000 bales, and it now remains to be seen what the official document has this time in store for us.

The recent wide fluctuations in prices have hampered trade conditions in Manchester during the week, and until the American markets get settled it is useless to expect a real trade demand. Lancashire has not bought much cotton ahead and even overseas' buyers have placed very few definite offers.

On the whole, as explained above, prices in the immediate future are likely to show further appreciation, but we consider such an advance will prove to be of short duration, as during the heavy crop movement period prices must fall again even below their previous lowest. We, therefore, recommend sales on any temporary rise.

With regard to the position of the local market, prices here are still much above parity compared with Americans, and be at any moment collapse on any weakness in the Home markets or at any rate as soon as arrivals of cotton receipts increase. On the other hand, if there be any recovery in the Home markets we do not expect our market to follow in proportion.

The following were the changes in the Home markets as compared with last week:—

	Last week.	This week.
New York January	19.13	19.83+70
New York March	19.37	20.04+67
New York May	19.50	20.13+63
New York July	19.17	19.55+38
Liverpool January	10.30	10.18—12
Liverpool March	10.40	10.28—12
Liverpool May	10.50	10.37—13
Liverpool July	10.50	10.37—13

PIECE-GOODS.

Bombay, Nov. 6.

An easier feeling has prevailed in the Cloth Market during the past week. The recent heavy decline in American cotton, in consequence of better prospects for supplies and with the possibility of a total output including linters, of over 16,000,000 bales, has scared away the buyers, who think they will gain advantage in prices by waiting. When cotton prices are low, the consumption usually increases, but in spite of this it is not expected that the figure will exceed 14,000,000 bales during the current twelve months. It is but natural that buyers should exercise extreme caution before committing themselves to transactions of any weight. The retail demand that was visible during the previous week has been restricted, and the wholesale enquiry has been conspicuous by its absence. Grey Shirtings of Manchester make have been neglected. Rates of Grey Jaconets have been further cut down, owing to competition amongst the merchants. Liepmann's White Shirtings No. 1500 have been scarce and values have gone up for the little stock in hand, but forward goods can be bought at fair rates. Narrow width Nainsooks have been easier.

The Manchester Market has been easier in sympathy with the decline in the raw material. Spinners of American Yarns, however, have not reduced their quotations to the full extent of the decline in cotton. It is interesting to note that Germany has been buying cotton cloth largely from Manchester. Manufacturers of Mulls, Jaconets and Dhooties have obtained fair orders, and some difficulty has been experienced in giving delivery required by the buyers in certain styles. Makers in Blackburn are in a better position than those in Burnley.

Local mill cloths have remained steady at same rates, the demand being moderate. Owing to the decline in cotton, buyers have been offering to purchase at lower rates. The present stock, sold and unsold, with the mills is said to be nearly 75,000 bales. At a general meeting of the Mill-owners' Association at Ahmedabad, the resolution prohibiting any reduction in the rates of cotton piece-goods has been cancelled, and the mills at Ahmedabad are free to sell at lower rates. This has been a great advantage to Ahmedabad, and also Indore, Nagpur and Sholapur mills, as they can buy low priced cotton and sell at lower rates. The delay in the settlement of the strike is injurious to the interests of the mills here. The resolution moved in the Legislative Council asking Government to appoint a Committee to inquire into the whole question of management of the Bombay mill industry was declared lost, as Government wanted to interfere as little as possible into the private affairs of others and as they could not compel anybody to sit on the Committee and give evidence. It is gratifying to note that some monetary help has been received for the strikers from various Unions. Resumption of work at the mills is not expected for some time yet. In the meantime seeing the mills in such a position, fresh attempts are being made by foreigners to buy up some of the mills, and it is rumoured that one of the mills has been purchased by an English firm having their office in Bombay.

The quotations for the leading chops of Grey and Whites are as under:—

GREY SHIRTINGS—

	Ins. Yds.	Rs.	a.	p.
Ralli's Farl No. 2000	39×3 1/38	11	6	0
„ 100,000	45× „	13	8	0
„ No. 33,000	45× „	10	8	0
„ No. 2800	37× „	9	0	0
„ No. 4545	38×38	11	[illegible]	0
„ No. 15000	44×38	14	0	0
„ No. 16000	„	11	8	0
„ No. 17000	„	12	0	0
Graham's No. 2730	39 „	11	4	0
„ No. 2750	45 „	13	8	0
Dewhursts BBB	38×38 1-2	18	0	0
„ BB	38×38 1-2	16	0	0
„ Rupee No. 5	38×38 1-2	15	0	0
Ritchie's No. 510	39×37 1/2/38	11	4	0
Lyon's Shunker	39× „	11	4	0
Fleming's 1904-1906	45,48,51×38	17	8	0

GREY DRILLS—

		Rs.	a.	p.
Pepperell's Dragon	29×40 Net	19	8	0
Ralli's Musjid No. 425	26×40	14	0	0

GREY JACONETS—

		Rs.	a.	p.
Ralli's No. 18	45×22	6	12	0
„ No. 18	40×22	6	4	0
„ No. 158	40×22	5	9	0
„ No. 636	44×22	6	0	0

WHITE SHIRTINGS—

		Rs.	a.	p.
Liepmann's No.1500	32×42	24	0	0
H. B. T. C. 40000	36×40	27	0	0
Ralli's No. 9889	33×40	17	8	0

WHITE MULLS—

		Rs.	a.	p.
Ralli's No. 6	41×19	7	12	0
„ No. 60	46×19	8	8	0
„ No. 600	51×19	9	4	0
„ No. 6000	56×19	10	12	0
„ No. 88	58×20	7	4	0
„ No. 1270	27×18	3	8	0
„ No. 166	39×20	7	12	0
„ No. 818	39×20	7	14	0
„ No. 1440	36×20	6	0	0
„ No. 1703	52×20 Net	14	14	0
„ No. 224	44×20	7	2	0
Ritchie's No. 1260	27×18	3	8	0
„ No. 119	37×18	4	8	0
„ No. 229	42×18	5	0	0
„ No. 339	47×18	5	8	0
„ 1K-4K	38",43"48"53×18Avg.	5	0	0
„ No. 95	58×20	7	2	0
„ No. 66999	40×18	5	8	0
„ No. 86999	40×18	6	0	0
„ No. 775	40×18	6	0	0
„ No. 875	45×18	6	8	0
„ No. 975	50×18	7	0	0
„ No. 615	50×18	7	0	0
Graham's Balloon	52×20	7	2	0
Flemings No. 8080	26×18	3	6	0

WHITE NAINSOOKS—

		Rs.	a.	p.
Ralli's No. 7070-9090	27×18	4	0	0
„ No. 61-81		3	14	0
„ No. 1850	„	3	2	0
„ No. 1900	„	3	4	0
„ No. 2600	„	3	6	0
„ No. 21021	„	3	8	0
„ No. 39620 T. B.	38×22	6	0	0
Graham's Nos. 88-8888	28×18	4	8	0
„ No. 95950-97970 Saraswati	38×18	8	8	0
„ Tipoo W/WWW	34×18	5	0	0
„ No. 50000	„	5	8	0
„ No. 33340/33350/33360		6	0	0
Lyon's No.4545-5656 6767	26×18	3	14	0
Greaves' No. 8000 T. B.	38×22			
Ritchie's Nos. 3500-4510 5520	26×18	3	14	0
S. W. and Co's. Nos. 5800-5820 "Motor Car"		3	14	0

The above quotations are on Bazaar terms with discount of three and a half per cent on Grey and four per cent on White Goods.

JAPANESE GREY CLOTHS—

			Rs.	a.	p.
No. 666 Shirtings	38×38	Net	10	12	0
„ 2500 Shirtings	36×40	„	17	0	0
„ 5151 „	44×38	„	13	0	0
„ 4141 „	44×38	„	11	4	0
„ 5514 „	44×38	„	11	2	0
„ 3800 „	44×38	„	17	6	0
"C" Sheetings	30×36 Ex. Bond		9	14	0
"J" Dragons	30×36 Ex. Bond		10	2	0
"Elephant" Drills	29×40	„	16	12	0
"Duck" Drills	26×40	„	15	4	0

LOCAL FORWARD MARKET.

Bombay, Nov. 6.

Fully Good M. G. Broach April-May opened on the 30th ultimo at Rs. 388 and advanced to Rs. 390½ on Exporters buying. From this level the market gave way to Rs. 386½ on Commission Houses and general selling. On lower advices received from home on the 31st ultimo the market opened easier at Rs. 378½ and improved to Rs. 380 on Shroffs buying. In consequence of further decline in New York the market opened easier at Rs. 374½ on the 2nd instant and gradually advanced to Rs. 379 on buying by Exporters and Bazar operators. A sharp reaction being reported in New York futures the market opened steady at Rs. 386 on the 3rd instant and gradually improved to Rs. 388 on buying by Shroffs and Commission Houses. On the 4th instant the market opened steady at Rs. 392 and fluctuating within a rupee declined to Rs. 388½ on Commission House selling. On the 5th instant a further advance being reported in America the market opened steady at Rs. 392 and advancing to Rs. 393½ on Shroffs and Commission Houses buying closed at Rs. 391.

Fine Oomra January opened at Rs. 36[illegible] on the 30th ultimo and eased to Rs. 35[illegible] on selling by Commission Houses and Exporters. From this level the prices improved to Rs. 370½ on Bazar operators and Commission Houses buying and the market closed at Rs. 367 on the 5th instant. Whilst March opened at Rs. 363½ on the 30th ultimo and declined to Rs. 355 on Commissin Houses selling. From this level the market steadily advanced to Rs. 373 on buying by prominent Shroffs and Commission Houses, and closed at Rs. 370 on the 5th instant. F. G. Bengal January opened at Rs. 317½ and closed at Rs. 320, the highest being Rs. 323½ and the lowest Rs. 306½. Whilst March opened at Rs. 32[illegible] and closed at Rs. 323, the highest being Rs. 326 and the lowest Rs. 309½.

YARN MARKET.

November 5.

We have to report a slightly better feeling in the yarn market during the week under review and although prices have not improved to any extent since our last, inquiries have broadened and buyers show some inclination to effect purchases, though in small lots at rates which are nearer to the present market quotations than for the past two three weeks. Up-country markets still report a very dull trade and a general loss of confidence but it is believed if the raw material keeps steady at or about this level a better feeling will be in evidence before long. Much however will depend upon the next Bureau report which has been eagerly awaited and if cotton will experience any serious decline it will be difficult to find any improvement in demand. The strike situation does not show any signs of early termination and the dealers are getting convinced that it will take atleast a month before the strike comes to as end. This also has been responsible for producing some further confidence and the feeling on the whole appears to be more hopeful than for some time past.

English Yarns.—The bulk of inquiries has been large and several offers at low sates have been on cables but the actual business booked has been comparatively small. In certain styles however prices have been slowly coming to a workable level and the Import Houses feel very much inclined to bring about some business even at a sacrifice in their margins.

Japanese Yarns.—The turnover has been smaller and prices do not show much improvement owing to restricted inquiries. Although stocks are not very large except in case of single yarns 40s. the position does not show any improvement in the absence of satisfactory buying. Forward business has been very small and inquiries have turned round towards Mercerised yarns alone at the moment. Sampin have again improved and Exchange has gone up to a certain extent. In spite of this dealers have no confidence in the Japanese ways of business and they believe if they wait for some time more they will be able to effect purchases at cheaper rates.

Indian Yarns.—The strike situation remains unchanged with no hopes of any early settlement and if the demand shows some improvement it is evident that the shortage will be felt and the resultant effect for a large offtake. It remains to be seen however what turn the raw material takes in the near future and whether the buyers come forward with confidence to purchase their requirements in large lots especially when they are convinced that soon after the mills' strike is over they will be in a position to obtain very cheap yarns in view of the cotton prices having materially declined. We believe therefore the buying will be hand to mouth for some time to come but the scarcity in several kinds of yarns will help our dealers to a certain extent. China reports are very quiet and other buying centres are not yet able to send any encouraging news. It is reported that owing to the Bombay mills strike having continued very long the up-country mills have been experiencing very good times and have been able to put forward satisfactory sales.

The position is little more hopeful and although we do not look for much improvement in prices we believe offtake will show further improvement before long.

SUGAR MARKET REPORT.

Bombay, Nov. 6.

Since the beginning of this week the reports from all quarters were exciting and with higher prices quoted from Java there were many buyers for all positions and a good business was done in White Javas for November-December at 13s. to 14.6s. and January-March at 13.3s. to 14.9s. F.B. Harbour. Ready sugar is also in good demand and prices have been raised by twelve annas per cwt. Since yesterday there is slight reaction and with profit taking sellers there is a drop of 3 all round. A small business was done in next year crop White Javas for June-September shipment at 14.3s. to 14 5-6s. F. B. H. Karachi and Calcutta reported steadier markets with good business doing. Java ruled very strong and there was a rise of nearly two gilders with good business doing. Trust have sold over 300,000 tons of 1926 drop at 9 gilders. London and America reported a strong market with good demand and a rise of 1s. 6d. over last weeks prices.

The following are the Bazar rates and stocks:—

T. M. O. Rs. 14-8 eq. 14.2d. F. B. Harbour stocks 190,000 bags.

T. M. O. Nov.-Dec. 14s. F. B. Harbour

T. M. O. Jan.-March 14s. 3d. F. B. Harbour.

T. M. O. June-Sept. 1926 14s. 3d. F. B. Harbour.

Arrivals:—

S. S. Nurmahal with 30.000 Bags Java Sugar.

S. S. Gerania with 30,000 Bags Jav Sugar.

MILL STORES.

Bombay, Nov. 6.

Healds, Reeds have no inquiry since, the strike has shown no evidence of an end. Bandings, Bobbins etc. are quiet. Japanese Slubbings Rovings have had small inquiry, the former are quoted at Rs. 25.

Quotations are:—

Healds-Cotton Rs. 1.2.
Healds-Elastic Rs. 20.8.
Reeds Rs. 0-2-1.
Roller Cloth 16 oz. Rs. 8.
Roller Cloth 18 oz. Rs 8-8.
Sizing flannel 72 in. Rs. 4.2.
Bandings rim screll Rs. 1.5.6.
Bandings-tubular Rs. 1.13.
Bandings-spindle Rs. 1.5-6.
Bobbins-Slubbing Rs. 25.
Bobbins-Rovings Rs. 20.
Bobbins-Ring twist 5" Rs. 6-8.
Bobbins-conical 5" Rs. 6.
Bobbins-weft 5 3/8" Rs. 5.8.
Rope Lambeth Rs. 1.13.

CHEMICALS.

Bombay, Nov. 6.

The market ruled dull—the strike continuing the demand was very poor. Sago Farina, Dextrine all evinced little interest and importers have shown anxiousness to dispose off the stocks, even at cut prices. Sodium, Brown, Litharge, Hydrosulphide all ruled steady, but the whole market is quite conspicuous by an absence of demand.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Bombay, Nov. 7.

3½ per cent Rupee Paper Rs. 68-7.

4 per cent Conversion Loan due 1931-50 Rs. 86-8.

5 per cent, War Loan due 1929-47 Rs. 95/8

5 per cent Loan due 1935 Rs. 95/12.

5 per cent. Loan (Tad Free) Due 1933, Rs 99/8.

5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) Due 1945-55, Rs. 99-8

5½ per cent War Bonds (Tax Free) Due 1928 Rs. 105-3.

6 per cent. Bonds (Tax Free) Due 1926, Rs. 100-8

6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) Due 1927, Rs. 101-7.

6 per cent. Bonds (Tax Free) Due 1930, Rs 103/10.

6 per cent. Bonds (Tax Free) Due 1931, Rs. 104-4.

6 per cent. Bonds (Tax Free) Due 1933, Rs. 105

6½ per cent. Bombay Development Loan (Tax Free) due 1935 Rs. 108-14.

4 per cent Port Trust due 1974 Rs. 75.

4 per cent Municipal Due 1974 Rs. 75.

6 per cent Bombay Municipal Due 1954 Rs. 101-14.

4 per cent. Improvement Trust Due 1974, Rs. 75.

6 per cent. Municipal Due 1929-49, Rs. 100-8.

Tone of Market:—Steady.

STOCKS, ETC.

London, Nov. 5.

Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90 £86 5/8 unchanged.

Victory Bonds 4 per cent £92 7/8 unchanged.

War Loan 5 per cent 1929/47 £99 13/16 —1/16.

Conversion Loan £75 7/16 —1/16.

Indian Loan 5½ per cent £102 1/4 unchanged.

Indian Loan 7 per cent £104 1/2 —1/2.

Consols 2½ per cent £55 unchanged.

Rupee Paper 3½ per cent £51 nominal unchanged.

Indian Stock 3½ per cent (Sterling Loan) £67 1/2 unchanged.

Govt. Securities 3 per cent £57 1/2 unchanged.

MOCATTA'S SILVER REPORT.

London, Nov. 5.

Market developed weaker tendency and with the exception of 3rd November rise the price has fallen continuously. On most days China was substantial seller and America has been inclined to offer in the afternoon. Practically the only support in the market has been the covering orders for India and other operators, so that there has been little opposition to selling, which was on considerable scale. While Messrs. Mocatta do not expect to see China continuing to offer to the same extent as recently, they see no reason to anticipate recovery to the levels that were ruling last month.

BARLEY.

London, Nov. 5.

Karachi Barley 36/- O.-N. nominal.

KEEP YOUR BLOOD PURE

The baneful effects of a tropical climate on the blood speedily rob it of its vitality and encourage anaemic conditions. The first signs of this are ragged nerves, general irritability, and a feeling of depression caused by a sluggish liver. Keep your blood pure and combat all disease by taking "KUTNOW'S" Powder.

"KUTNOW'S" Powder dissolves all trace of Uric Acid from the blood thereby banishing Rheumatism, Gout and Lumbago from the system, and instantly tones up your liver to the highest pitch of vitality.

KUTNOW'S POWDER

THE EMPIRE'S PREMIER HEALTH SALINE.
From all stores and bazaars
Sole Agents
for Bombay Presidency—
FRAMJEE & SONS.
14/16, Green Street,
FORT .... BOMBAY.

Following in Grandpa's Footsteps.

Willie's got it too!

For health, vigour and jollity there is nothing to choose between them.

When your children get tired, mopey or naughty for no apparent reason, there is something wrong with their health. Their spirits won't be right until their health is right.

There is one safe simple way to remedy all the minor ills of childhood; that is to stir a tiny dose of Kruschen Salts into the child's tea, cocoa or porridge every morning. Half as much as will cover a silver 4-anna piece is enough, and they will never taste it. It will put their little bodies right, and the next morning they will wake up laughing and happy and with "that Kruschen feeling" of vigorous health.

Don't let them get ill, for the sake of less than an anna a week. Get a bottle of Kruschen Salts now.

Kruschen Salts

GOOD HEALTH FOR AN ANNA A WEEK.
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BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

◆

ENGAGEMENTS

TO-DAY.

S. S. "Ranchi", with English mails, leaves at 1 p.m.

Public lecture at Bombay Students' Brotherhood, Sandhursts Road on "The Vital Place of Architecture," Mr. Phiroze C. Sethna presiding, 6-15 p.m. (S.T.)

Public meeting of Swarajists. Speeches on the "Programme of the Swaraj Party (Pt. Motilal Nehru one of the speakers,) Marwadi Vidyalaya, 6 p.m., Mr. J. M. Mehta to preside.

Public lecture by Prof. Claude Batley, with magic lantern slides, on "The Place of Architecture in the Indian Renaissance Movement" at the Bombay Students' Brotherhood, Sandhurst Road, Mr. Phiroze C. Sethna presiding, 6-15 p.m. (S.T.)

Presentation of Address to the Hon. Mr. V. J. Patel, by Bandra Municipality, 6 p.m.

MONDAY, Nov. 9.

Public meeting of Swarajists. Pt. Motilal to speak, Marwadi Vidyalaya

	Sunrise	Sunset.
Nov. 7 (Sat.)	6h. 41m.	6h. 4m.
Nov. 8 (Sun.)	6h. 42m.	6h. 4m.
Nov. 9 (Mon.)	6h. 42m.	6h. 4m.
Nov. 10 (Tue.)	6h. 43m.	6h. 3m.
Nov. 11 (Wed.)	6h. 43m.	6h. 3m
Nov. 12 (Thu.)	6h. 44m.	6h. 3m.

Domestic Occurrence.

◆

DEATH.

PADMAVANTI—Beloved wife of Mr. Dwarkadas Vallabhdas Mehta, died on Friday, the 6th November 1925, at 9 p.m. The Uthamna ceremony will take place at Damodar Mansion Opera House Tram Terminus, (on Saturday the 7th November, 1925, at 4 p.m. (B.T.)) The residence of Mr. Parshotamdas Vallabhdas.

Telegraph Notification.—Owing to several lines being destroyed by fire between Prome and Rangoon and to unsatisfactory communication via Assam, telegrams to and from Burma are liable to very serious delay.

Postal Notice.—Mails for Ceylon, the Straits Settlements, China, and Japan per S.S. "Soudan" will be closed at the General Post Office at 10 a.m. on Tuesday, the 10th inst.

Bombay Provincial Congress Committee.—A joint meeting of the General Body of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee and the Swaraj Party will be held at the Congress House to-morrow (Sunday) at 4 p.m. (S.T.).

National Congress.—Gentlemen wishing to have family quarters for themselves during the Congress Session should communicate their intention to the Secretary, Congress delegate camp committee, Cawnpore, at the latest by the 30th of November, 1925.

"Vital Place of Architecture."—Under the auspices of the Bombay Students' Brotherhood, Prof. Claude Batley, Vice-President of the Bombay Architectural Association, will deliver a public lecture on "The Vital Place of Architecture in Indian Renaissance Movement" with the aid of magic lantern slides at the Brotherhood premises, Sandhurst Road, Girgaum today (Saturday) at 6-15 p.m. (S.T.), when Mr. Phiroze C. Sethna will preside.

Tenants' Meeting.—In order to welcome Capt. Gilbert Lodge, the Hon. President "Tenants' Welfare Institute," who has just returned from England, there will be a public meeting in the "Marwadi Vidyalaya Hall" on behalf of the "Bombay Ownership Housing and Tenants' Welfare Institute" to-day at 5-30 p.m. under the presidentship of Mr. Rustam B. Paymaster, when Mr. Narayen Rao Kulkerny, the Organising Secretary, will deliver a lecture on the "Advantages of Tenant Ownership Housing and Tenants' Welfare Movement, through the Development Departmental Revised Financial System." Amongst the speakers will be Messrs. Muncherji Joshi, E. Woodfall, K. J. Dubash, A. C. Warner, Framji Billia, J. W. Gomes, S. A. Mantri, J. K. Parulker, Gustasp Namdar, Capt. Gilbert-Lodge and Mr. H.J. Davies. All tenants of Bombay are requested to attend.

Address to Hon. Mr. V. J. Patel.—An address will be presented by the Bandra Municipality to the Hon. Mr. V. J. Patel President, Legislative Assembly, to-day (Saturday) at 6 p.m. at the Sir D. M. Petit Schools, Bandra.

Band at Dadar-Matunga Colony.—By the permission of the Officer Commanding and Officers, the Band of the 1/4th Bombay Grenadiers will play a programme of music at the Dadar-Matunga Colony to-morrow (Sunday) commencing at 6 p.m. (S.T).

Radio Concert.—A concert programme of Vocal and Instrumental Music arranged by Mr. T. Campbell Rogers will be broadcast by the Bombay Presidency Radio Club to-day (Saturday) at 9-30 p.m. Call Sign 2 F.V. Wavelength 387 Metres. A Tea Dance will be held at the Club premises (Sailor's Home) for Members and guests to-day (Saturday) at 6 p.m.

Gloria Church, Byculla.—The feast of our Lady of Glory takes place to-morrow (Sunday). To-day (Saturday) there will be Solemn Vespers at 6-30 p.m. and Solemn Mass with Exposition, Procession, Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament at 9 a.m. on the 8th November. The Rev. Fr. J. Bigland will preach on the occasion.

Swami Sharvanand's Discourse.—Srimat Swami Sharvananda, President of the Ramakrishna Mission Branch, Madras will give a public discourse in English on the Teachings of Sri Ramakrishna at the newly opened Sri Ramakrishna Mission Ashram, Khar, at 9 a.m. to-morrow (Sunday).

Salsette Taluka Congress Committee.—At the annual general meeting of the Salsette Taluka Congress Committee the annual report of the Committee was read and was passed. The new managing Committee was also elected and the following members were elected as Office-bearers:—

President:—Mr. Bhagwant Appa Padhye. Vice President:—1. Mr. Dattatraya Mahadeo Damle, (2) Mr. Mangaldas Devidas. Secretaries:—1. Mr. Ganesh Laxman Joshi 2 Mr. Shankar Vinayak Karnik, 3. Mr. Baboo Devi Sahai Baijpai, 4. Mr. Moreshwar Sitaram Nimkar. Treasurer:—Shet Harji Jadhaoji. Auditor:—Mr. Hari Krishnaji Joshi.

BRITISH FOOTBALL.

◆

LONDON, Nov. 5.

In the Association Football match Oxford University beat the Navy by 5 goals to 2.

Under the Rugby Union rules to-day Glamorgan beat Western Counties by 24 points to 18 at Neath.

In the County Championship Kent lost to Surrey by 5 points to 17 at Blackheath and East Midlands beat Warwickshire by 13 points to 5 at Northampton.—Reuter's Special.

BULLION.

◆

Bombay, Nov. 6.

Sovereigns Ready Rs. 13/4/6.
Sovereigns Forward Rs. 13/5/0.
National Bank Bar Gold Rs 21/6/9.
Bar gold ready Rs. 21/3/3.
Bar gold forward Rs. 21/3/9.
Bar gold 2nd setelement Rs. 21/4/0.
Bar silver ready Rs. 72/11/0.
Bar silver 1st settlement Rs. 72/11/0.
Bar silver 2nd settlement Rs. 72/3/0.

London, Nov. 5.

Bar gold ready s. 84-11 1/2.
Silver ready d. 32.2.
Silver forward d. 31/14.

TONE OF SILVER:—

Steady. China has sold to-day.

GUJARAT KALA SAMAJ.

◆

A SUCCESSFUL PERFORMANCE.

◆

The Gujarat Kala Samaj Amateurs gave their first performance in Bombay on Thursday night, before a large and appreciate audience, the play staged being 'Shankit Hridaya." Sheth Mathuradas Vasanji Khimji presided. The play itself is a very ordinary one. The plot centres round a love story. The youngman, actuated by motives of humanitarian and patriotic service turns a deaf ear to proposals of marriage. It is difficult to understand why the playwright chooses to bring him down from the high pedestal and makes him grovel in the dust of the commonest of common weakness. His fall is sudden and inexplicable. That can certainly not be the stuff of a hero who is sincerely devoted to the cause of the poor and down-trodden. The aim of the dramatist in laying before the public a character, which develops by fits and starts and is at best a despair of young enthusiasts is hard to make out. Perhaps he has no well-defined and clear aim. A part of the plot is a mere disconnected patch work; an agglomeration of disjointed incidents and events having little bearing on the main plot, if there is one at all. But the performance was decidedly successful. The enthusiastic, educated youngmen deserved well of the Bombay public and their efforts were properly rewarded and one hopes they will be still more handsomely rewarded in the two performances which the amateurs are going to-night and to-morrow. The audience is not so much impressed by the music of Vilasini, acting of Kunjvihari and Chidgham as by the ready wit and Swiftian sallies of Kavi, whose part was admirably performed by Mr. Motichand Mody. A word about the female characters. They are too foppish even for a Gujarati stage. Can they not restrict their gesticulation and profuse movement of the hands. Not a sentence but is accompanied by a broad and needless movement of the hand and head! We are not so vivacious in our every day life. But these are shortcomings which are but too common to the Gujarati stage. The Amateurs are doing a service to the Gujarati public by promoting the cause of the Gujarati stage. Bombay is ever ready to help the cause of philanthropy and humanity. Here there is art coupled with philanthropy and cosmopolitan Bombay, we hope, will extend to the amateurs a hearty and generous response.

Mrs. Naidu in the course of her message of encouragement to the amateurs states:

I hope that the people of this cosmopolitan city will accord a cordial welcome to the talented group of cultured men and women whose philanthropy is informed and enriched with a tone of charity and arts.

A PARSEE BIOGRAPHY

◆

KHAN BAHADUR DR. DAJI'S LIFE-SKETCH.

Mr. Maneck Hormasjee Dadachanji has under preparation a life-sketch of the Parsi philanthrophist Khan Bahadur Dr. Jehangir Khurshedjee Daji. The work is almost complete and will published soon. This will be a companion volume to the same author's biography of the late Sir Shapurji Broacha. The author has already collected as many details and interesting incidents regarding the Doctor's life as he could, not he requests the public to let him know if any event or incident of special interest they may be acquainted with about Dr. Daji.

The necessity for this public request arises from the fact that Dr. Daji being of a very shy and retiring disposition it is very difficult to glean any information from him in this connection.

VOLUNTEER YOUR SERVICES

◆

Maulana Shaukat Ali has issued the following appeal:—

"Dr. Hardiker, the General Secretary of the Hindustani Seva Dal, had been to Cawnpore and reports that a large number of Hindu and Muslim volunteers would be needed to control the large influx of visitors to the Congress. As the President of the Hindustani Seva Dal for the year, I would appeal to Hindu and Mussalman young men in my own province to join the Congress Volunteer Corps in their hundreds. U.P. Government by arresting several prominent workers has further hampered work. This is more the reason that efficient volunteers in large numbers must be at the disposal of the Congress Reception Committee."

R. M. S. "RANCHI."

◆

At the invitation of Messrs. Mackinnon Mackenzie and Co. Agents of P. and O. Steam Navigation Co. several prominent citizen of Bombay and their friends visited R. M. S. "Ranchi" 16,600 tons gross, with 15,000 horse power yesterday evening at the Ballard Pier. The guests had a good view of the boat and dispersed after partaking of refreshments provided by the hosts.

MONEY MARKET.

◆

EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Nov. 16.

B. C. RATE—
Bank's selling T. T. 1/6 1-8.
Bank's selling D D 1/6 5/32.

LONDON—
Bank's selling T. T. 1/6 5/32.
Bank's selling D. D. 1/6 3/16.
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A 1/6 13/32
Bank's buying T. T. 1/6 3/16.
Bank's buying D. D. 1/6 7/32.

PARIS—
Bank's selling D D Frcs. 875.
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A Frcs. 950.
Bank's buying D D Frcs. 935.

JAPAN—
Bank's selling T T Rs. 115½.
Bank's buying 60 D/st D P Rs. 111½.

HONGKONG—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 159½.

SHANGHAI—
London—Berlin Marks 208½.

SINGAPORE—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 156 3/4.

NEW YORK—
Bank's selling D. D. Rs. 274.

CROSS RATES—
London—New York Dols. 4.84 13/16.
London—Paris Frcs. 122.12.
London—Switzerland Frcs. 25.14.
London—Brussels Frcs 107.00.
London—Rome Liras 123.00
London—Berlin Marks 20.30.

ONE OF EXCHANGE—
Exchange Market was quiet.

London, Nov. 5.

Rentes 3 per cent 43 3/4.
Bar Silver (Spot) 32 1/8.
Bar Silver 2 months hence 31 7/8.
Closing Tone of Silver:—China sold London speculators bought. Closed steady.
Interest day to day loans 3 7/8.
Interest 7 days market loans 3 1/8.
Discount, Bank of England Rate 4 per cent since 1/10/25.
Bar sold £53,000.

BOMBAY EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

◆

Bombay, Nov. 6.

	Market Rates
Bank Telegraphic	1/6 5/32
Bank Demand	1/6 3/16
Doc. Acceptance 3m/s	1/6 7/16
Frcs. Demand	875
American Dollars	274
Hongkong Dollars	157½
Shanghai	208 1/2
Japan	115 1/4
Singapore	156 3/4

Market steady.

EXCHANGE ON CONTINENTAL CENTRES—MIDDLE QUOTATIONS.

◆

Stockholm	18.13
Oslo	22.80
Amsterdam	12.04
Switzerland	25.15

New York, Nov. 5.

Demand Bills 48450

London, Nov. 5.

Exchange on London in Paris 122.00.
—Do—Germany not quoted.
—Do—Italy 123.00

London, Nov. 5.

The Bank of England Returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results.

Total Bullion £149,000,000 Decrease 1,300,000.
Public Deposits £14,200,000 Increase 3,100,000.
Other Deposits £105,800,000 Increase 3,200,000.
Government Securities £35,200,000 Increase, 5,000,000.
Other Securities £75,100,000 Increase 1,000,000.
Notes and Gold £27,400,000 Increase 300,000.

The Bank Reserve is 22.7 per cent. of the Liabilities.

DISCOUNTS.

◆

London, Nov. 5.

Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st 3 15/16.
Discount Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st 4 1/8
Discount Fine Trade Bills 3 m/st 4 1/2.
Discount Fine Trade Bills 6 m/st 4 3/4.
Rentes 5 per cent 14.

LONDON DISCOUNTS.

◆

Bombay, Nov. 6.

3 Months 3 15/16.
6 Months 4-3/16 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 4 per cent.
Money Call 1½ per cent.
1 month 1-3/4 to 2 per cent,
3 months 3 per cent,
6 months 4½ per cent.
Imperial Bank of India Rate 5 per cent.
Tone of Money Market.—Unchanged.

Mc GARTH'S PUPPETS.

◆

2nd EDITION IN SWING.

◆

Though the artistic merit of the Puppets cannot be put in the rank of the sensational, the company manages to get fair audiences. Last night they introduced the Second Edition which by the way began a trifle late and was exhausted at half-past eleven.

Those who came out best were Olla Bradley and Will Bishop, the latter scoring high in his flexible poses and sure timing as a dancer. "Farmer Hay" was a jingle of cackling repetition, interspersed with laboured jokes. The duet in "Sweet Seventeen" had some musical merit. The best was "April's Lady," a quaint performance of sense and melody in which the Peaches were shown to advantage. Revue Companies generally make parody of life situations, but in "Wedding Days" and in the "Poor Little Rich Girl" there was conformity with sober custom and pure family advice, and where they lacked in guffawing fun, they gained in the lessons of orthodox propriety. In "My Cello Man" Olla Bradley was a success, but the principals in "Tenesse" just managed to avert failure. The comedian had to transact thin jokes in the second edition. The "Shores" was a banal item. As there are four more editions, the public may rely upon the "Puppets" to do better and bring the standard up to the first issue.

M. SETHNA'S HARANGUE.

◆

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Mr. P. C. Sethna, the chairman of Indian Merchants' Chamber at the end of his presidential speech on 5th inst. attempted to marshal an array of attack against some of his trenchant critics of his views on currency commission. With all due deference for his public activity and his independent views on the Currency Commission, may I, Mr. Editor, take leave to point out that it is against all principles and procedure of public meeting, that the president should at the very outset attempt to prejudice the meeting and ask the members present in plain language to vote on one side only.

And not content with this unconstitutional method of prejudicing the meeting, he grew red-hot, flung his fist in the air, and bullied and thundered. May I with all decency and decorum of language request Mr. Sethna to enlighten me on the point, what useful purpose was going to be served by letting loose all dynamic forces of anger and wrath. Would not the same purpose have been served, if he had continued with the same patience and prudence which characterised the first part of his speech.

Though I was one among those who held the view that the Chamber should give evidence before the Currency Commission and voted accordingly, yet I very much regretted to witness such a spectacle of bullyism in the Chamber, and as closure was applied. I was not allowed to express my views.—Yours, etc.

HIRALAL M. DESAI.

Nov 6.

THE WEATHER.

◆

SIMLA, Nov. 6.

Western depression over North-west India has caused widespread rain from North Central Provinces to Kashmir but is less marked. Rainfall has been nearly general in West United Provinces, East and North Panjab, Kashmir, Central India East and local in North-west Frontier Province, Sind, West Central Provinces and South East Madras. A few falls have occurred in Gujarat.

Chief amounts are:—Meerut and Mukteswar half an inch, Dehra Dun one, Mussooree and Dalhousie two, Simla one and a half. Delhi three quarters, Murree, Rawalpindi, Sonamarg, Sutna and Saugor half Trivandrum one and Madras three-quarters.

Forecast.—Decrease in Northwest India.—A. P.

FOR HER MASTER.

◆

MISS M. SLADE ARRIVES IN INDIA.

TO MEET MAHATMA AT ASHRAM.

◆

Miss Madeleine Slade, the young English lady who has recently become a convert to Gandhi cult arrived in Bombay by the s.s. Kaiser-i-Hind" yesterday Friday). She was received on the Mole by a few of personal admirers of Gandhiji. As soon as she landed she was received in a right Indian style and conveyed to a motor car that was waiting outside. She drove straight to Mrs. Perin Captain's bungalow at Napean Sea Road.

She left Bombay by Gujrat Mail the same night for Satyagrahashram, Sabarmati, where she intends putting up.

Interviewed by a "Chronicle" representative, Miss Slade courteously declined to give anything to the press. "I am glad to see you, but I have nothing to give to the press. I am going straight to see my Master at Ahmedabad and then decide upon my future plans."

Requested to pose for the camera she at first showed her unwillingness but eventually graciously consented to go through the ordeal.

Miss Slade is the daughter of Admiral Sir Edward Slade, ex-Commander of the East Indies Squadron. She came to know of Gandhiji and his views in France more intimately through Romain Roland and she was so attracted with Mahatma's doctrines that she has made the venture of coming out to India and see him for herself.

A PANCHGANI FIASCO.

◆

(From a Correspondent.)

What might otherwise have been the most turbulent meeting ever held at Panchgani but for the tactful withdrawal of the saner secion of the Panchgani public from it terminated only as a tame and one-sided affair:—

Mr. H. D. Satarawalla, a member of the present Municipal Board had convened a public meeting of the residents, rate-payers and electors of Panchgani on the 2nd instant to consider measures to be taken to put the local municipal administration on a sound and satisfactory working basis as also to condemn the action of the Municipality for having allowed Dr. Vakil who happens to be the President of the Municipality to erect a building alleged to be a chawl in contravention of some rules of the town planning scheme. The whole town of Panchgani had been agitated over the subject matter of the meeting for some time past and it would appear that barring an insignificant minority led by Mr. Satarawalla the bulk of the population saw no reason to be dissatisfied with the present Municipal Board. It was too much to expect that every one present would see eye to eye with Mr. Satarawalla and as the public desired that the subject matter should be impartially gone through two members of the public proposed that an independent President be elected to conduct the proceedings of the meeting instead of Mr K. F. Modi, as prearranged by the conveners of the meeting. This show of independence on the part of the public came as a bombshell to the convenors and proved too much for them to put up with and friends of the conveners, started attacking the public because the proposal of an independent president was apparently not acceptable to them. The public numbering over 200 took offence at the unparliamentary language of these gentlemen and left the hall leaving a handful of friends of Mr. Satarawalla to conduct the proceedings in any arbitrary fashion they pleased and held an open air meeting where resolutions were passed strongly protesting against the improper and irregular ways in which the so-called public meeting had been conducted and expressing full confidence of the public in the present Municipal Board. The other "public meeting" went on merrily indulging in all sorts of strictures and insinuations against the present Municipal Board in general and office-bearers in particular.

NEW YORK & LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKETS.

DAILY TELEGRAPHIC QUOTATIONS.

(From Cotton Telegraphic Information Service.)
Ismail Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.

January. 6th November 1925.

Market.	Closing rate on previous day.	Opening rate.	Closing rate	Difference.
NEW YORK	19.83	19.76 —.07	not received	
LIVERPOOL	10.18	10·45 +.27	10.56	+.38

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The Bombay Chronicle.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1925.

THE FIRST BOUT.

Imagine the posture of a man who shouts brave defiance and who at the same time stands with folded hands: a ludicrous picture, but such, unfortunately is the figure cut by the Indian Merchants' Chamber at the extraordinary meeting on Thursday. After having put forward peremptory demands on currency policy and the composition of the Commission, the Chamber has collapsed into flaccid bathos. The party of drastic and consistent conduct have for the moment been beaten, but they have the consolation that they sought fearlessly to interpret the no-confidence declarations of the Chamber. Generally it is the minority that is dubbed noisy and turbulent, but at the meeting of the Chamber the honours of threatening vociferation were carried by the majority. The minority has time on its side and as the proceedings of the Commission mature into the stage of recommendations, the minority will be able to challenge the loyalists and ask them what earthly use was their bleating opportunism. We still hold, impenitently, that it is a profitless blunder to co-operate with a Commission heavily packed for the registration of preconceived opinion, and that it is an act of self-stultification for any responsible Indian to waste his breath after the condemnation of the Legislative Assembly. Things have come to such a pass that many regard criticisms of the Commission as a personal affront to the quartette described by Mr. Pheroze Sethna as the martyrs of the controversy. If the elders of the Chamber displayed against Government a tithe of the pugnacity they reveal in family-discipline, they would have given an effective lead to the country and redeemed the credit of the Chamber. All their thunder was reserved for the presumptuous few who held co-operation with a packed Commission to be a futile confession of defeat. Usefulness apart, they contended that the least they should do against pre-judged decisions was to retain their self-respect and let the palanquin pass. For these enormities they were hooted and intimidated at the meeting. Mr. Pheroze Sethna whose speech consisted of false grievances and bitter diatribes will do well to consider the meaning of the thunderbolts launched against the dissidents. A great preacher of the principle of impersonal controversy, he set an atrocious example of veiled vilification, and his followers joined the attack in guerilla style. As the minority expected an outburst, they took it in good humour, but the meeting has advertised it before the Government and the public that the Chamber is all bark and no bite. The Government won the day in the Chamber.

Before we criticise the argument of Mr. Pheroze Sethna, we would like to say a word about the tone and temper of his speech. As Mr. Sethna is a believer in the dual capacity of individuals, personal and public, we give him leave to justify his conduct either way. A resolution was to come before the meeting, and before it was even moved, Mr. Sethna started a harangue in opposition to it. The more decent course would have been to explain the purposes of the meeting, to control its proceedings and sum up the arguments before the vote. When the irregularity was pointed out to him, he fulminated in the full confidence of subservient applause and he want on with his business of opposing a motion before its ever being proposed. Incongruities did not daunt him, for it was his purpose to stampede the audience against the requisitionists and he flung objectionable epithets at individuals and news-papers. One journal in which we are interested—to be explict the "Chronicle" itself—was in his eyes and nostrils emitting language worthy of fishmongers. Mr Sethna has the advantage of us in being an authority, but dare he accept the challenge that he ought as a gentleman to substantiate his description or withdraw the slander? We offer the challenge and wait to see if he does not prefer the urchin's prank of writing on the wall and running away. A mill-owner recently told us that since the strike he had noticed the comment of certain newspapers deteriorating; indeed they were becoming vulgar and offensive. Similarly Mr. Sethna's notion of newspapers going to the dogs in the course of the last month may be due to the fact that strident opposition to the sacred Currency Commission had synchronised with the period. Mr. Sethna, who sensitively observes the nasal effects of pisciculture, ought to consider the singularity of the coincidence. In his extremity of logic, he dragged in the Hunter Committee and warned that any recalcitrancy now would cause them later to grieve over it in the manner of those who continuously regret the Hunter boycott. The analogy is all in favour of the boycotters. Does Mr. Sethna know that many associations and individuals boycotted the Lee Commission without the slightest detriment to India? The Indian Association of Calcutta, the orthodox pillar of sobriety, sent a curt note saying that as the loot was a foregone conclusion they did not propose to waste their time giving evidence. The present Currency Commission is a rubber-stamp device and deserves no better courtesy. Some of the gentlemen who dread "judgment going by default" must be grieving that by refusal, the Lee Commission was, perchance, misled into handing over a couple of crores to the sweated Services.

The caucus-management and banking interests hold independent opinion in fee; that is the secret of dense loyalty to the bosses. The Imperial Bank has six representatives on the Commission and the Commission is expected impartially to consider questions like the control of the currency and the management of funds by the Bank. Other foreign banks are pleased with the constitution of the Commission and the bosses of finance would prefer to have no jar in the progress and work of the Commission. Independent opinion can be asserted only at great risk and when it comes it has to face unworthy interjections like those of Mr. Ramji. The view that the Commission should be cheered along, may in some cases be genuine but in all cases it has the safety of floating with the current. In Bombay, it is easy for a few big men to commandeer the votes of subsidiary trade, some sections of which relish a high Blackettian exchange however manipulated. As Mr. Joshi said at the public meeting, this is a Commission that ignores the people and suits only the big interests. The Southern India Chamber at least thinks that representations before it will fall on deaf ears. That Chamber talked little and wired less than our Chamber. The difference is noteworthy. The Indian Chamber has shown itself to be like the puny puncher who said that he could abuse and challenge even the biggest bruiser—provided the conversation was over a long-distance telephone. That self-will and domination determined the vote of the Chamber was clear to impartial listeners. The minority may now amuse themselves by watching the monumental results of their opponents standing by the Commission. They can afford to do it and perhaps a little more; for they are still as healthy and scathless as Daniel out of the lions' den.

THE UNEXPIATED CRIME.

The situation in Syria, especially in and around Damascus, is growing from bad to worse. The ravages of the French army continue with unabated vigour the object being the terrorization of the people into submission. According to the despatch of the London "Times" representative published in the "Statesman", "the people of Damascus are thoroughly depressed but there may be detected under their subdued appearance a keen irritation and resentment on the fate which has befallen the city which is still only a shadow of its former glory On October 28, says the United Press correspondent, whose reports are published in the "Times of India", prominent inhabitants offered any sanctions for the cessation of the bombardment but the commander is reported to have replied that he would not enter into negotiations till 3 p.m., when the bombardment was due to end. Could cold-blooded brutality further go? The London "Times" correspondent also reports the burning by the French of villages in which the "brigands" are reported to have been allowed rest or provisions, a practice which daily adds to the number of houseless and starving persons whose number is now over 80,000. The conscience of humanity has been shocked by the atrocities perpetrated and still being perpetrated by the agents of France against a people whose only desire is to be free in their own country What action has France taken to expiate the crime? General Saraail has been recalled and a Civil High Commissioner has been appointed in his place. This action has saved the life of the French Government who have received what is practically a vote of confidence on their motion to postpone a parliamentary debate on the subject. They have made a declaration attributing "the painful events in Syria to the wave of agitation sweeping from China to Morocco". They have, they add, "opened an enquiry and will appoint a Civil Commissioner. The sole aim of the Government is to hasten, in conformity with the terms of the League mandate, the time when the people of Syria will be capable of self-government." The French have, indeed, hastened self-government by laying into ruins the loveliest and most ancient Arab city and by committing barbarities surpassing those of the Germans during the war! Meanwhile, they have sought to hoodwink the outraged world by publishing an official account of the Damascus massacre in which we are asked to believe that as a result of several hours' bombardment the Syrians lost only 200 killed, while a discreet silence is maintained regarding the two heaviest counts in the indictment against their agents that the latter bombarded the city without allowing women and children and innocent persons to escape and that the bombardment was continued for many hours despite the assurance of the Damascus notables that the "rebels" had left the city.

No self-respecting people, who have passed through the ordeal to which the people of Syria have been subjected would for a day tolerate being ruled by the violators of their national honour and it is not surprising that the whole of Syria is now in revolt. The French people had once the reputation of a freedom-loving people but imperialism has had its blighting effect on their national characteristics. Their misdeeds in Syria have blackened their record for all time and how complete has been the process of national demoralisation is evidenced by the attitude of the French Socialist. By their silence over the Syrian atrocities and their abstention from voting which has enabled the Painleve Government to continue in office, they have betrayed the cause of civilisation and of Socialism itself. The French Socialists have been weighed and found wanting and it is hardly to be expected that the League, which is dominated by France and her Allies, will successfully stand the test. As soon as the truth about the atrocites leaked out the French authorities sought to prevent the people from leaving Syria with a view to suppress news and now that the Mandates Commission delegation has arrived they are alleged to be forcing the inhabitants to sign documents justifying their atrocious deeds. These documents will be used for the general purpose of whitewashing the French crime. Already the process of whitewashing has commenced with the publication of the official account; and the head of the greatest Muslim Power in the world has not been slow in making his own contribution to this process Referring to Syria Mr. Baldwin says "Our growing sensibility to wrong wherever committed is a good thing but censure should be tempered with the remembrance of our own shortcoming and the full sense of the difficulty of the task imposed on the Great Powers by the mandatory system." In view of the Jallianwala Bagh massacre and the coercive methods adopted in Iraq and Palestine to dragoon the people into submission to the British mandates, Mr Baldwin could hardly denounce the French barbarities with a clear conscience. But this fact only emphasises the difficulty, if not the impossibility, of securing justice for oppressed peoples by a League which is a creature of the Mandatory Powers. Hakim Ajmal Khan voices the view of all Asia when in his cable to the Secretary-General of the League of Nation he says that "an end cannot be put to these recurring horrors without putting an end to the entire system of mandate which promises to create an overflowing stream of human blood and is sowing the seeds of permanent warfare in Asia". If, therefore, the League of Nations is to be an instrument of peace justice among nations that is, if it is able to work as a free agent, it must restore complete freedom to the people of the mandated territories by abolishing the mandate system altogether.

Notes of the Day.

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The Sikh Prisoners.

The resolutions passed by the Shiromani Gurdwara Prabhandak Committee at its meeting on Thursday will command the approval of all right-minded people in the country. The Committee has once again expressed its opinion that "notwithstanding certain shortcomings the Sikh Gurdwaras Act which has been placed on the Statute Book with the mutual deliberations of the Sikh Councillors and the representatives of the Government satisfies most of the fundamental requirements of the Gurdwaras reform to a great extent." At the same time it reiterates its conviction, a conviction which the whole country shares with it, that if all prisoners convicted or under trial who have been the pioneers of the movement and have made enormous sacrifices for it, are not restored to liberty, "the deep sentiment of the community in this matter will render it quite impossible for it to work the act." The Committee has by passing these resolutions shown that it is keenly anxious to secure peace at all cost except compromising with its self-respect. If the Government of the Punjab insist on their humiliating conditions regarding the release of prisoners, they will, by their attitude of melancholy meanness, give yet another proof that on their part there is no genuine desire for peace.

Lalaji and the Liberal Mentality.

Lala Lajpatrai has given an effective and prompt rejoinder to the criticism of the "Servants of India" of his advice to Nationalists that it was useless for them under the present political conditions in India to accept office under the Crown. We hope the "Servant of India" will profit by the answer and bear in mind Lalaji's reasoning, the next time it professes to castigate nationalist opinion on this subject. The Poona journal caustically asked: "If Indian nature is so weak and so treacherous that the strongest of them must succumb to every temptation that comes their way, how does Lalaji propose, one wonders to wrest self-government from British hands through such agency?" The paper asserts that Lalaji is "superlatively suspicious of Englishmen," and that, according to him, "it is right unofficially to exert influence, but wrong, officially to exert power." Lala Lajpatrai reminds the Liberal journal how very uncomfortable the best of Liberals felt when he officially exerted power as a Minister in the United Provinces, and points out that he does not hold that Indian nature is so weak and treacherous that the strongest Indian must succumb to every temptation in his way. He repeats his favourite statement that the "Englishman is too clever and astute for the best of us" and asserts with emphasis: "I am not suspicious of Englishmen. I am suspicious of my own countrymen and that because of the peculiar circumstances in which we are placed." Lalaji holds the British character to be "on the whole better than that of any other people," but Indians although holding their own as far as intelligence, ability and the power of self-abnegation are concerned, are, he says, lacking in the political sense and that power of dealing with human nature, which the English statesman possesses. Holding office under the present system only means that Indians are allowing Englishmen to make the best use of them. Indians have failed miserably after accepting office, as Lalaji points out, to use Government machinery for nation-building. We suppose it is an article in the Liberal faith to say they have not, but why attribute to Lalaji views about Indian character which he does not share?

"The Only Peaceful Conclusion."

The German Press has commented with bitter interest on the contents of a document from the pen of Lord Grey of Falloden which the Paris paper "Matin" recently published as an extract from the volume of his Memoirs of war-time days just issued. They cover a period of years ranging from 1892 to 1916, and the "Matin" had been fortunate enough to obtain an advance look into this important mass of documents, letters, and explanatory notes submitted to the cabinets of which the English statesman was a prominent member. In the document quoted by the "Matin" Lord Grey mentions the interesting fact that in 1915 and again in 1916 Colonel House, the confidant of Mr. Wilson, the American President, suggested on behalf of the American Government to England that the Allies should call a conference to end the war, and invite Germany to participate in it. Should she refuse, America promised to come in and fight her. Should the conference meet and come to nothing, even then America would fight with the Allies, if convinced that a most reasonable offer was made to Germany and refused. Grey sent on the suggestion of Colonel House to the French and Russian Cabinets without any words of recommendation, but in transmitting it to the English Cabinet he added to the American note, a covering letter, explaining the English attitude. His analysis of the position he would like England to take up was illuminating and quite in keeping with the English theory that England fought solely for altruistic reasons. Grey suggested that there was no other way out of the war than the ruin of Germany, who would be compelled to crave for peace. He pointed out the danger of unwittingly helping the German propaganda, if it came to be noised about that England in those early days of war was inclined for peace. That propaganda consisted in spreading the idea that France, Russia and Belgium might have peaceful intentions, but that England was urging them on to continue hostilities, as the real rivalry was between England and Germany. Grey tells the Cabinet that England instead of harbouring the American suggestion must stand by France and Belgium and the other Allies, and for their sake, it must be a fight to a finish, until they themselves who were suffering so much in manpower were convinced that England was giving her best and would continue to do so. So the American peace suggestion came to nothing, and, as a German journalist points out in the "Deutsche Zukunft", the Grey policy means that "the vanquishing of the German was the only peaceful conclusion of the war."

MR. WOOD'S APPOINTMENT.

PREMIER GRATIFIED.

ASSURANCE TO INDIANS.

LONDON, Nov. 5.

Mr. Baldwin in a speech at Aberdeen made an allusion to the appointment of Mr. Wood as Viceroy of India. He said it must be a source of gratification to all to see the manner in which the choice was received both in India and at home. India, he said, was a land of villages and the problems of life of its countrymen were the problems in which Mr. Wood had been very deeply interested whole of his life. The Indian people might feel certain that in Mr. Wood they would find a Viceroy who would be alive to the primary importance of agricultural life. Though their problems were profoundly different from ours, they would find the new Viceroy attack them with heart in full sympathy with all those who lived on and by land. He believed that Mr. Wood would strongly reinforce the work which Lord Birkenhead had begun so well of attracting the best minds from universities into the service in India.—Reuter.

OUT FOR MUSSOLINI'S BLOOD?

SOCIALIST DEPUTY ARRESTED.

LONDON, Nov. 5.

Rome.—It is semi-officially stated that the ex-Socialist Deputy Zanoboni has been arrested on a charge of fully preparing to attempt the life of Sgr. Mussolini.

A semi-official statement declares that the police, during the last few days, received confirmation of guarded reports which had previously been reaching them of an attempt being prepared to take Sgr. Mussolini's life. During yesterday's celebration of Italy's victory in the great war, the police planned a number of arrests, and, yesterday morning forced their way into a room in a hotel near the Foreign Office and surprised Zaniboni "just as he had got everything in readiness to carry out his criminal attempt." The retired General, Louis Capello, has been arrested at Torin on the point of departing for abroad, and orders have been given to the prefects immediately to seize all Masonic Lodges of Grand Orient whose headquarters are in Giustiniani Palace in Rome. Government have ordered the dissolution of the Socialist Party.—Reuter.

DETAILS OF ALLEGED PLOT.

LONDON, Nov. 6

Rome.—The newspapers which are publishing the details of the alleged plot against Sgr. Mussolini say that a special rifle with telescopic sight like those used by sharpshooters during the wartime was found in position in a sort of loophole cut in window shutters and trained on the balcony of Chigi Palace where Sgr. Mussolini was due to view the parade. The shutters of the windows which were almost face to face with the palace were so arranged as to permit of shooting without being observed. Zaniboni wore his uniform of the Major of Alpini and had shaved off his moustache to disguise his identity. A motor car was fully equipped for a long journey and was in waiting when the police arrived on the scene. Rooms had been taken in different hotels under different names.—Reuter

NO REPRISALS.

LONDON, Nov. 5.

Rome.—A sensation was caused throughout Italy to-day as the result of the discovery of a plot against Sgr. Mussolini. Special editions of newspapers denounce the culprits. Sgr. Mussolini has sent a message to the prefects instructing them to take vigorous measures to prevent reprisals by the Fascists and to see that they abstain from violence against their adversaries.

Sgr. Mussolini has received many messages congratulating him on his escape, the first being from King Victor Emmanuel. Demonstrations of joy at Sgr. Mussolini's escape have been arranged throughout Italy. —Reuter.

CHARGE OF MURDER AGAINST TOWERS.

"PHYSICALLY FIT AND MENTALLY SOUND."

LONDON, Nov. 5.

Towers was charged at Southampton Police Court with the murder of Clews and attempted murder of Gilmour and Holliday.

The prosecuting counsel stated that the accused after the tragedy stated that he intended, to kill Captain Clews, Gilmour and Mclennan, the purser and himself but that the revolver failed. Counsel expressed opinion that the prisoner was doubtless suffering from an idea of persecution and was brooding over his lack of progress in the service.

Medical evidence was given that Towers was physically fit and mentally sound.—Reuter's Special.

SYRIAN SHAMBLES.

DEBATE IN CHAMBER POSTPONED.

CONFIDENCE IN FRENCH CABINET.

LONDON, Nov. 5.

Paris.—By a more reassuring majority of 400 to 300 votes the Chamber to-day adopted M. Painleve's proposal to postpone the debate on Syria until after General Sarrail has made a statement before the Chamber Committee. The vote is tantamount to confidence, since it was carried in teeth of the Oppositionist move for immediate discussion.—Reuter.

VERBAL FUSILLADES.

LONDON, Nov. 5.

Paris.—In the Chamber the raising of the question of the Syrian debate was a signal for uproar. Discussion proceeded to the accompaniment of hot exchange of verbal fusillades between members of the Right and Left parties. The Oppositionists charged Government with concealing the truth to which M. Painleve retorted that Government told the truth and continued to announce figures of the casualties amid hubbub. The Socialist leader, Blum could only with difficulty make himself heard eventually and proceding anenounced that the Socialists would support Government's proposal.—Reuter's Special.

PLEA FOR GENEROUS JUDGMENT.

MR. BALDWIN AND SYRIA.

LONDON, Nov. 5.

Mr. Baldwin in his speech at Aberdeen referred to the value of the Locarno Treaty in securing the peace of Europe and the efficacy of the League of Nations as exemplified by the settlement of the Greco-Bulgarian dispute. He made an allusion to Syria and said that he observed in some quarters a demand that he should pass summary judgment on the conduct of the Allies in their Mandated Territories. "Our growing sensibility to wrong wherever committed is a good thing, but censure should be tempered with remembrance of our own shortcoming and a full sense of difficulty of the task imposed on the Great Powers by the Mandatory System." Referring to Government's determination to make every economy, however unpopular, he said he could not economise to a point which would reduce the defensive forces below what they believed to be necessary for the safety of the Empire.—Reuter.

GUNFIRE OVER CITY.

WARNING TO UNARMED POPULATION.

LONDON, Nov. 5.

Paris.—A message from Damascus says that the military authorities there have warned the population that there may be some gunfire over the city aimed at rebel groups.—Reuter.

GEN. SARRAIL'S SUCCESSOR.

EDITOR OF "MATIN."

LONDON, Nov. 6.

Paris.—Senator Henry de Jouvenel, editor of "Le Matin" has accepted High Commissionership of Syria in succession to General Sarrail.—Reuter.

SITUATION SLIGHTLY IMPROVED?

LONDON, Nov. 6.

Cairo.—There is no confirmation of the report that the Arabs have joined the revolt against the French in Syria. On the other hand the situation is considered to have slightly improved.—Reuter.

NEW REGIME IN PEPSIA.

RIZA KHAN ENTERTAINED.

LONDON, Nov 5.

Teheran:—Riza Khan Pehlevi attended to-day an entertainment in celebration of the change of the ruler. He was accorded a splendid ovation and was welcomed by the President of the Mejliss who hoped on behalf of the Mejliss that Persia would make progress under his rule. In reply, Riza Khan hoped with the help of the members of the Mejliss that great progress in matters economic, judicial and educational would be achieved.

All foreign representatives, Cabinet members Deputies of the Mejliss and dignitaries attended.—Reuter.

BRITIAN'S RECOGNITION.

LONDON, Nov. 6.

Britain has granted provisional recognition to the new regime in Persia on the assumption that it will respect the existing treaty obligations and succeed in stabilising the conditions.—Reuter.

SWARAJ PARTY SOLIDARITY.

NOT AFFECTED BY INDIVIDUAL DESERTIONS.

SANCTION BEHIND SWARAJ PARTY.

FINAL RESORT TO CIVIL DISOBEDIENCE.

PT. MOTILAL EXPLAINS HIS POSITION.

"It is impossible for any Indian to entirely non-co-operate with the British Government. The poorest of the poor who goes to buy a pinch of salt in the bazaar and the richest of the rich who indulges in luxuries are co-operating with the Government at every moment of their existence," in these words Pandit Motilal Nehru who is at present in Bombay explained his position to our representative for the acceptance of a membership on the Skeen Committee which has subjected him to bitter and undeserved criticism at the hands of frantic Anglo-Indian papers as also Liberal politicians, as being subversive of the Swaraj Party's programme.

The Pandit secured to be extremely preoccupied with visitors and the work of the Party.

Mr. R. D. Tata's mansion on Malabar Hill is a *rendezvous* of polical leaders—Swarajists and non-Swarajists—who meet to discuss political problems of vital importance with Pandit Motilal, who with Mr. Goswami, young and fiery Bengal M.L.A. "almost fresh from Oxford" is Mr. Tata's guest. When our representative saw him on Friday morning Panditji was busy with European visitors. And then began a steady and continuous influx of local leaders including Sir Purshottamdas, Mr. Belgaumwalla, Prof. K. T. Shah, Mr. Manu Subedar, Mr. Poonawalla, Haji Uusuf Haji Mahomed Sobani. Mr. Vithalbhai Patel was greeted with a hearty laugh by Motilalji as he entered repeating the familiar words 'Narayan, Narayan." Panditji said as he came in "These young men here (pointing to press representatives) are attacking you, Mr. Patel," to which Vithalbhai gave a significant nod repeating once again Narayan's name and composed himself by moving his hands up and down his flowing and majestic beard.

NO MODIFICATION IN PARTY PROGRAMME.

Panditji freely discussed the political problems confronting the Swaraj Party with our representative and declared, summarising the whole situation, "I do not think there is any occasion to modify the programme of the Party at present. In the first place there have been no such developments in the Party as to call for a change and in the second place it is not the development in the Party but a change in the attitude of Government which will necessitate an alteration of the programme. The future policy of the Party will depend upon the action taken by Government. The solidarity of the Party has not in the least, suffered from the so-called revolts which can at best be looked upon as individual desertions and have been adequately dealt with by party discipline.

Continuing Panditji said: "I am just coming from Nagpur where the Provinciar Committee of the three allied provinces met in considerable numbers and practically unanimously onfirmed the present programme of the Party. There was also a public meeting very largely attended which showed that the general feeling in the country was to give full support to the Swaraj Party in the prosecution of the present programme."

Replying to a further question Panditji said: "I see no hint in the Viceroy's speech. Government can't keep silent in the matter for long. If nothing definite comes either before the next session of the Assembly or at an early stage of the session it would be quite clear that the Government does not propose to make any advance and in that case we shall know how to proceed. I am not at liberty to say more at the present moment than I did at Cawnpore in my speech viz. 'our action is not likely to be on the lines of the co-operation so much desired by Lord Reading and Lord Birkenhead.' Panditji added: "There can be no sanction behind a disarmed and emasculated people except that of civil disphedience. That is the sanction we are cultivating in the country and we hope to succeed in acquiring it sooner or later. It is, of course, impossible to say what will happen in near future.

RESIGNATIONS FROM ASSEMBLY.

Referring to the question of resignation of members from the Assembly the Pandit said they were still pending final agreements between the parties

Asked as to what was the issue on which the Swarajist candidates would fight the ensuing Council of State elections and whether it was contemplated to get a mandate from the country in regard to the acceptance of ministerships or responsive co-operation. Pandit Motilal said the Swarajist candidates would fight the elections on the demand as put forward in the Assembly and turned down by the last Council of State. The Party, he added, was as strong as ever against the acceptance of ministerships.

RESPONSIVE CO-OPERATION.

As for responsive co-operation, the Pandit did not know what it meant and so far he saw no response on the part of Government. "We shall consider the question of responsive co-operation when such response comes", he said.

"Now that your Party has become the official political party of the Congress, do you expect that the other parties such as the Liberals will enter the Congress attracted by the change in the franchise? Don't you think that a change in the Party's policy will not only satisfy 'rebels' in your ranks but also attract the Liberals and others into the Conrgess and strengthen that body considerably?"

"There are no 'rebels' in the Party," the Pandit answered, "and those who differed from us on the question of ministerships have now submitted to the clear mandate given by the joint meeting at Nagpur.

"As for the Liberals and others the door has always been open for them to come in and influence the Party to change its programme if they can.

"I do not think," said the Pandit, "that the Congress will or should change its policy merely to induce people to join it without being convinced that such changes are desirable. The great majority in my opinion consider any change as most undesirable at present. A change of policy, he added, can only precede from a conviction that such changes are desirable. It can't be made simply to oblige other people however, estimable they may be.

NEW VICEROY.

Referring to the new Viceroy and the Swaraj Party Panditji said that the Swarajist policy had nothing to do with the coming or going of Viceroys.

Asked whether they would co-operate with Government in case the new Viceroy launched an elaborate scheme of agricultural development to improve the lot of Indian agriculturist Panditji replied that they would welcome anything that was done to improve the lot of the Indian agriculturist unless it came in the way of his speedy, attainment of his full rights. In other words all "benevolent" schemes which tended to retard the progress towards Swaraj would have no sympathy from the Swarajists.

CURRENCY COMMISSION.

Panditji informed our representative that the Swaraj Party had left the question of giving evidence to the discretion of Individual member. He said that most of the members were in favour of boycott but finally it was decided to leave the question to independent judgment.

Panditji then explained at length the reasons why he accepted a membership on the Skeen Committee which he emphasized was not in violation of the Party programme. He believes that the terms of reference of the Committee are wide enough to leave him scope to do some solid work; and the position on the Committee, he thinks, will gain him valuable information about military matters which are a sealed book to us. His experience on the Committee, the Pandit contended, will moreover enable him to cultivate the public opinion in the direction of military education and study the question of self-protection of India. Government wanted to use the Committee, he argued, as a blind just to postpone the thing and to assuage agitation. His object was to be on the Committee and to do some solid work.

NON-CO-OPERATION.

Expressing his views on Co-operation and Non-cooperation the Pandit said: It is impossible for any Indian to entirely non-cooperate with the British Government. The poorest of the poor who goes to buy a pinch of salt in the bazaar and the richest of the rich who indulges in luxuries are co operating with the Government at every moment of their existence. It was for this reason that when the non-co-operation programme was adopted at the Special Congress at Calcutta and affirmed at Nagpur the word Non-co-operation was qualified by the adjective "progressive" because it was felt that you could only begin non-co-operation in certain defined directions and not adopt it as a whole. The points on which under the Congress programme the non-co-operation was to be carried on were mentioned in the Congress resolution. An attempt was then made to carry out that programme. It succeeded in many respects but not entirely. This fact gave rise to the Swaraj Party who explained progressive non-co-operation to consist of certain activities including entry into the Councils. Then we came to the rules under which the Swarajists were to act in the Assembly and rules 15, 16 and 18 were framed, which were to be binding on all members of the Party in the Assembly. The non-co-operation of the original Congress programme being only progressive and having been further limited in the Swaraj Party programme the rules I have referred to are not to be taken to be based on full and absolute non-co-operation but the only object in view was as laid down in the programme "the gradual withdrawal of co-operation by people of this country without which it is impossible for bureaucracy to maintain itself "and to cultivate" self-reliance in all activities which make for the healthy growth of the nation and resistance of bureaucracy as it impedes the well-being of the country.

MAHATMA RETURNS HOME.

VERY MUCH PULLED DOWN.

WHAT HE WOULD DO AT CAWNPORE.

AHMEDABAD, Nov. 6.

Mahatma Gandhi returned here last night after having completed his tour in Cutch. He looks very much pulled down. Asked about his health he said: "There is no cause for anxiety about my health. I have certainly grown weaker than I was after my Bengal tour. Owing to continuous travelling which I had to undergo in Cutch. I am very shaken and have lost nearly 8 pounds in weight. But, the rest which I shall get at the Ashram will, I feel sure, restore the lost weight and lost strength. I must make it clear that nobody is to blame for the trials of Cutch tour which we had all thought would give me, comparatively speaking, rest from incessant toil. Everything possible was done by all around me to make me comfortable, but nobody had bargained for the nature of toil that travelling in carts on rough roads would mean for my dilapidated limbs."

Asked as to what he would do in the Cawnpore Congress he said: "My mind is a perfect blank as to what I shall do in the Congress except that wherever possible I shall assist the Swarajists in accordance with my promise. But the Congress programme will have to be framed by Mrs. Sarojini Naidu in consultation with Pandit Motilal Nehru."

Asked if they would do nothing to bring the Liberals and Independents within the Congress, Mahatma Gandhi said: "There is no reason why the Liberals and independents should not join the Congress and convert the Swarajists to their view even as they entered the Councils and Assembly to convert their opponents and Government to their view."

Mahatma Gandhi proposes to stay in his Ashram for full one month.—A. P.

GERMAN DISARMAMENT.

SECRET ORGANISATIONS AT WORK

LONDON, Nov. 5.

Paris.—According to "Le Journal" Marshal Foch's report on German disarmament which the Conference of Ambassadors will examine to-morrow declares that the German Government have recently made undoubted efforts to comply with the military clauses of the Peace Treaty especially in respect of war material, but the secret reorganization of General Headquarters Staff continues and also the organization of police which practically amounts to doubling of the effectives of Reichswehr and that secret societies are evading the clauses dealing with teaching of children.

"Le Journal" forecasts possibilities of an announcement of early evacuation of Cologne in order to prove the Allies' loyalty to the spirit of Locarno but the maintenance of inter-allied military control.—Reuter.

GRECO-BULGARIAN ENQUIRY COMMISSION.

LONDON, Nov. 5.

Geneva.—The Commission of Enquiry into the recent Greco-Bulgarian frontier incident which will proceed to the Balkans on 8th Novembeo includes Sir Hosace Rumbold, Chairman, General Serriguy (France) General Ferrario (Italy), Fortuyn member Dutch States-General and De Adlercreutz, Swedish Minister at the Hague.—Reuter.

JAPANESE NAVY.

CONTROVERSY WITH FINANCE MINISTRY.

LONDON, Nov. 6.

Tokio.—A satisfactory compromise has been reached in the controversy between the Ministries of Finance and Navy. The Navy department's programme has not been altered but the period which it was intended to cover has been extended starting in 1926 with few destroyers only.

It is understood that this solution avoided a Cabinet crisis.—Reuter.

UNIVERSITY REFORM

NEGLECT OF SCIENCE.

(BY DR. R. G. NAIK.)

I.

The Senate of the University of Bombay will shortly take up the consideration of the recommendations of the Reforms Committee appointed by the Government of Bombay in 1924-1925 and whose report was published a few months ago. The University of Bombay until recently was mainly a centre of disseminating liberal education in arts and seemed to emphasise the study of languages. The professors who specialised in the arts subjects, being mainly in charge of the University affairs, were on the whole responsible for the stunted growth of the scientific studies in our University. A few years before the war, as late as 1910, Indian scientists of international reputation expressed their poor opinion about scientific education in Bombay. I have heard that even the late Mr. Gokhale had to close his mouth, when the progress of scientific eduation in this Presidency was discussed. Since then various attempts were made to raise the standard of scientific education imparted in our University and yet very little was achieved by way of research until about 1920. The Sadler Committee submitted its report nearly six years ago, and the University sent its proposals to the Government for amending the constitution in the light of the report. But nothing tangible came out. During the regime of Dr. Paranjapaye as Minister of Education, a committee was appointed by the Government to report on the technical and industrial education of the Bombay Presidency. Perhaps the ex-Minister foresaw the industrial wants of the Presidency and tried to supply these permanent wants by desiring to institute a course of industrial training for a number of young men of all types, who could be more profitably utilised in the industry of the Presidency. The Indian members of that Committee headed by that great scientific organiser, Sir M. Visvesvaraya, elaborated a scheme of industrial education which embraced all classes of men and women who desired to profit by it. No action seems to have been taken by the Government. The Committee was divided into two schools of opinion, one advocating an unnecessarily slow method of expansion of the industrial education and the other a quick and more certain method of reaching the education to those who wanted it. The literary bias of our University is mainly responsible for an influx of graduates who are seeking employments on a miserable pittance lower than the earnings of an ordinary tailor or a barber. The appointment of the Committee of 1921-1922 by the Minister who was till then a leading member of the Senate, might have been done with a view to relieve the situation. Why Government took no action is a mystery, for the minority of that Committee had shown a method of meeting the financial aspect of the scheme in a very ingenious and effective manner. It could not be that the Government was afraid of creating a class of experts—Directors and managers of industry, first class artisans, skilled workmen, and half-skilled workmen—who could meet the requirements of industry in all its stages of organisation in this Presidency. More than cultural education, which has scarcely reached ten per cent. of the population, is the need of industrial education provided for in the above scheme.

Wanted Concentration.

Four years have passed since then and it seems the Government is trying to solve the problem through the University Reforms Committee. Even on that Committee the members who were proved industrialists of this Presidency did not seem to take much interest in the deliberations that brought out the report. Thus the main question of bringing the University into closer relation with the commercial and industrial interests and public bodies seems to have received little attention from these men. This is evident from the stepmotherly manner in which the Committee tried to treat the consideration of the post-graduate work in science. Any one who has an intimate knowledge of scientific education in any of the institutions of Europe would never recommend that the University should depend for a development of post-graduate work in science on an institution over which it had not the slightest control. The study of sciences represents the most important part of the University education of the present-day and any recommendations for expansion in that direction by the University would be repaid so many folds by the industrial uplift of our country. It appears that the reins of education are solely in the hands of men who have little knowledge or experience of the present-day scientific education as it obtains in the West, and that is the reason why we find a half-hearted attempt made by the Reforms Committee, what it recommended the establishment of the University College of Technology partly at Matunga and partly in the Fort. One fails to understand why the department of applied chemistry is to be kept attached to the Royal Institute of Science which is under the control of an agency other than the University, whereas the three other departments of the College of Technology, namely, mechanical engineering, electrical engineering, and textiles are to be directly under the management of and to be attached to the University and housed at Matunga. The Re-

(Continued on page 10.)

COUNCIL OF STATE.

"MAKE IT STAUNCH ALLY OF ASSEMBLY."

PT. MOTILAL'S APPEAL TO ELECTORS.

BOMBAY, Nov. 6.

Pandit Motilal Nehru, President, All-India Swarajya Party has issued the following appeal to the electors of all Constituencies for the Council of State in the several provinces:—

"The nomination of candidates in the forthcoming general election for all the seats of the Council of State in all provinces is now complete and it now rests with the electors in the several constituencies to exercise the right and discharge the duty of returning their true representatives to that Chamber of the Indian Legislature.

"In appealing on behalf of the Swarai Party and in the name of the Congress to the electors to vote for and return to the Council of State the candidates nominated and supported by the Swarajya Party it is unnecessary for me either to emphasise the gravity of the present political situation or to plead for the urgent need on the part of all classes and communities that possess the franchise for strengthening the hands of the Swarajya Party in the country and the legislatures in the struggle for Swaraj that is now reaching an acute stage.

"The last Council of State was elected at a time when the country in general had decided to non-cooperate with the Councils. It has been used by the Government for five years as a constant and steady instrument for consolidating the power of the bureaucracy and repressing the liberties of the people. When the Assembly met in February 1925 and by the practically unanimous vote of the elected representatives of the people put forward the National Demand for taking the immediate steps that were urgently needed for the achievement of Swaraj, the Council of State refrained from associating itself with it. Later on its members, with very few exceptions, lent themselves as the ready allies of the bureaucracy for the purpose of enacting arbitrary and obnoxious legislation and of imposing oppressive burdens on the people on all occasions after the popular house had rejected them, including the taxation of the poorest of the poor in the land by the heavy enhancement and maintenance of the salt tax. They next deliberately rejected the Bills passed by the Assembly for repealing the repressive laws that have remained on the Statute Book and that were used so widely to oppress and imprison their patriotic fellow-countrymen in thousands in 1922-23; and they cooperated with the Government in placing on the Statute-Book by the arbitrary process of certified legislation, the Bengal Ordinance Act, notwithstanding the fact that the measure was rejected by the unanimous vote of the people's representatives in the Assembly. They also helped the Government to strengthen the position, perquisites and emoluments of the bureaucracy in this country by the wholesale acceptance of the recommendations of the Lee Commission in the face of the united verdict of both the popular parties in the Assembly who had rejected the costly and extravagant proposals contained therein. The last act of national disservice of these members of the Council of State was to reject the renewed National Demand contained in the Assembly's amendment to the Government's resolution on the Reform Report which embodied the very minimum of reforms in the constitution of the Government of India as put forward by all shades of opinion in the country.

"The members of the last Council of State with the exception of a few mentioned above have thus fulfilled the expectations of the Government and received the parting good wishes of the Viceroy who ostentatiously expatiated on the value of a Second Chamber that was composed of such representatives and that was imbued with such sobriety and spirit of loyalty to the existing system of Government. The issue before the electors, therefore, is clear. Are they going to return representatives who are, or are likely to constitute the shield of the existing system of Government in the coming struggle, or will they return those who have pledged themselves to the programme of the Swaraj Party and are determined to the full extent of their power to see that the Second Chamber is no longer the stronghold of the bureaucracy; but that it should become the staunch ally of the popular house in pressing forward the campaign on the fundamental issue between the British Government and the people of the country, the demand for Swaraj?

"The Swarajya Party leaves the decision with confidence to the electors of the Council of State. It has as full faith in the classes and interests represented by them as it has in the masses."—A. P.

OFFICIAL AND PERSONAL.

Swami Shradhananda arrived at Madras on Friday en route to Malabar in connection with the anti-untouchability and Hindu revival movements and will leave for Malabar on Sunday night.

Swami Venkatachalam Chetty M.L.C. (Swarajist), the newly elected president of the Madras Corporation has been the recipient of numerous felicitations from members of the Swarajist and Nationalist parties and a dinner was given to him on Thursday night.

Mr. B. C. Scott, Agent, South Indian Railway left Madras on Thursday night for Bombay en route to England on eight months' leave.

UNIVERSITY REFORM.

(Continued on page 9.)

forms Committee recommends that a building may be erected connecting the two ends of the Royal Institute of Science to house the department of applied chemistry if necessary. One fails to see the reason why this money should not be spent with greater benefit and providing better facilities by adding a new wing or a block to the main building to be erected for the college at Matunga. A few rooms in that building would also provide for post-graduate work in the pure sciences. This plan would ensure the concentration of scientific studies, pure and applied, at one centre. The fittings and the library to be erected in connection with the other technological subjects, would be very conveniently utilised by the department of applied chemistry. At a future date it will be also more convenient, if at all it decided, to add a department of applied physics and applied mathematics in the main building of the College of Technology in view of these subjects being intimately related to Mechanical Engineering, Electical Engineering and Textiles. The Royal Institute of Science ought to be left alone, to do its work as it does now, on the lines of any one of the other affiliated Colleges. It should be allowed to spend, as it has decided to spend, a major part of the energies of its staff and its resources on undergraduate teaching. If the Government would see eye to eye with the people, it would legislate to hand over the whole of the Institute to the University. In order to utilise its recources to the fullest benefits of the Presidency the few undergraduate students for whom it caters now, could be easily accommodated in the other Colleges. If there is a difficulty in taking this bold step a portion of the Institute is enough for its main needs, and the rest of the Institute should be handed over to the University. If the latter is feasible and if every inch of space is to be utilised, the whole College of Technology with all its Departments could be housed in that magnificent buildings. This is not my own opinion but that of Sir M. Visvesvaraya, who says: "The Royal Institute of Science has a fine building which is capable, without difficulty or further expense, of accommodating 400 additional students, and space will be available for equipment of the requisite laboratory and workshops. Precautions can easily be taken to see that the practical work of the College of Technology will not prove a source of annoyance to the neighbourhood. We neither apprehend nor anticipate any difficulty on this account." If new buildings could be erected connecting the two ends of the Institute a huge amount of extra space will also be available. There can be only two alternatives either (1) to have the College of Technology as an entire unit, including the Department of applied Chemistry (with provision in future for the Departments of applied Physics and Mathematics) at Matunga to be near the Railway Workshops, mills, etc., or (2) to have it in the same building, if required with necessary additions, but separate from the Royal Institute of Science, as a part of the whole scheme of concentration of University Education, for which it is proposed to shift the Wilson and the St. Xavier's Colleges near the University. It is more advantageous to have the future College of Technology with its Department of applied chemistry near Matunga where the students of applied chemistry can have easy access to the mills and factories around. We can add a few more rooms for post-graduate research in pure science. This College would be a lovely centre for all students and teachers of affiliated colleges, for scientific research, who can come and work there with unfettered facilities and as a matter of right which they cannot and would not be allowed to claim, at the Royal Institute of Science, which remains under a different control with which private colleges have little to do, much less to exercise their claims upon.

Calcutta's Example.

In support of this separation of the University Applied Chemistry Department, from the Royal Institute the arrangements for the post-graduate studies in Science at Calcutta may be quoted. The science laboratories of the Presidency College at Calcutta are about three times bigger than those of the Royal Institute of Science with far better equipments and most up-to-date arrangement for post-graduate research, surrounded by atmosphere of Research, created by men of International reputation like Sir P. C. Ray and Sir J. C. Bose. The staff of the Presidency College is also of a very high calibre with established reputation for research. And yet the father of University post-graduate studies and research, in Calcutta, Sir Ashutosh Mukherjee, one of the greatest educational organisers of India, decided in conjunction with a number of learned scientists and industrialists to have a separate and complete unit, controlled by the University for post-graduate work in pure and applied sciences. The University College of Science and Technology Calcutta became the centre of post-graduate studies in science pure and applied, including experimental psychology and agricultural botany. The Council of Post-Graduate studies in Science was created, composed of the University Professors and some of the Professors of the affiliated Colleges including the Presidency College, who were recognised as the University teachers. The post-graduate work in science for the M.A. and M.Sc. degrees was distributed between these men. Each affiliated College like the Presidency, the St. Xavier, etc., were allowed to develop their own Science Departments in their own ways, under their own full control. Research was conducted at those Institutions in much the same way as at the University College of Science and Technology. But all the teachers of the affiliated Colleges could claim a right to come and work in the University Laboratories, thus facilitating and encouraging research amongst teachers who had no proper facilities, in their own institutions, and acting as a centre of inspiration and collaborations and distribution of scientific discoveries. The University of Bombay could do the same thing without interferring with the working of the Royal Institute which could be treated on the same basis as the science departments at the Fergusson, the Gujarat, or the Baroda Colleges. It would be a fatal mistake of the University if it is sought to interfere in the smooth working of the Institute or if it is sought to work out a new formula, for fixing the inter-relations of the University and the Institute. There could only be two alternatives, (1) A complete absorption of the Institute into the University so as to make it a centre of research work where Professors of affiliated colleges could claim a right to work and get a place for work, resulting in collaboration all round, inspiration and dissemination of knowledge. The University ought to understand that no Professor can go to the Royal Institute with any claims. The authorities may allow him only on sufferance. (2) If that is not possible, and I am against such a policy, the only other alternative is to have a Department of Applied Chemistry together with a few additional rooms for post-graduate research in pure science, started along with the other three Departments of the proposed College of Technology.

(To be continued.)

FATE OF NIMOOCHANA PRISONER.

DEATH UNDER SUSPICIOUS CIRCUMSTANCES.

ALLEGED FOUL PLAY.

(From our Correspondent.)

AJMER, Nov. 6.

The "Taran Rajasthan" is informed that out of four leaders of the Nimoochana Rajputs remaining imprisoned at Alwar Govind singh has expired under suspicious circumstances while Madhosingh is seriously ill.

Before his death Madhosingh is said to have alleged foul play. There is great sensation in the whole Bansoor Tahsil where Govindsingh and Madhosingh are greatly loved by Rajputs. Police raids continue on the houses of Rajput leaders who are evading arrest and suspected of making representations to British authorities.

ONLY A NOTE OF WARNING.

TELEGRAPH ASSN. GENL. SECRETARY EXPLAINS.

CALCUTTA, Nov. 5.

In connection with the trouble in the Telegraph Department with regard to the recommendations of the Ryan Committee, Mr. H. Barton, General Secretary of the Telegraph Association, interviewed by a press representative, ridiculed the idea of passive resistance on the part of telegraphists and said that delay in transmission of messages was due to intermittent line disturbances and was in no way connected with the Association or Government. He was alive to the fact that any imprudent action at the present stage would be harmful to the cause of the men. Up to now no decision had been arrived at and moreover in view of the Viceroy's letter in which it was stated that the whole question was under enquiry there was every hope that settlement would soon be reached. He maintained that the activities of the Association were above board and that it was striving hard to avoid a difficult situation and pointed out that its duty towards Government had been completed and they only sounded a note of warning.—A. P.

GOVERNMENT'S CALLOUSNESS

CALCUTTA, Nov. 5.

At an extraordinary general meeting of the Indian Telegraph Association held this evening a resolution was passed to the effect that they could not accept the recommendations of the Ryan Committee and could not co-operate in these measures. Mr. Jackson, who presided, said that they had met to consider the resolution passed at the meeting held a few days back. Nobody he affirmed was in favour of a strike. It was up to every one to be careful and not to give any chance for finding fault with them and he counselled patience. Mr. Barton in a lengthy speech emphasised that if the Ryan Committee's recommendations were given effect to it would lead to discontent. He said the delay in the Government coming to a decision showed callousness in the administration. They had told Government what they were going to do and they would stand by that decision. A few others took part in the discussion and the meeting dissolved late at night.—A. P.

MRS. NAIDU AT LAHORE.

ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL FREEDOM BEFORE SWARAJ.

LAHORE, Nov. 5.

Speaking at the Bradlaugh Hall this evening on the present political situation, Mrs. Sarojini Naidu appealed for unity among the communities in the Punjab and pleaded for social and economic freedom before Swaraj could be attained. "The time will come", she said "when Hindus, Mussalmans, Christians and all other communities must stand together on one political issue because they were the best representatives of the common national will. They were divided to-day because they did not recognise each others rights.—A. P.

INDIAN COMMUNISTS.

NO RELATION WITH FOREIGN ORGANIZATIONS.

CAWNPORE, Nov. 5.

At the All-India Communist Conference to be held this year at Cawnpore the position of the Indian Communist Party in relation to the International Organization of Europe and other parts of the world will be discussed. The General Secretary declares that the party in India are not in a position to maintain relations with other similar organizations. The chief question before them is the Independence of their country. The Secretary utters a warning against advocating the policy of establishing relations with the Communist party in Russia and accepting their pecuniary help. The country as a whole and the cause they espouse would not benefit by such methods. It is possible to achieve lasting benefit only in case they as Indians try to stand on their own legs. The key to success for their party lies in sacrifice and suffering. The Secretary further says that his party is by no means antagonistic to the Congress organization. He urges the members of his party to strengthen and reform that organization by becoming members. The Congress organization should be utilised for the purpose of the organization of agriculturists and labourers. An appeal for funds is also made, thousands of rupees being needed and a considerable amount for the journey of Mr. Saklatwala, the President-elect, who has sacrificed his all for his party.—A. P.

Mr. L. W. H. D. Best, Assistant Private Secretary to the Viceroy, has undergone at Calcutta an operation for appendicitis.—A. P.

Sir Frederick and Lady Whyte and Sir Alexander Murray had the honour of dining at Belvedere on Wednesday.

CABLE ITEMS.

Ottawa.—The Prime Minister Mr. Mackenzie King, announced on Thursday that the Cabinet had decided to remain in office to meet Parliament at the earliest possible moment. With the support of the Progressives it has a clear majority over the Conservatives of eight of ten seats the actual number pending on the result in one doubtful constituency.—Reuter.

Paris.—Captain Arthur the late aide-de-camp of Sir Hari Singh, who has been in prison since the notorious bank case in London appeared at the Correctional Court, on Thursday charged with receiving funds through misdemeanour. The case was adjourned.—Reuter.

Damascus.—Rebels have exploded a bridge cutting the railway to Haifa.—Reuter.

London.—It is rumoured in London that the Malay States Government has made concessions with regard to the rubber output affecting only private enterprise plantations, not exceeding 25 acres. It is anticipated that these concessions will involve 3,000 tons extra rubber for a quarter.—Reuter's Special.

Peking.—In view of the recent Yellow River catastrophe the Netherlands Government has proposed that the whole of the outstanding Netherlands share of the Boxer Indemnity be devoted to scientific survey on a definite plan of regularisation of the whole course of the river. China has agreed and the Netherlands Government is designating one of the best Dutch hydraulic engineers for the task.—Reuter's Special.

Paris.—Weather permitting four different types of military aeroplanes will fly to Teheran this week, via Belgrade, Constantinople and Aleppo on an exhibition flight. Aeroplanes will be piloted by Major Dagneaux, Captain Currie and Lieutenants Rabattel and Chasles respectvely.—Reuter's Special.

London, 5th November.—Mr. Ronald McNeill has been appointed Financial Secretary to the Treasury.—Reuter.

Paris.—At a meeting of the Socialist group to-day, MM. Renaudel, Boncour, Auriol, Mountet, the Socialist leaders who had resigned from the Committee of the Socialist Parliamentary group as a protest against the party's decision not to support M. Painleve, withdrew their resignations.—Reuter.

Freemantle.—The strikers have agreed to the shipowners' terms and are returning to ships.—Reuter.

London, November 5th.—The French francs were quoted in London to-day at 122.31 which is now a low record.—Reuter's Special.

Cairo.—The work on Tutankhamen's tomb is nearing the end. The lid of the second sarcophagus has been raised after the removal of the glutinous deposit.—Reuter's Special.

London, Nov. 6th.—A striking improvement in the Franco-German relations was afforded by French Ambassador de Fleurian, entertaining German ambassador Sthamer and his wife at dinner at the French embassy for the first time since the war.—Reuter's Special.

Mr. William Henry Figg formerly of Colombo left an estate worth £316,000 sterling.—Reuter's Special.

Messrs. J. and P. Coats' net profit for the year ending 30th June were £3,655,699 sterling, the best since the boom years of 1918 to 1920. Annual distribution amounts to 17½ per cent as in the previous five years.—Reuter's Special.

The deaths of the following are announced: Sir William Rycroft and Professor John Langley.—Reuter's Special.

Paris.—Three of the four aeroplanes mentioned in an earlier message as proceeding to Teheran left Villa Coublay and landed at Istres on account of bad weather preventing their crossing the Alps.—Reuter's Special.

Naples.—Marquis de Pinedo arrived here after completing his return flight from Japan and Australia.—Reuter.

Fremantle.—The "Borda" left for Adelaide to-day after having been delayed a month by the strike.—Reuter.

WANTED A GENEROUS GESTURE.

WORKERS NOT TO SUBMIT TO CAJOLERY OR THREAT.

The Bombay Legislative Council having thrown out the resolutions to give relief to the mill-operatives who have been in a state of distress during the present unemployment and also in regard to the Committee of Enquiry, the last hope of settlement of the strike has once again centred round the millowners and the operatives expect that in view of the favourable time caused by the considerable drop in price of cotton the mill-owners would see their way to rescind the notice of reduction of wages and reinstate them on the original scale of pay. If the millowners do not extend a generous gesture no amount of cajolery or threat would persuade the workmen to return to the mills. So far the strike situation has remained unchanged and would continue to remain so until the millowners take the initiative. Almost all the mills having paid off the wages for September, very few operatives now remain who have not claimed their wages yet. On Friday, therefore, no mill paid wages for September.

The Textile Labour leaders distributed food stuff to 300 and gave passage tickets to 16 persons.

The Labour leaders have opened relief centres at Dadar, Parel, Poibawdi, De Lisle Road and Naigaum and hope to open one to-day at Mazagaon and later another at Tardeo to distribute food stuff to indegent operatives now on strike. They have, we understand, sufficient funds so far to distribute doles to the operatives for at least one month.

BRITISH LABOUR LEADERS AMONG BOMBAY UNIONISTS.

On Thursday night a gathering was held of Bombay Trades Unionists at Parel to meet the British Labour leaders, Mr. Tom Johnstone M.P. and Mr. Sime. Representatives of Postmen, Telegraphmen, Railwaymen, Port Trust employees, Textile workers and others were present. Mr. Joshi occupied the chair. After speeches discussion ensued on different questions of labour interest. The visitors were greatly interested in the Purity Mission work, Mr. Tom Johnstone being a Prihibitionist.

At the end both the visitors assured the audience of their willing support and hearty aid to the cause of Indian labour when they returned to England and remarked that they would try their best to have a strong link of connection fixed between the British Trades Union Congress and the Labour movement in India.

They also cabled for immediate financial help for the distressed operatives.

The visitors were garlanded and the meeting terminated at a late hour.

OIL PRODUCTION OF RUSSIA.

LONDON, Nov. 6.

Moscow.—It is semi-officially stated that the Soviet Government has ratified the programme of oil production of Russia for year 1925-26 at 513 million poods and assigned 119 million roubles for the renewal of plant for the equipment of the industry. The last years programme of oil production which was fixed at 418 million poods was exceeded by three per cent.—Reuter.

INDIAN NEWS IN BRIEF.

The ashes of His late Highness the Maharajah of Kashmir will be conveyed to Hardwar by a special train on 6th instant from Jammu with due ceremonies. The special train will stop on the way at Lahore and other important stations before reaching Hardwar on the 8th instant.—A. P.

To express sorrow at the death of the late Dewan Bahadur L. D. Swamikannu Pillai, President of the Madras Legislative Council, a public meeting of the citizens of Madras convened by the Sheriff was held yesterday evening under the presidency of His Excellency Viscount Goschen.—A. P.

Madras Nov. 6.—Mr. C. Ramaswami, international tennis player, met with a serious gun accident yesterday evening. He is progressing well.—A. P.

A communique issued by the Director of Agriculture, Bihar and Orissa, states that there was practically no rain in the province. Rain is needed for winter paddy.—A. P.

The Executive Committee of the Akola Hindu Sabha has appointed a commission to inquire into the causes of the riot that occurred recently at Akola. A deputation of Hindus is to wait upon His Excellency the Governor on the 9th.—A. P.

The Governor of the Punjab will open the proceedings of the next session of the Indian Historical Records Commission at the University Hall Lahore, on the 23rd instant.—A. P.

Lahore, Nov. 5:—The programme of business during the next meeting of the Punjab Legislative Council which commences here on 30th November will include the election of the President and motions for introduction and reference to select committee of the Punjab Money Lenders Bill. Non-official include motions connected with the Punjab Tenancy Act (Amendment) Bill and Aerial Ropeways Bill and demands for supplementary grants.—A. P.

CONDITIONAL CO-OPERATION.

SIKHS & GURDWARA ACT.

UNCONDITIONAL RELEASE OF PRISIONERS DEMANDED.

AMRITSAR, Nov. 5.

The Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee concluded its sitting last night at about 10 p.m. The first resolution about the working of the Gurdwara Act was unanimosly adopted. The Extremists then moved their own resolutions relating to the release of prisoners. The Moderates did not offer any opposition and thus these resolutions too were unanimously carried. The honourable compromise between the two parties is undoubtedly a victory to the cause of the Gurdwara reform. After this a new executive was elected and a sort of coalition was formed. Sardar Mangal Singh, the Extremist leader was elected President, Sardar Kartar Singh Diwana Vice-President and Sardar Jaswant Singh of Jhanrut as General Secretary. The new executive which consists of about thirty in number include Moderates as well as Extremists. This momentous decision of the S. G. P. C. to work the Act whole-heartedly is being welcomed in Sikh circles and it is generally anticipated that it would form the basis of the unconditional release of prisoners.

RESOLUTIONS

The following resolutions were adopted:

(1) This general meeting of the S. G. P. C reiterates its opinion that notwithstanding certain shortcomings the Sikh Gurdwaras Act which has been placed on the Statute Book with the mutual deliberations of the Sikh Councillors and the representatives of the Government satisfies most of the fundamental requirements of the Gurdwaras reform to a great extent.

(2) Whereas the Sikh Gurdwara Act has been put into force and whereas the Gurdwara prisoners have not yet been unconditionally released, the S. G. P. C. therefore, calls upon the Panth to act in an organized manner and send only those representatives to the Central Board and other local committees of management as will secure their unconditional release at an early opportunity according to the behest of the S. G. P. C., and gives an undertaking not to further work the Act until the prisoners convicted or under trial in connection with the Gurdwara reform are unconditionally released.

(3) The S. G. P. C. hereby authorises its executive to put in the lists of properties belonging to Gurdwaras under the Act and take such other steps for that purpose as are proper and necessary.

(4) The S. G. P. C. notes with regret that in spite of the unanimous demand of the community for the unconditional and immediate release of all prisoners convicted or under trial in connexion with the Gurdwara movement the Government have not yet effected their release. The S. G. P. C. reiterates its conviction that if this important and serious grievance is not redressed and all prisoners who have been the pioneers of the movement and have made enormous sacrifices for Gurdwara reform are not restored to us, the deep sentiment of the community in this matter will render it quite impossible for the community to work the Act. The responsibility of any complications arising out of feelings consequent on the continued detention of Gurdwara prisoners will lie on the shoulders of Government.

(5) The S. G. P. C. takes this opportunity to express its appreciation on the dignified attitude of the Gurdwara prisoners convicted or under trial in refusing to sign the required undertaking.

(6) In conformity with resolution No. 2 the Executive is authorised to nominate candidates for election to the Central Board and other committees of management and to take such other steps as may be deemed necessary for a successful election campaign.—A. P.

"POLITICAL OFFENCE."

MADRAS GOVERNMENT'S IGNORANCE.

MADRAS, Nov. 5.

At to-day's sitting of the Madras Legislative Council all the remaining amendments to the Andhra University Bill were disposed of. One matter which aroused a good deal of discussion related to the qualifications of persons to be elected or nominated as a member of any of the bodies constituted for the working of the University. The Bill, as amended by the Select Committee lays it down that no person convicted by a court of law of an offence which involves moral delinquency shall be qualified to be so elected or nominated. The opposition contended that such a disqualification should not apply to persons convicted of a political offence not involving violence to person or property. Government while admitting the reasonableness of the demand could not find its way to arrive at a clear understanding of the expression "political offence." The motion being pressed to a division was lost. After all the amendments had been disposed of, the member for the Madras University requested the President to have the final reading of the Bill adjourned to the next sitting. The president declining to interfere, Sir A. P. Patro moved that the Bill be passed into law. Discussion was not over when the Council adjourned till to-morrow.—A. P.

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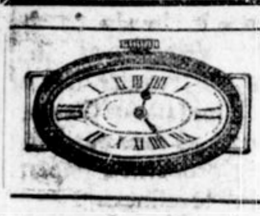

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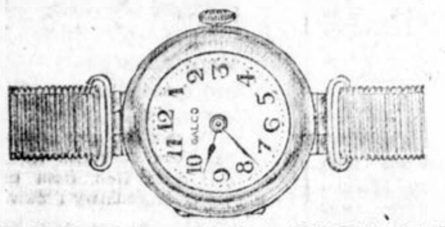

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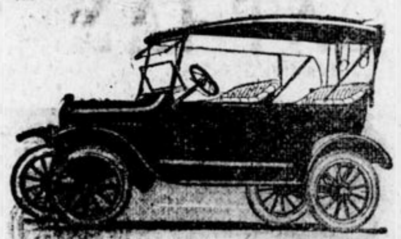

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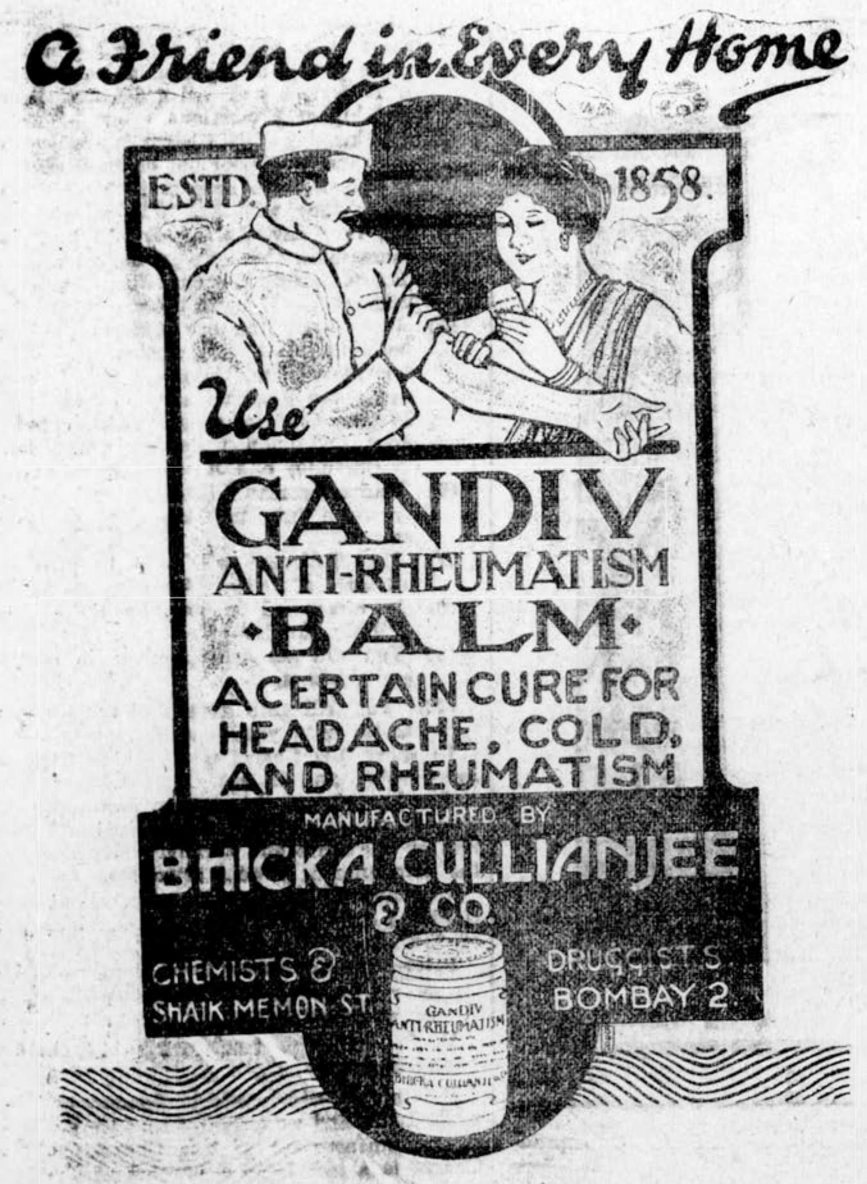

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SHIPPING.

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ARRIVALS.

November 6.

S S Kaiser-i-Hind, Manley, London.
S S Maur, Svenson, Bangkok.

DEPARTURES.

Nov. 7.

S S Gange, Ferrara, Genoa.
S S Circassia, Rome, Liverpool.
S S Shwedagon Gentle Rangoon.
S S Ranchi, Brooks, London.

LOADING.

November 6.

Steamer British Rosa for Mahomerah.
Steamer Kaiser-i-Hind for London.
Steamer Vasna for Persian Gulf.

VESSELS IN THE BOMBAY DOCK.

FRIDAY, November 6

ALEXANDRA DOCK.

1 Japan (s) 3,837 tons, Cal. 7/11, Agent L. Edwards Co.
2 Ranchi (s) 9,316 tons London 7-11, Agent M. M and Co.
4 Karoa (s) 3,607 tons, Durban 11-11. Agent M M and Co.
6 Madura (s) 5,464 tons Karachi 13-11. Agent M M and Co.
8 Tottori Maru (s) 3,700 tons, Japan, 12/11 Agent N Y Kaisha.
10 Tevere (s) 4441 Trieste 6/11 L. Triestino & M. I. S N Co,
11 Circassia (s) 4370 tons, Liverpool 7-11, Agent Grahams.
12 California (s) 1,035 tons, Liverpool, 14-11, Agent Graham's Trading Co.
13 Jamnagar (s) 278 tons, Jamnagar, 7-11, Agent L. Naranji and Co.
14 Soudan (s) 4,218 tons. Kobe 10/11 Agent M M and Co.
15 Aquileia (s) 4,207 tons, Genoa, 15-11, Agent L Triestino.
16 Marie Maersk (s) 3,037 tons, N. F., N.F., Agent Graham's Tdg Co.
BPs. Kaiser-I-Hind 2989 London 22-11, M M & Co.

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Gerania (s) 3,313 Karachi 10/11 L. Triestino.
2 Nurmahal (s) 3380 Java 8/11 T M. Co.
4 Varela (s) Bahrah 6/11 M M & Co.
6 Borneo Maru (s) 4,264 tons Kobe 9-11 Agent O S Kaisha.
8 Crewe Hall (s) 2,691 tons, Karachi, N.F., Agent J F and Co.
10 and 11 Kandekork (s) 3,650 tons, Karachi 8-11 Agent E D. Sassoon and Co.
12 & 13 Cl. Macindee (s) 2775 tons M. Coast. 9/11 Agent P F and Co.
14 Chakla (s) 1727 K'chi 7/11. M M & Co.
15 Baroda (s) 1,899 tons, P. Gulf, N.F., Agent M M and Co.
16 Padma (s) 244 M. Coast 7/11, Bhajikar and Khopkar.

PRINCESS DOCK

A Dalgoma (s) 3,571 tons, Madras 11/11, M M & C.
C/R Jalavijaya (s) 2297 tons, Calcutta 7/11 S S N Co.
D/E Wildenfels (s) 3,794 tons, Antwerp. 15/11 L Edwards Ltd.
F Alabi (s) 2157 tons N.F. 29/11 T M and Co.
C Oostcapelle (s) 348 tons M. Coast 7/11. M I S N Co.
K Jalapakka (s) 2630 tons N.F N.F. S S N Co.
K Nordwarh (s) 906 tons N.F., N.F. L. Edward Ltd.
L/M Devanha (s) 4758 tons, N.F. N.F. M M and Co.
G Gange (s) 1933 tons Genoa 7/11, L. T. and M I S N Co.
P Gazana (s) 3191 tons, Calcutta 14/11, M M & Co.
Q P. B. Dolphin (s) G E B P. T.

EXPORTS.

November 6.

S S Kaiser-I-Hind for London:—8 bundles cotton and woollen carpets, M M T Afshar.

S S Crew Hall for Antwerp:—100 bales hemp, F F Campbell & Co. Ld.

S S California for Glasgow:—44 cwt wooden staves of casks D Cawasji & Co. Ld. 8 cwt. iron hoops, D Cawasji & Co. Ld.

S S Merkara for Dunkirk:—2700 cwt ground nuts, Ralli Bros. 233 cwt mustard seed, C Jivanlal and Co. 110 bales cotton. F F Campbell & Co. Ld. 110 bales cotton T M Kaisha Ld.

For Havre:—2000 cwt linseed E D Sassoon & Co. Ld. 8000 cwt ground nuts, Ralli Bros. 6500 cwt myrabollums, J D Gupta Bros.

S S Circassia for Marseilles—2500 cwt ground nuts, Volkart Bros. 340 bales cotton Ralli Bros.

For Barcelona:—100 bales cotton, H Nensey and Co.

S S Kondekerk for Rotterdom:—60 bales cotton fly, M Mafatlal and Co.

For Antwerp:—100 bales hemp, S Parmanand 48 hemp, Rageuia Bros. 110 bales cotton, E Spinners & Co.

S S Aquileia for Genoa:—2540 cwt linseed, E D Sassoon & Co. 87 cwt cotton cutting, M Mafatlal & Co.

S S Wildenfels for Hamburg:—49 bales Goat hair, H Normahomed and Haji Eisa, 330 cwt jute cutting, L Ebramji 187 cwt. casein, L Ebrahimji.

For Answerp:—175 cwt old hessein cutting, Abdulla and Co.

S S Madura for Hull:—5003 cwt myrabellums, P Mathradas & Co. Ld.

For Antwerdp:—2090 cwt castor seed, Volkart Bros.

S S Soudan for Sanfrancisco:—1 cwt sheep cassings, Grindlay & Co. Ld.

For Shanghai:—183 bars silver bars, The Charteral Bank of India, Australia and China.

For Hongkong:—37 cwt dry fruits, E S Abdul Karim.

For Kobe:—375 bales cotton, Japan Cotton T Co. Ld. 200 bales cotton, H Ramlhagat and Co.

S S Borneo Maru for Kobe:—12 cwt bees wax, M H Dehdashti.

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THE POET AND THE CHARKHA.

(BY MAHATMA GANDHI).

When Sir Rabindranath's criticism of the Charkha was published some time ago, several friends asked me to reply to it. Being heavily engaged I was unable then to study it in full. But I had read enough of it to know its trend. I was in no hurry to reply. Those who had read it were too much agitated or influenced to be able to appreciate what I might have then written even if I had the time. Now therefore is really the time for me to write on it and to ensure a dispassionate view being taken of the Poet's criticism or my reply if such it may be called.

The criticism is a sharp rebuke to Acharya Ray for his impatience of the Poet's and Acharya Seal's position regarding the Charkha, and a gentle rebuke to me for my exclusive and excessive love of it. Let the public understand that the Poet does not deny its great economic value. Let them know that he signed the appeal for the All-India Deshabandhu Memorial after he had written his criticism. He signed the appeal after studying its contents carefully and even as he signed it he sent me the message that he had written something on the Charkha which might not quite please me. I knew therefore what was coming. But it has not displeased me. Why should mere disagreement with my views displease? If every disagreement were to displease since no two men agree exactly on all points, life would be a bundle of unpleasant sensations and therefore a perfect nuisance. On the contrary the frank criticism pleases me. For our friendship becomes all the richer for our disagreements. Friends to be friends are not called upon to agree even on most points. Only disagreements must have no sharpness, much less bitterness, about them. And I gratefully admit that there is none about the Poet's criticism.

I am obliged to make these prefatory remarks as dame rumour has whispered that jealousy is the root of all that criticism. Such baseless suspicion betrays an atmosphere of weakness and intolerance. A little reflection must remove all ground for such a cruel charge. Of what should the Poet be jealous in me? Jealousy presupposes the possibility of rivalry. Well, I have never succeeded in writing a single rhyme in my life. There is nothing of the Poet about me. I cannot aspire after his greatness. He is the undisputed master of it. The world to-day does not possess his equal as a poet. My 'mahatma'ship has no relation to the poet's undisputed position. It is time to realise that our fields are absolutely different and at no point overlapping. The poet lives in a magnificent world of his own creation—his world of ideas. I am a slave of somebody else's creation—the spinning wheel. The Poet makes his *gopis* dance to the tune of his flute. I wander after my beloved Sita the Charkha and seek to deliver her from the ten-headed monster from Japan, Manchester, Paris etc. The Poet is an inventor—he creates, destroys and recreates. I am an explorer and having discovered a thing I must cling to it. The Poet presents the world with new and attractive things from day to day. I can merely show the hidden possibilities of old and even worn out things. The world easily finds an honourable place for the magician who produces new and dazzling things. I have to struggle laboriously to find a corner for my worn out things. Thus there is no competition between us. But I may say in all humility that we complement each the other's activity.

The fact is that the Poet's criticism is a poetic license and he who takes it literally is in danger of finding himself in an awkward corner. An ancient poet has said that Solomon arrayed in all his glory was not like one of the lilies of the field. He clearly referred to the natural beauty and innocence of the lily contrasted with the artificiality of Solomon's glory and his sinfulness in spite of his many good deeds. Or take the poetical license in 'It is easier for a camel to pass through the eye of a needle than for a rich man to enter the Kingdom of Heaven.' We know that no camel has ever passed through the eye of a needle and we know too that rich men like Janaka have entered the Kingdom of Heaven. Or take the beautiful simile of human teeth being likened to the pomegranate seed. Foolish women who have taken the poetical exaggeration literally have been found to disfigure and even harm their teeth. Painters and poets are obliged to exaggerate the proportions of their figures in order to give true perspective. Those therefore who take the Poet's denunciation of the Charkha literally will be doing an injustice to the Poet and an injury to themselves.

The poet does not, he is not expected he has no need, to read "Young India." All he knows about the movement is what he has picked up from table talk. He has therefore denounced what he has imagined to be the excesses of the Charkha cult.

He thinks for instance that I want everybody to spin the whole of his or her time to the exclusion of all other activity, that is to say that I want the poet to forsake his muse, the farmer his plough, the lawyer his brief and the doctor his lancet. So far is this from truth that I have asked no one to abandon his calling, but on the contrary to adorn it by giving every day only thirty minutes to spinning as sacrifice for the whole nation. I have indeed asked the famishing man or woman who is idle for want of any work whatsoever to spin for a living and the half-starved farmer to spin during his leisure hours to supplement his slender resources. If the Poet span half an hour daily his poetry would gain in richness. For it would then represent the poor man's wants and woes in a more forcible manner than now.

The Poet thinks that the Charkha is calculated to bring about a deathlike sameness in the nation and thus imagining he would shun it if he could. The truth is that the Charkha is intended to realise the essential and living oneness of interest among India's myriads. Behind the magnificent and kaleidoscopic variety one discovers in nature a unity of purpose, design and form which is equally unmistakable. No two men are absolutely alike, not even twins, and yet there is much that is indispensably common to all mankind. And behind the commonness of form there is the same life pervading all. The idea of sameness or oneness was carried by Shankara to its utmost logical and natural limit and he exclaimed that there was only one Truth, one God-Brahman and all form, *nam, rupa* was illusion or illusory evanescent. We need not debate whether what we see is unreal; and whether the real behind the unreality is what we do not see. Let both be equally real, if you will. All I say is that there is a sameness, identity or oneness behind the multiplicity and variety. And so do I hold that behind a variety of occupations there is an indispensable sameness also of occupation. Is not agriculture common to the vast majority of mankind? Even so was spinning common not long ago to a vast majority of mankind. Just as both prince and peasant must eat and clothe themselves so must both labour for supplying their primary wants. The Prince may do so if only by way of symbol and sacrifice, but that much is indispensable for him if he will be true to himself and his people. Europe may not realise this vital necessity at the present moment, because it has made of exploitation of non-European races a religion. But it is a flase religion bound to perish in the near future. The non-European races will not for ever allow themselves to be exploited. I have endeavoured to show a way out that is peaceful humane and therefore noble. It may be rejected if it is, the alternative is a tug of war, in which each will try to pull down the other. Then, when non-Europeans will seek to exploit the Europeans, the truth of the Charkha will have to be realised. Just as if we are to live, we must breathe not air imported from England nor eat food so imported so may we not import cloth made in England. I do not hesitate to carry the doctrine to its logical limit and say that Bengal dare not import her cloth even from Bombay or from Banga Lakshmi. If Bengal will live her natural and free life without exploiting the rest of India or the world outside, she must manufacture her cloth in her own villages as she grows her corn there. Machinery has its place: it has come to stay. But it must not be allowed to displace the necessary human labour. An improved plough is a good thing. But if by some chance one man could plough up by some mechanical invention of his the whole of the land of India and control all the agricultural produce and if the millions had no other occupation, they would starve, and being idle, they would become dunces, as many have already become. There is hourly danger of many more being reduced to that unenviable state. I would welcome every improvement in the cottage machine but I know that it is criminal to displace the hand labour by the introduction of power-driven spindles unless one is at the same time ready to give millions of farmers some other occupation in their homes.

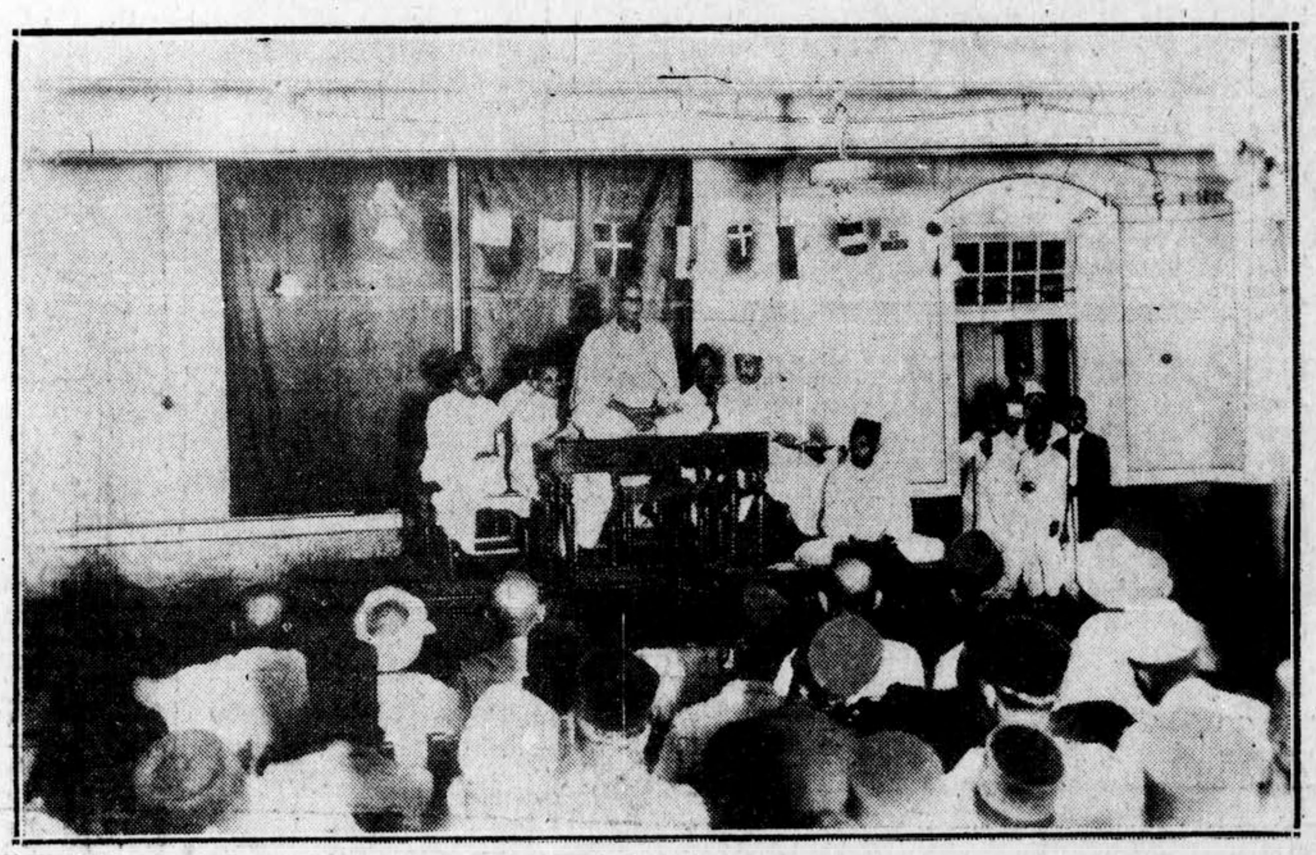
The Irish analogy does not take us very far. It is perfect in so far as it enables us to realise the necessity of economic cooperation. But Indian circumstances being different, the method of working out cooperation is necessarily different. For Indian distress every effort at cooperation has to centre round the Charkha if it is to apply to the majority of the inhabitants of this vast peninsula 1,900 miles long and 1,500 broad. A Sir Gangaram may give us a model farm which can be no model for the penniless Indian farmer who has hardly two to three acres of land which every day runs the risk of being still further cut up.

Round the Charkha, that is, amidst the people who have shed their idleness and who have understood the value of cooperation, a national servant would build up a programme of anti-malaria campaign, improved sanitation, settlement of village disputes, conservation and breeding of cattle and hundreds of other beneficial activities. Wherever Charkha work is fairly established, all such ameliorative activity is going on according to the capacity of the villagers and the workers concerned.

It is not my purpose to traverse all the Poet's arguments in detail. Where the differences between us are not fundamental,—and these I have endeavoured to state,—there is nothing in the Poet's argument which I cannot endorse and still maintain my position regarding the Charkha. The many things about the Charkha which he has ridiculed I have never said. The merits I have claimed for the Charkha remain undamaged by the Poet's battery.

One thing, and one thing only, has hurt me, the Poet's belief, again picked up from table talk, that I look upon Ram Mohan Rai as a 'pigmy'. Well, I have never anywhere described that great reformer as a pigmy much less regarded him as such. He is to me as much a giant as he is to the Poet. I do not remember any occasion save one when I had to use Ram Mohan Rai's name. That was in connection with Western education. This was on the Cuttack sands now four years ago. What I do remember having said was that it was possible to attain highest culture without Western education. And when some one mentioned Ram Mohan Rai, I remember having said that he was a pigmy compared to the unknown authors say of the Upanishads. This is altogether different from looking upon Ram Mohan Rai as a pigmy. I do not think meanly of Tennyson if I say that he was a pigmy before Milton or Shakespeare. I claim that I enhance the greatness of both. If I adore the Poet as he knows I do in spite of differences between us, I am not likely to disparage the greatness of the man who made the great reform movement of Bengal possible and of which the Poet is one of the finest of fruits.—"Young India."

HINDU SANGATHAN.



"Bombay Chronicle" Photo.

Swami Shraddhanandji addressing a gathering of Bombay Hindus on Monday at the Marwadi Vidyalaya.

THE DESERTED COUNCIL.

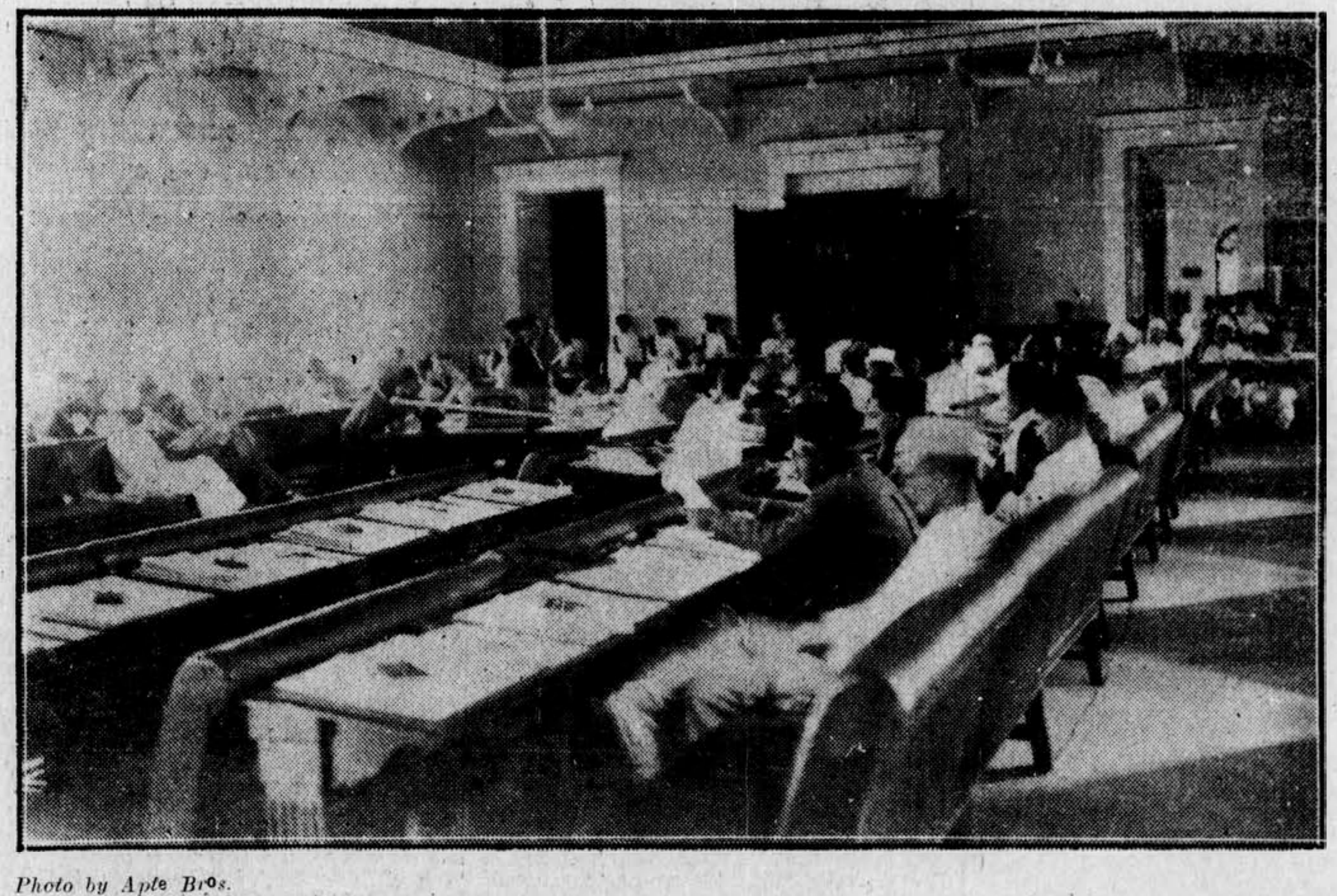


Photo by Apte Bros.

The Bombay Legislative Council session at Poona which has just come to a close presented throughout a deserted appearance on account of the non-co-operation of the Swarajya Party. Quite a number of seats were unoccupied daily.

"TOC H" AT MADRAS.

◆

MADRAS, Nov. 5.

Rev. P. M. G. Leonard, D.S.O. who was Chaplain of Third Imperial Division in France and Flanders during the war and is now *padre* of Manchester "Toc H" arrived this morning from Colombo. He leaves for Calcutta to-morrow night. Interviewed by the Associated Press, he said his mission to India was the spreading of the message of "Toc H", the four points of which are to think fairly to love widely, to witness humbly and to build bravely. He expressed great hopes of his mission to India whose brave and courageous men he had seen in Europe fighting behalf of their King and Empire during the war. "I was greatly struck", he said, "by their patient and dogged endurance of conditions which beggar description."—A. P.

Allahabad, November 5th.—At the Allahabad High Court Justices Boys and Dalal have accepted application of the Local Government filed against the order of the Sessions Judge, Muttra, who set aside the security order for keeping the peace passed against a man named Sebhadas for assaulting two European military officers.—A. P.

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I.V. 27

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MAHARAJ LIBEL CASE.

CROSS-EXAMINATION OF MR. TAIRSEE.

" WE HAVE DESTROYED THE TYRANNY OF CASTE. "

Before Mr. S. S. Rangnekar, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Bombay, on the 23rd ultimo, after the examination-in-chief of Mr. L. R. Tairsee, witness for the defence in the Maharajah Libel Case, had been finished, he was cross-examined as follows by Mr. S. G. Velinkar, Bar-at-Law, who appeared for the complainant:—

Q.: How old are you?—A.: 49 to-day.

Q.: To-day is your birthday?—A.: Yes.

The Court: Do you want me to take this down, Mr. Velinkar?

Mr. Velinkar: Yes.

Q.: You say you were a Vaishnav by birth, what are you now?—A.: I am a Hindu and a human being. I do not believe in Vallabhacharya religion. I believe in the Hindu religion. I do not believe in Shaivite or Ramanuja religions. I believo in pure Hindu religion. I believe in my good sense. I believe in my own ideas, in my good sense, in pure Hindu religion.

Q.: You are a Rationalist?—A.: I should think so.

Q.: Nationalist or Rationalist?—A.: Both. I have read Hindu books and literature on religion and I have formed my own conclusions.

Q.: Have you read any Shastras?—A.: I have read English—I have read the translations of Shastras in English.

Q.: Did you personally ever see Devakinandan Maharajah?—A.: I met him at the house of my brother-in-law, Mr. Chhaturbhuj Hemraj. That was about 20 or 25 years back.

Q.: How many times did you meet him?—A.: He was staying with Mr. Chhaturbhuj, and if I went there. I met him. Mr. Chhaturbhuj was one of his disciples. Chhaturbhuj held him in great reverence.

Q.: At that time were you a Vaishnavite?—A.: As soon as I read the "Maharajah Libel Case", I, ceased to be a Vaishnav though I was born a Vaishnav. I read tnat Libel Case 25 years ago. I cannot fix the date; before that I used to go to the 'Haveli' off and on.

Q.: How old were you when you last went to the 'Haveli'?—A.: About 24 or 25.

Q.: You are married. Mr. Lakhmidas?—A.: I am.

Q.: Your wife goes to the 'Haveli' now?—A.: Yes.

Q.: Regularly?—A.: She was not going for 25 years. She has been going since the death of my mother. My mother died 3 or 4 years ago.

Q.: Have you any children?—A.: Yes.

The Court: Do they go to the 'Haveli'?—A.: Rarely.

Q.: Have you attempted to stop your wife from going to the 'Haveli'?—A.: She is my wife and not a galley-slave.

The Court: Answer the question.

Mr. Tairsee: Why should I? She is free to do what she likes.

Q.: You never prohibited her from going to the Maharajah?—A.: Why should I?

Q.: Nor your children either?—A.: No.

Q.: How old are they?—A.: My one daughter is about 25, another about 20, and the third 15 or 16. (The Court's note: "I have grown up children aged between 25 and 15.")

Q.: Now, coming back to Devakinandan Maharajah, how many times did you see him?—A.: When I used to go to Mr. Chhaturbhuj, I met the Maharajah, if he happened to be there.

Q.: How many times?—A.: May be about 4, 5, 10.

Q.: Never discussed this matter with him?—A.: Never. I went to Mr. Chhaturbhuj and I saw the Maharajah there.

Q.: You never spoke to him?—A.: No.

Q.: You did not discuss the "Maharajah Libel Case" with him?—A.: I did not speak to him. I had nothing to do with him. At that time I knew that he had a very large number of disciples in Bombay, who used to hold him in great respect and reverence. The disciples came from the orthodox section of the Bhatias in Bombay.

Q.: By the whole of the orthodox—A.: by the orthodox section. How can I speak for 'all'?

NOT AN ORTHODOX BHATIA.

Q.: By the majority of the Bhatias?—A.: Yes. I am not an orthodox Bhatia.

Q.: Have you a following? I do not mean your Swaraj or Non-co-operator following?—A.: Yes, though we are in a minority, the minority has practically broken the whole caste, as you know.

Q.: You are a minority consisting of how many?—A.: 300 or 400 openly, and nearly 50 or 60 per cent. sympathising with us. We have destroyed the whole tyranny of the caste. In the minority we have about 300 male members.

The Court: Making how many families?—A.: About 200 families.

The Court: Is the caste practically broken?—A.: We have broken, we have finished.

The Court: You have practically broken the caste and you have 50 or 60 per cent. of the caste that sympathises with you?—A.: Yes. There are no objectionable practices. So far as the Maharajahs are concerned, the practices are broken. This took place when we came to the Court and when you (addressing Mr. Velinkar) stood on our side.

Q.: You have had so far nothing to do with the Maharajah?—A.: No. I do not go near them.

Q.: You have nothing to do with them?—A.: No.

Q.: So far, you have done nothing at all to break their rule?—A.: I have been agitating in Bombay against their practices. I do not go near them physically.

Q.: You are an agitator in that respect?—A.: Yes, and I am proud of it.

The Court: Nobody asked you about that. Just confine yourself to the question?

Mr. Tairsee: He (Mr. Velinkar) put it in a contemptuous way.

The Court: No, he did not.

Q.: Apart from Devakinandan Maharajah, do you know any other Maharajah?—A.: No.

Q.: You do not know of Gokulnathji Maharajah?—A.: I do not. How can I? I have no intercourse with them.

Q.: You have no knowledge of any Maharajah—A.: No.

Q.: That is correct?—A.: Yes.

LIVES OF MAHARAJAHS.

Q.: You have not heard anything about the lives of any particular Maharajahs?—A.: Tons-full about their secret lives

Q.: You have heard about the secret or private lives of the Maharajahs?—A.: Yes.

Q.: Do you believe it?—A.: I have to believe what has happened in the past. (The Court's note: "Much I believe because of what has happened in the past.") I believe of what I have heard, because it came from reliable sources.

Q.: You made no personal inquiries?—A.: No.

Q.: Now, coming to Swami Blaktanand, who is Blaktanand?—A.: He was a Swami.

Q.: A Swami?—A.: Yes, a Swami.

Q.: He was a Swami? How did he become a Swami?—A.: I have no knowledge. I knew him because he wrote that book. He was known as Swami Blaktanand. His name is Swami Blaktanand.

Q.: You do not know how he became a Swami?—A.: I have no knowledge.

Q.: Do you know what a Swami means?—A.: No.

Q.: As a Swami has he any significance?—A.: No.

Q.: Do you know about his previous history?—A.: No. (At this stage Sub-Inspector Kethare produced certain papers from the office of the Commissioner of Police. They contained the original petition on behalf of Sir Vithaldas Thakersey and others. They also contained the original letter written by the witness to the Commissioner of Police. The letter was put in as Ex. 4.)

Q.: Are you aware that this Swami Blaktanand was a domestic servant in the service of one Maharajah?—A.: No.

The Court: You have read the whole of Blaktanand's book?—A.: Yes.

The Court: You do not remember whether it is stated in the book that Swami Blaktanand was a domestic servant in the service of one Maharajah?—A.: No.

Q.: You actually met this Blaktanand?—A.: Yes.

Q.: Where?—A.: In Bombay.

Q.: What year?—A.: About 20 or 25 years ago. That was after the Hindi edition of the book was published. The original work was in Hindi.

The Court: At that time you met him?—A.: At that time the Gujarathi edition was not there.

The Court: The Hindi publication was there?—A.: Yes. At that time the Hindi book was published, but not the Gujarathi translation.

Q.: Did you then get a copy of the book?—A.: Yes, I had a Hindi book.

Q.: You got it from him?—A.: No. I had the book with me—the Hindi copy.

Q.: Before you met him, you had got a copy?—A.: I had.

Q.: Where is that copy?—A.: I have not got it here.

Q.: Have you got it?—A.: Yes.

Q.: In your library?—A.: Yes. (The Court's note: "I have got a copy of that book in my library now.")

A VISIT FROM MR. "PAGAL."

Q.: How did you come to know the accused?—A.: Because of his paper. He came to me, and told me about the summons.

Q.: That was the first time?—A.: Yes. I never saw him before. I knew he was so and so. but I had not met him. I knew him as Mr. Pagal when the "Pole" was published. As far as I can say, I first knew him personally when he came to me with a summons. That was some time after May. (Correcting himself) Before that he came to me, and that was about the book. The second time he came about the summons.

The Court: You have said in your examination-in-chief that the first time you met the accused?

Mr. Tairsee: Was when he came to me to make inquiries about the book. That was in February or March—before the end of February or the beginning of March.

Q.: You did not know him before?—A.: I never met him. I have nothing to do with him. I knew him—I had heard about him because he had taken the paper.

Q.: Pagal came to you through D. Lakhmidas?—A.: My knowledge is that D. Lakhmidas referred him to me, because D. Lakhmidas knew about my petition, and D. Lakhmidas asked me that I should give Pagal some information about the petition.

The Court: The accused had been sent to you—referred to you by D. Lakhmidas?—A.: Yes.

Q.: It is not true that there has been a very long standing friendship or connection between you two—you and Pagal?—A.: No.

Q.: On this particular occasion that he came to you, what did he exactly want you to do?—A.: He wanted information about the book.

Q.: What do you mean by "information about the book"?—A.: He came with the book, and he wanted to know about the book. He might have been told by D. Lakhmidas, and he wanted to know whether the contents were all right, whether the petition was made and so on. All this I said clearly in examination-in-chief.

Q.: He wanted what?—A.: He wanted to know whether what was mentioned therein was substantially correct or true.

Q.: To your knowledge?—A.: Yes, whether I knew that to be correct.

The Court: Whether you knew that to be correct?—A.: I had no personal knowledge of the doings of the Maharajahs.

Q.: Whether it was true to your knowledge—what was contained in the book, whether true to your knowledge?

Mr. Patel: Your Worship will note that the witness said: "I had no personal knowledge of the doings of the Maharajahs."

Q.: (The above question was repeated).—A.: Yes.

Q.: Did you at that time go through the book?—A.: I have read the book before. At that time I could not go through the book with him.

BLAKTANAND'S BOOK.

Q.: He had brought the book?—A.: Yes, he said: "This is Blaktanand's book."

Q.: Did you read it?—A.: No.

The Court: At that time?—A.: No.

Q.: Afterwards, at any time?—A.: No.

Q.: You relied upon your memory?—A.: I have read the book and remembered to what Blaktanand had told me previously.

Q.: 25 years ago?—A.: Yes.

Q.: You did not actually go through the book carefully again to enable you to answer this man's questions?

The Court: He said he did not read the book at that time.

Mr. Tairsee: I could not read the book then.

Q.: You did not go through the book carefully at all at any time?—A.: I did not read it at all.

Q.: Did you have any other discussion?—A.: What he told me was that he wanted the information. I said: "These books are there. What Blaktanand told me was his personal knowledge. As regards the other information, I will find it from the file and let you know—about the petition."

Q.: At that time had you any knowledge that the book contained a gross defamation of many persons?—A. No.

Q.: At this particular interview did he ask you anything about any particular Maharajah?—A.: No

Q.: This interview lasted for how long?—A.: About 20 minutes or so.

Q.: At that time did you consent to become a subscriber of the "Pole"?—A.: I am not a subscriber even to-day.

Q.: You are not a subscriber?—A.: No.

Q.: Do you get any copy sent to you?—A.: Yes.

Q.: From that date?—A.: It is being sent to me from long ago.

Q.: It is being sent to you since it is

(Continued on next page.)

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MAHARJ LIBEL CASE.

(Continued from previous page.)

being published without being paid for it?—A.: Yes.

Q.: A complimentary copy sent to you from the date the "Pole" was first published?—A.: Yes.

Q.: Can you explain why a complimentary copy should be sent to you?—A.: No. Many things are sent to me without my asking for them. I get them by post. I do not want them. They come to me because of my status in society, my position in the community.

Q.: How long after that time he saw you again?—A.: After a few days.

Q.: There was no conversation between you and him with regard to this book at that interview?—A.: No.

Q.: Nor did he refer to any Maharajahs?—A.: No. The second interview took place in May, not March (1925). The first interview was in the beginning of March, when I told him "I will look into my files. At that interview I promised to look into my files. At the second interview I showed him the letter. In that letter the Commissioner of Police was asked not to stop the book in response to the petition of certain Bhatias. Then I also said that: "As far as my information goes, the Commissioner of Police did not take any action. No action has been taken by anybody. Therefore, you do what you please."

Q.: You gave him a copy of that letter?—A.: As far as I remember I did not. I may have. I am not quite certain.

Q.: Does he understand English?—A.: I explained to him the contents. (Question repeated) I did not talk to him in English.

The Court: Does he know English?—A.: As far as I know, he does not know English.

Q.: At that time did you remember the fact that the book contained grossly defamatory matter?—A.: No.

Q.: Even at that time?—A.: No.

Q.: These are the only two interviews he had with you with regard to Blaktanand's book?—A.: Yes.

Q.: Only these?—A.: Yes.

Q.: No more?—A.: No.

Q.: I will come to Ex. 4. (Shows it to the witness) Look at the first paragraph. (Reads the paragraph) You are dealing in gramophones in connection with the Indian Record Company?—A.: Yes.

A PETITION TO POLICE COMMISSIONER.

Q.: What you state in the first paragraph of this letter is correct?—A.: It is correct, because of the information contained in the petition made by some Bhatias to the Commissioner of Police.

The Court: Is that correct?—A.: Yes.

Q.: Who gave you that information?—A.: There was the talk of the town that Bhatias had made a petition.

The Court: You heard from several people?—A.: Yes.

Q.: Who were these Bhatias therein referred to?—A.: Some of them have signed.

The Court: In that first paragraph of the letter you say "I understand some Bhatias of this place have drawn your attention to the publication of Swami Blaktanand's book."

Mr. Tairsee: I am referring to the Bhatias who made the petition to the Commissioner of Police. As far as my information went, these Bhatias were Karsondas Natha, Pragji Soorji, and Chhaturbhuj Moorarji. There were also other persons. I did not mention them, because they are only Bhatias.

Q.: From whom did you get that information?—A.: It was a general talk. Not any particular source.

Q.: You cannot mention any particular source from which you got the information that Pragji Soorji was one of the men who had sent the petition?—A.: That was, I believe, the general belief.

The Court: Understand the question and then answer.

Mr. Tairsee: I had no particular information.

The Court: Can you remember any person telling you that Pragji Soorji was one of those who sent the petition?—A.: No.

Q.: I take it, you, the so-called Reform Party, has sent that letter?—A.: Yes.

Q.: Your Reform Party?—A.: Yes, the Bhatia Mitra Mandai was the place where the Party met. The Bhatia Mitra Mandal contained the Party of young Bhatia Reformers.

The Court: Had the Party any name?—A.: No.

Q.: You did not form any association or club?—A.: The Bhatia Mitra Mandal is the place where we used to meet.

The Court: There was no Party?—A.: No.

Q.: At the time when the letter was written, did you yourself find any copy of Blaktanand's book in Bombay?—A.: Yes.

Q.: With whom?—A.: D. Lakhmidas. There were about hundreds who were holding this book.

Q.: Do you know what action the Commissioner of Police take on that letter?—A.: I had no reply from that officer.

Q.: You had no knowledge of what action he took?—A.: I had.

Q.: How?—A.: The Commissioner himself told me "He is taking no action."

Q.: You had no reply from that officer?—A.: No, he told me himself what I said when he met me in the Malabar Hill Gardens during our walks.

Q.: After the letter was sent, was anything further done in the matter in reference to the letter?—A.: You mean we did anything?

Q.: Yes?—A.: Nothing.

Q.: It comes to this that some people objected to the book. You said that there was no harm being done if the book was sold?—A.: I never said anything. What we said was that the book should not be stopped and that if there was any further movement, the people should be referred to the law court.

Mr. Patel: That answer should be taken down.

The Court: He has said that already.

Mr. Velinkar: It comes to this?

Mr. Tairsee: It is in my letter.

Mr. Velinkar: It comes to this that some people wanted the book to be stopped.

The Court: What is your point, Mr. Velinkar?

Mr. Velinkar: I am asking what really was the general effect after the incident at that time.

The Court: That would be a matter of opinion. It cannot be a question of fact. It is a matter really for the Court to decide.

Mr. Velinkar: Very well.

The Court: I think the witness has already answered your question, Mr. Velinkar. He said that some people moved the Commissioner of Police to stop the publication of the book, and other people wanted the Commissioner not to interfere, but to refer the parties to the Court.

Mr. Tairsee: Yes. (The Court's note: "Some persons in the Bhatia community wanted the Commissioner to interfere and stop the circulation of the book. We wanted the Commissioner not to take any action but to refer them to the Court.")

The petition against the book was in 1911. It was in 1911, and the matter stopped there. The next thing I heard about it was when Pagal came to me in February last. Between 1911 and March, 1925, until Pagal came to me nothing transpired to my knowledge regarding Blaktanand's book or Blaktanand. The third interview took place between me and the accused in May. At that time the accused did not become friendly with me. I am not friendly with him even to-day. I do not know anything about his antecedents. I do not know of them anything. I do not know anything of that even now. I have stood surety for him. I am placed with him on the record in connection with his application regarding warrant. (The application was shown to and identified by the witness and put in as Ex. U.)

FINANCIAL HELP TO MR. PAGAL.

I am now helping him. I am helping him financially. There is no secret about it. I pay his Counsel. I did not help him in drafting his written statement.

Mr. Patel: What are the Counsel paid for?

Q.: Have you been having recently consultations or conferences with Counsel with regard to this matter?—A.: Yes.

Q.: Several?—A.: Yes. My attention was particularly drawn to the passages complained of in this charge when the suit was filed. I came to know of the complaint from the papers. It was published in papers that a complaint was filed against "Pole." That was the first time my attention was drawn to these passages, never before that. I read the "Pole" off and on, not regularly. I did not read these passages in the "Pole", because I read the original book of Blaktanand. I did not read life of the Maharajahs in this translations. My attention was not drawn to the lives of the Maharajahs in the "Pole." Nor was my attention drawn to the advertisement that the lives were going to be published. I do not control the policy of the "Pole." I have no hand in the paper. I have written to the "Bombay Samachar" on 4th July on the subject of the Vaishnava Parishad (Conference). There was a correspondence about the Vaishnava Parishad in the "Bombay Samachar" extending for two months.

(To be continued.)

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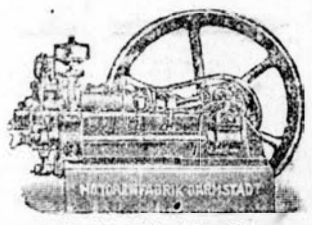

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FROM LETTERS TO EDITORS.

◆

COMMUNAL DISTEMPER.

Rao Bahadur D. A. Vichare (Ratnagiri) says that "as a leader of the military, race" he would warn the Government that it will be dangerous to select army officers from among the Brahmins and such other non-military communities and that it was this mistake that led to the fall of the Mogul Empire and the Maratha Confederacy. He adds that the present Sandhurst Committee "know nothing about the militarism and military blood of Indian people" and should therefore be reconstituted.

TOWARDS UNITY.

Mr. P. A. Krishnan (Bombay) says that a movement has been set on foot in Malabar to unite all parties with the common programme of Swadeshi and Charka and support to the Commonwealth of India Bill and suggests that the movement may be extended to other provinces.

KARACHI CUSTOMS STAFF.

"One Who Knows" (Karachi) complains that out of the 238 employees on the Superior Staff of Karachi Customs only 27 are Mahomedans and even these are in the lower grades, though Government has passed an order that 50 per cent. Mahomedans should be recruited.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

"Redress" (Simla) thinks that the supply of drinking water at Bayana and of lights at many stations below Idgah is utterly inadequate.

S. L. C. EXAMINATION.

"A Student" (Kumta) says that at the last S. L. C. Examination (Government Service) he passed in all subjects but one and earned under the rules then in force an exemption from appearing for those subjects. but that he is now informed by the University that under the new rules he is not entitled to these exemptions. He asks what justice it is to be deprived at one stroke of all exemptions actually earned by any set of rules of which even sufficient notice is not given.

A QUERY.

"An Anxious Shareholder" (Bombay) wants to know what has happened to the Transit Engineering Company of 34 Apollo Bunder, said to have been in voluntary liquidation for the last two years.

RELIEF TO MUSLIM TRADERS.

Mr. Sayed Vilayat Hussain (Bombay) suggests that all Muslim traders of Bombay should form a Commercial Union and contribute each a rupee per month towards a permanent fund from which loans may be given to those members who may need them.

COOPERATIVE HOUSING.

"Anti Humbug" (Bombay) thinks that in a Cooperative Co-partnership Housing Society a tenant member should have as a rule the right to vacate his tenement and yet recover his capital; for, if the rents are reasonable, there will be no dearth of fresh applications for the vacancy and this very right will compel the management to be most efficient and economical.

A NUISANCE.

Mr. Tulsidas Gulabdas (Bombay) complains that the meat vans from Bandra to the Crawford Market make terribe noise nearly all night long as they pass through the residential quarters near the Market. He requests the authorities to put a stop to this nuisance which deprives a man even of his night's rest after the day's toil.

DADAR GANESH UTSAVA.

Mr. R. K. Medhekar and "V. R. P." (Dadar) request the Dadar Sarvajanika Ganapati Festival Committee to publish as soon as possible the final accounts of the last festival.

AN EDITOR'S RIGHT.

◆

Lord Beaverbrook's incursion into the field of dramatic criticism recalls the fact that in France the editor of a newspaper wields more power than the proprietor. A wealthy Russian, in sympathy with Louis Blanc's advanced views, founded a paper, "L'Homme Libre," of which Blanc was appointed editor. The Russian rather fancied himself as a writer and sent some articles to the paper, which Blanc returned with thanks. This so infuriated the owner that he endeavoured to make the Courts compel Blanc to insert the articles. The Judge held that an editor has the right to decline an article, even when written by the owner of the newspaper he edits, and so dismissed the plaintiff's suit with costs.

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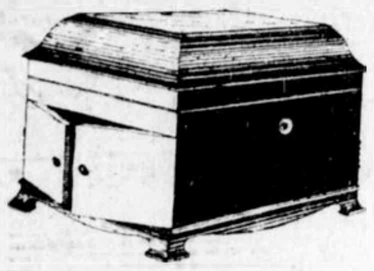

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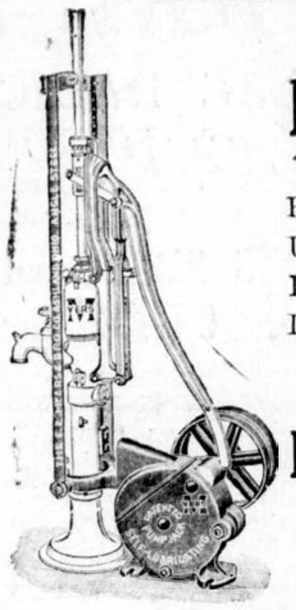

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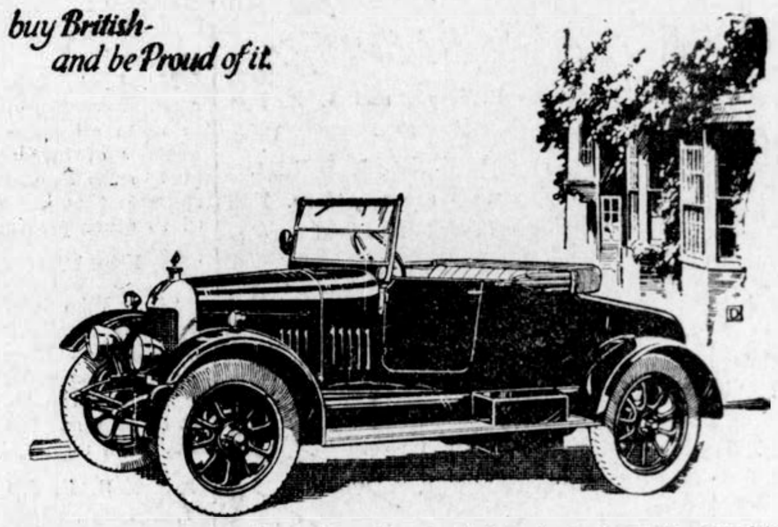

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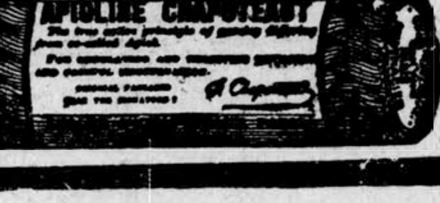

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